

# Addressing Physician Burnout by Doubling Down on Al

JAMES M. BLUM, MD, FCCM, CDH-E
Chief Health Information Officer

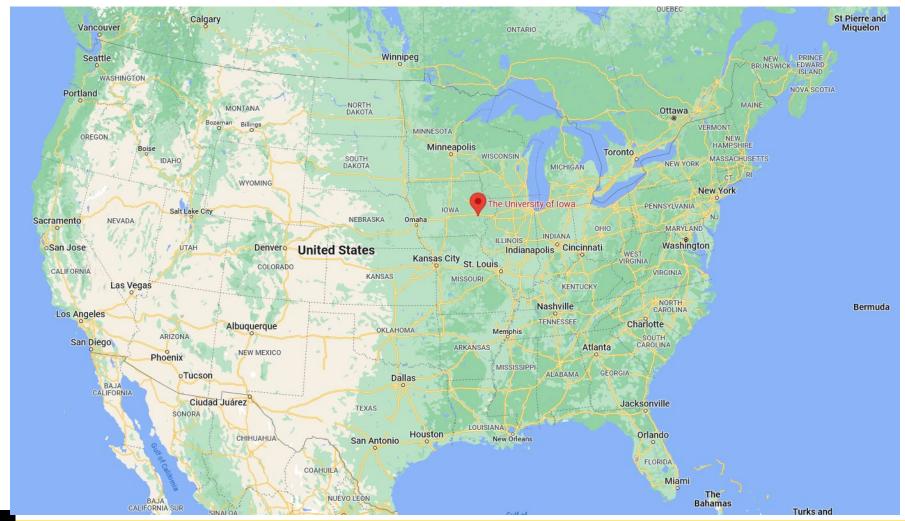
### **Disclosures**

I have a financial relationship with: Consultant, Clew Medical Inc. Advisory Board, Clew Medical Inc. Advisory Board, ARCHIMED Inc. Advisory Board, AlphaSights Inc.

I have funding from NIH and VA: VA I01-7I01HX002950 NIH UL1-TR002537 NIH 1UG3-HL165740



### **About the University of Iowa**



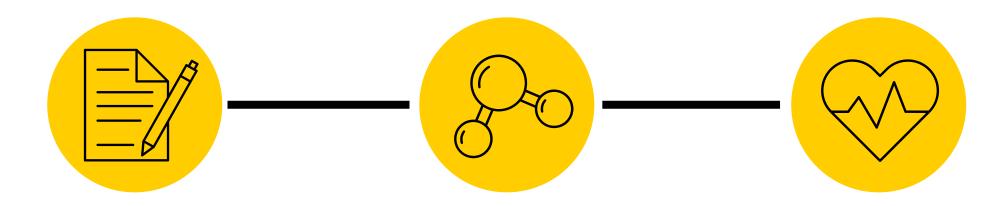


### **About the University of Iowa**





### Our three-part mission



#### **Education**

Teaching and training tomorrow's health care providers

#### Research

Bringing new discoveries and new treatments

#### **Patient Care**

Providing high-quality primary and specialty care services

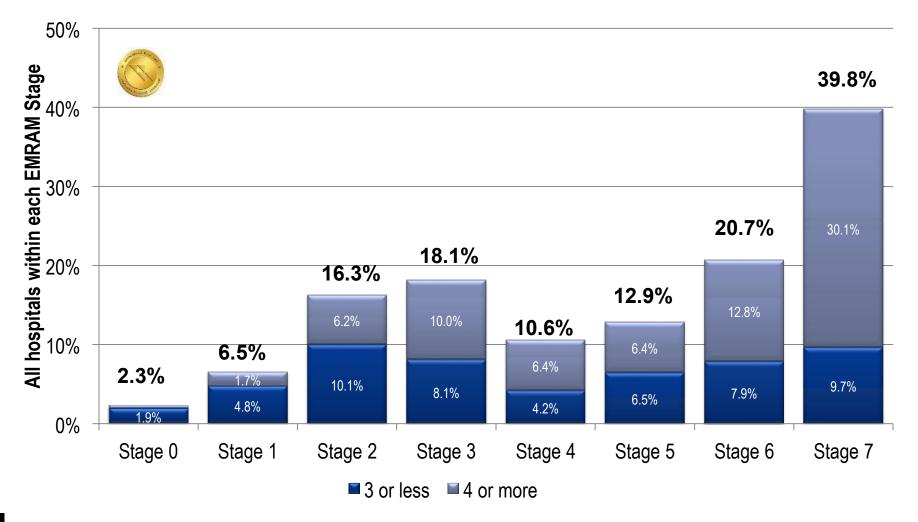
### **About the University of Iowa**

- ~600,000 active patients
- ~56,000 primary care patients
- 1 University Hospital
  - 862 Beds
    - 672 Adult (88 adult ICU)
    - 190 Peds (24 peds ICU)
  - 35,000 Admissions
  - 36,000 Major surgeries
  - 53,000 Anesthetics

- 1 Community Hospital
  - -100 active beds
  - -15 ORs (6 active)
  - Community practice
- 1 Orthopedic Hospital
  - Faculty practice
  - -8 ORs
  - -32 Beds
  - -15 Bed ED

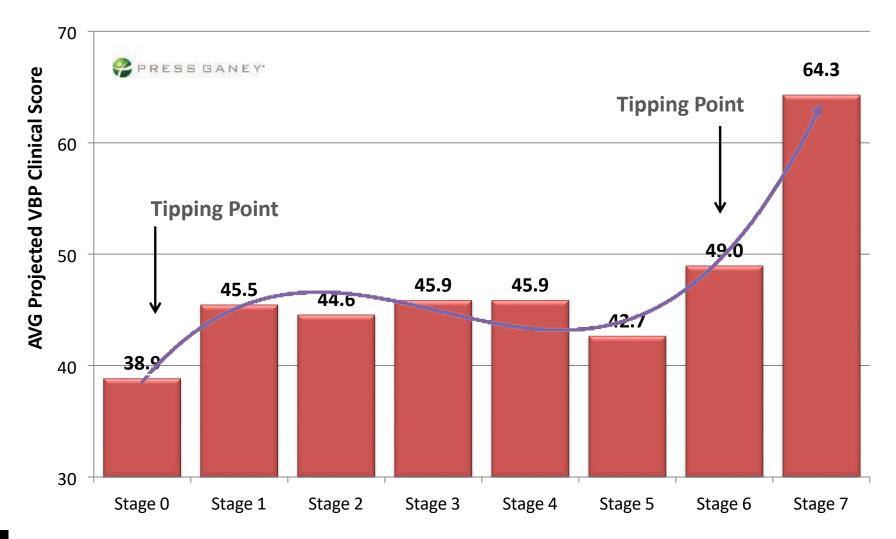


### **Association of the EHR and CMS Stars**



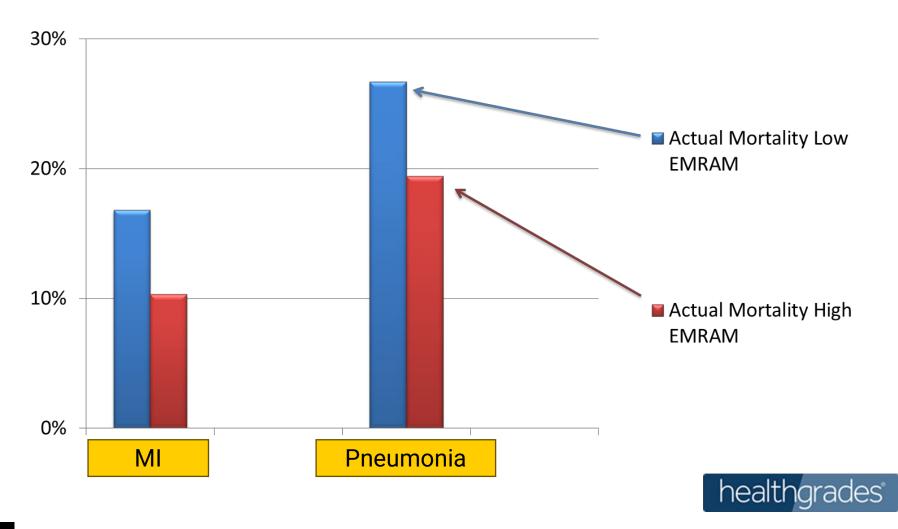


### **Association of the EHR and Press Ganey**



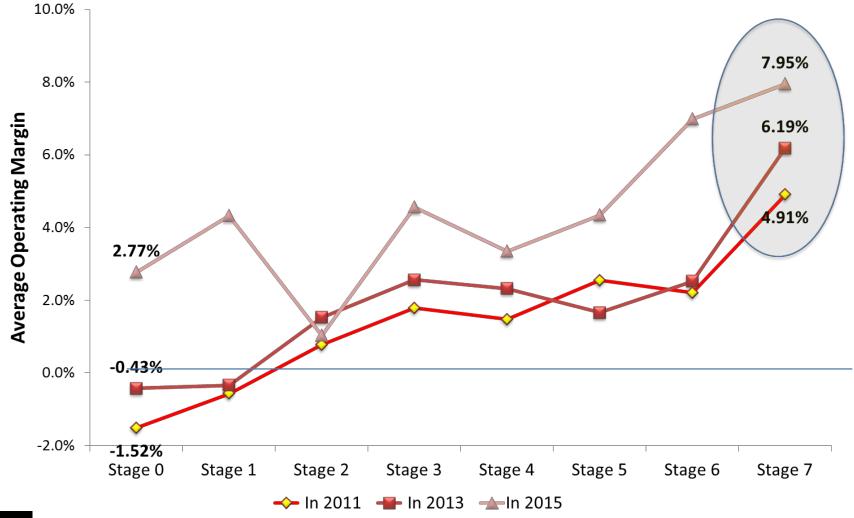


### **Association of the EHR and Mortality**





### **Association of the EHR and Financial Performance**





### **Provider Burden**

Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association Volume 12 Number 5 Sep / Oct 2005

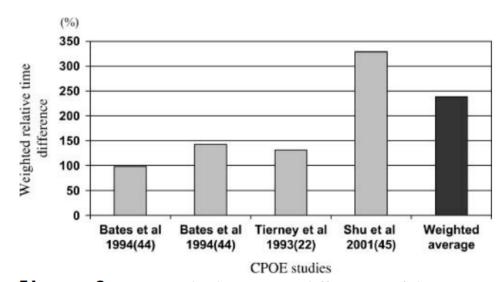
505

Review Paper

#### The Impact of Electronic Health Records on Time Efficiency of Physicians and Nurses: A Systematic Review

LISE POISSANT, PHD, JENNIFER PEREIRA, MSC, ROBYN TAMBLYN, PHD, YUKO KAWASUMI, MSC

**A b S t r a C t** A systematic review of the literature was performed to examine the impact of electronic health records (EHRs) on documentation time of physicians and nurses and to identify factors that may explain efficiency differences across studies. In total, 23 papers met our inclusion criteria; five were randomized controlled trials, six were posttest control studies, and 12 were one-group pretest-posttest designs. Most studies (58%) collected data using a time and motion methodology in comparison to work sampling (33%) and self-report/survey methods (8%). A weighted average approach was used to combine results from the studies. The use of bedside terminals and central station desktops saved nurses, respectively, 24.5% and 23.5% of their overall time spent documenting during a shift. Using bedside or point-of-care systems increased documentation time of physicians by 17.5%. In comparison, the use of central station desktops for computerized provider order entry (CPOE) was found to be inefficient, increasing the work time from 98.1% to 328.6% of physician's time per working shift (weighted average of CPOE-oriented studies, 238.4%).



**Figure 3.** Reported relative time differences of the impact of computerized provider order entry (CPOE) use and weighted average of relative time differences across studies on CPOE.



### **Provider Burden**







- The more you document
  - The more you get paid
  - The less your practice administrator/hospital will bother you
  - The fewer denied claims you will need to appeal



Certifications ~

Training and Events

Resources ~

Software and Service

What's New | About

Home » Knowledge Center » Evaluation Management » Note Bloat Consequences And Solutions

#### Knowledge Center

Quality Payment Program | Telehealth | Facility |

#### Note Bloat Consequences and Solutions

ı Like 6





Print Post



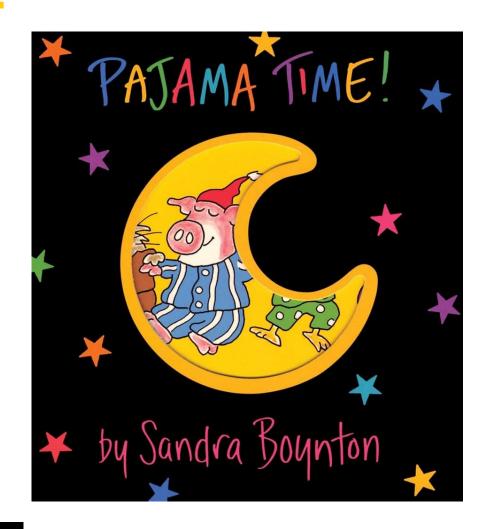
#### Lessen clinical documentation burdens and improve patient care.

Physician practices are always busy, and any wasted time will impact revenue. Instituting an efficient, compliant clinical documentation process is a key component to making the best use of time. However, many practices have noticed an increase in note bloat in recent years.

Note bloat is not a gastrointestinal disease but rather a euphemism for when a healthcare provider's encounter note contains far too much irrelevant information. We began to see note bloat crop up with the implementation of electronic health record (EHR) systems. The use of templates, default text, drop-down lists, and copy-forward features make it too easy to add extraneous information into an encounter note.

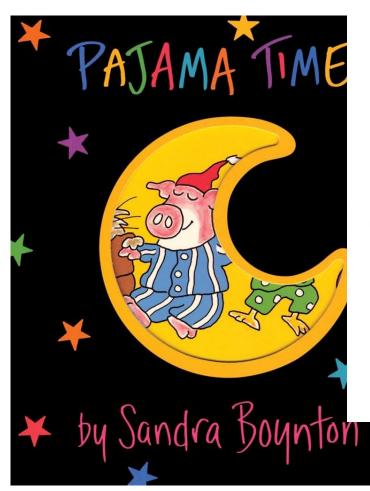


### **Provider Burden**





### **Provider Burden**



### Pajama Time: Working After Work in the Electronic Health Record



Harry S. Saag, MD<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Kanan Shah, BS<sup>2</sup>, Simon A. Jones, PhD<sup>2,4</sup>, Paul A. Testa, MD, JD<sup>5</sup>, and Leora I. Horwitz, MD, MHS<sup>1,2,4</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Division of General Internal Medicine and Clinical Innovation, Department of Medicine, NYU School of Medicine, New York, NY, USA; <sup>2</sup>Center for Healthcare Innovation and Delivery Science, NYU Langone Health, New York, NY, USA; <sup>3</sup>Roster Health, New York, NY, USA; <sup>4</sup>Division of Healthcare Delivery Science, Department of Population Health, NYU School of Medicine, New York, NY, USA; <sup>5</sup>Department of Emergency Medicine, NYU School of Medicine, New York, NY, USA.

J Gen Intern Med 34(9):1695-6 DOI: 10.1007/s11606-019-05055-x © Society of General Internal Medicine 2019

#### INTRODUCTION

Physician burnout is reaching pandemic levels, with highest incidence among primary care and emergency physicians.<sup>1</sup> Both increased clinical effort and excess time using the electronic health record (EHR) are known contributors to physician burnout.<sup>2</sup> We assessed whether clinical effort is associated with the amount of time ambulatory care physicians in an academic faculty group practice spend working after work in the EHR.

#### RESULTS

We obtained data on 573 physicians. The majority of physicians were in a medicine (52.4%) or surgery (20.9%) specialty (Table 1). The average physician had scheduled appointments on 3 days/week, spent 83.3 min in the EHR on days without appointments, and spent 17.3 min in the EHR after work hours on days with appointments. However, time spent working on the EHR on days without appointments increased as the number of appointment days per week increased (15.9 min/unscheduled day [2.8 h] for > 4 days/week, p < 0.001), as did time spent on the EHR after hours on days with scheduled appointments (17.4 min/appointment-day for  $\leq 1$  day/week vs. 22.0 min/appointment-day for > 4 days/week, p = 0.03) (Table 2).



#### RESEARCH REPORT

### Factors Affecting Physician Professional Satisfaction and Their Implications for Patient Care, Health Systems, and Health Policy

```
Mark W. Friedberg • Peggy G. Chen • Kristin R. Van Busum • Frances M. Aunon
Chau Pham • John P. Caloyeras • Soeren Mattke • Emma Pitchforth
Denise D. Quigley • Robert H. Brook • F. Jay Crosson • Michael Tutty
```







#### RESEARCH REPORT

#### CHAPTER SEVEN

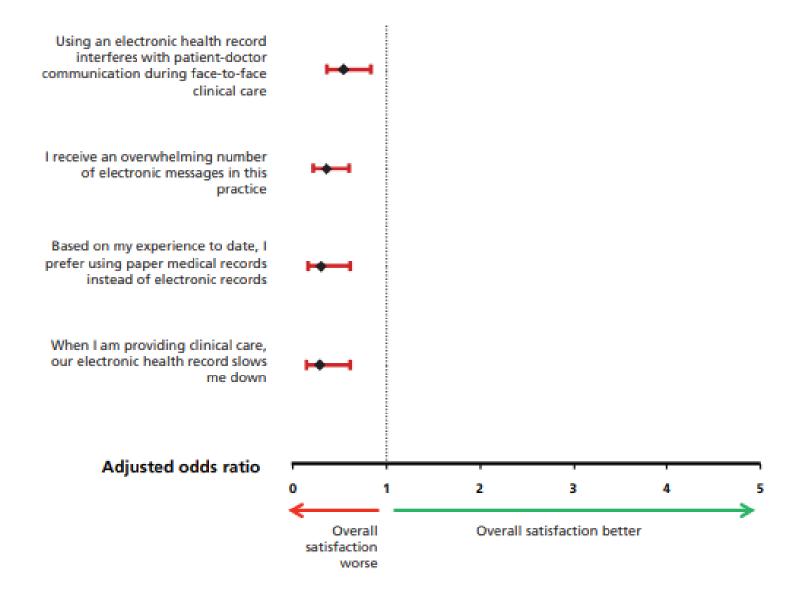
Electronic Health Records	33
Overview of Findings.	33
Qualitative Findings	33
Improved Professional Satisfaction: EHRs Facilitate Better Access to Patient Data	34
Improved Professional Satisfaction: EHRs Improve Some Aspects of Quality of Care	34
Improved Professional Satisfaction: Better Communication with Patients and Between	
Providers	35
Worsened Professional Satisfaction: Time-Consuming Data Entry	35
Worsened Professional Satisfaction: User Interfaces That Do Not Match Clinical Workflow	37
Worsened Professional Satisfaction: Interference with Face-to-Face Care	38
Worsened Professional Satisfaction: Insufficient Health Information Exchange	39
Worsened Professional Satisfaction: Information Overload	40
Worsened Professional Satisfaction: Mismatch Between Meaningful-Use Criteria and	
Clinical Practice.	40
Worsened Professional Satisfaction: EHRs Threaten Practice Finances.	
Worsened Professional Satisfaction: EHRs Require Physicians to Perform Lower-Skilled	
Work	47

#### Contents vii

Worsened Professional Satisfaction: Template-Based Notes Degrade the Quality of Clinical Documentation	42
Future Effects on Professional Satisfaction: Physicians Express Optimism About EHR	-
Development in the Long Term.	43
Quantitative Findings	44
Comparison Between Current Findings and Previously Published Research.	46









### However, there was hope...

Physicians Express Optimism About EHR Development in the Long Term. Almost universally
within our study sample, physicians reported support for EHRs in concept. Some physicians
hoped that future developments in artificial intelligence and health information exchange
would solve problems with current EHRs.



### Arch Collaborative A clinician-led effort to unlock the potential of EHRs in revolutionizing patient care.

Through standardized surveys and benchmarking, healthcare organizations collaborate to uncover best practices and move the needle in healthcare IT.

#### Factors to consider when understanding **Arch Collaborative data:**

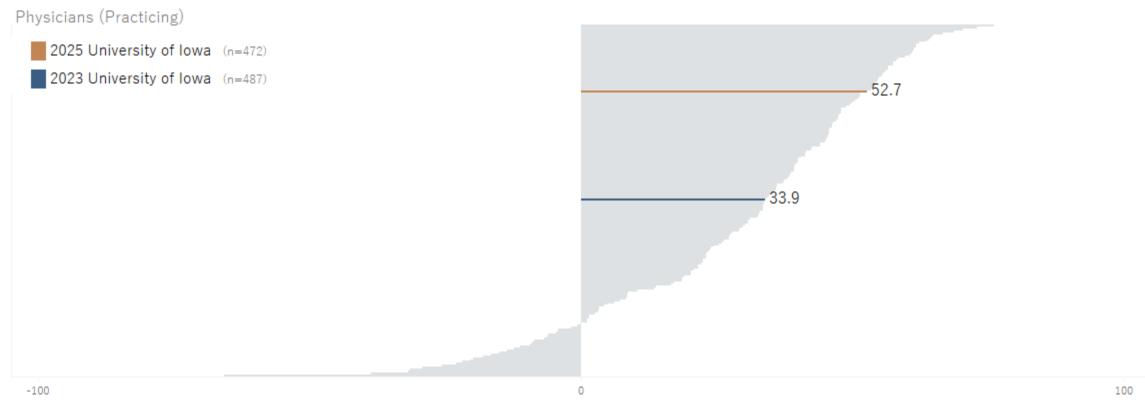
- Customers opt in to measure clinicians' EHR satisfaction
- Customers choose which end users they survey and when
- EHR Experience Survey is 40+ questions
  - EHR technology
  - Organization/IT delivery
  - Burnout rates and likely turnover
  - Epic, Oracle, MEDITECH, athenahealth and more



#### Percent of Providers Who Are Satisfied

n=62,175 providers from 279 organizations: each bar is an EHR deployment with >20 responses What are these organizations doing.... Lines connect different organizations using the same EHR Differently from organizations?

#### **Net EHR Experience Score**



Net EHR Experience Score

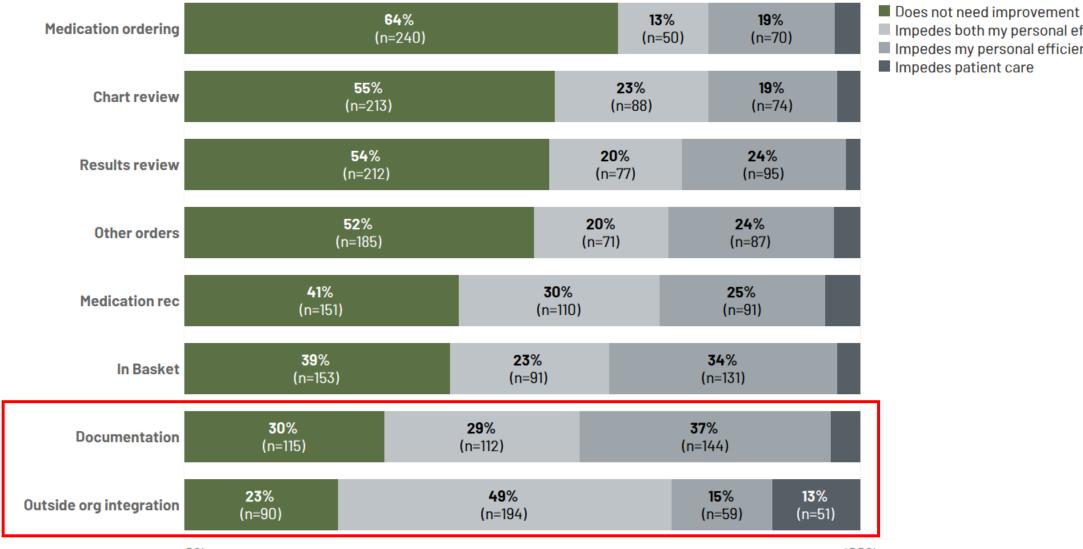
### The Iowa Approach to EHR Improvement

Focus on our two greatest problems



#### Areas That Impede Personal Efficiency and/or Patient Care

University of Iowa 23; physicians only



Impedes both my personal efficiency and patient care ■ Impedes my personal efficiency ■ Impedes patient care

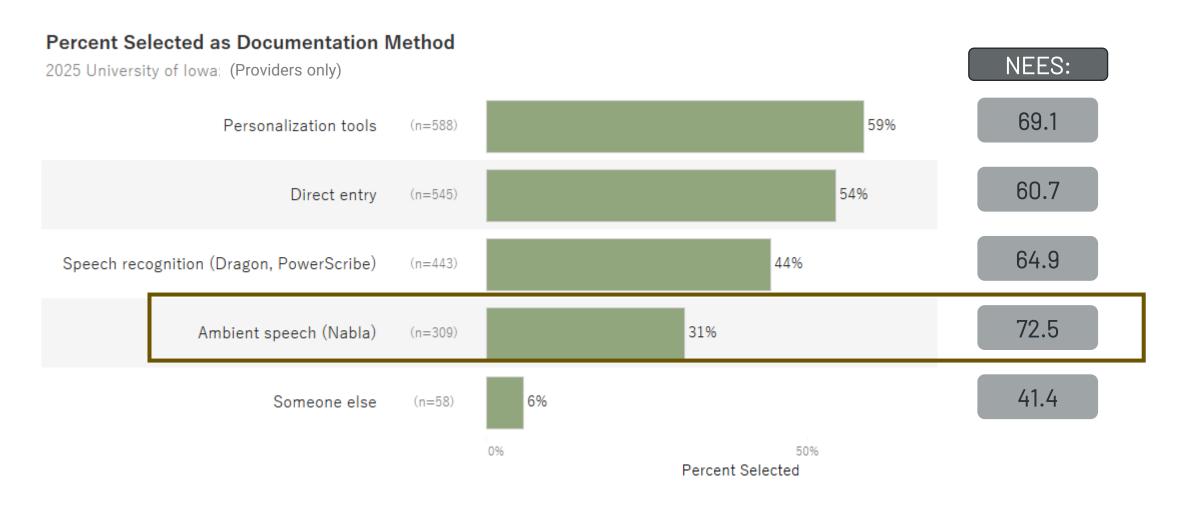
0% 100%

### The Iowa Approach to EHR Improvement

- Focus on our two greatest problems
- Doubled down on AI investments
  - Ambient documentation (Nabla)
  - Chart mining tool (Evidently)



## Those using ambient speech have the highest satisfaction.



### Impact is notable across the population

252 Research Article

#### The Effect of Ambient Artificial Intelligence Notes on Provider Burnout

Jason Misurac<sup>1,2</sup> Lindsey A. Knake<sup>2,3</sup> James M. Blum<sup>2,4,5</sup>

Appl Clin Inform 2025:16:252-258.

Address for correspondence James M. Blum, MD, FCCM, University of Iowa Health Care, 200 Hawkins Drive, Iowa City, IA 52242, United States (e-mail: james-blum@uiowa.edu).

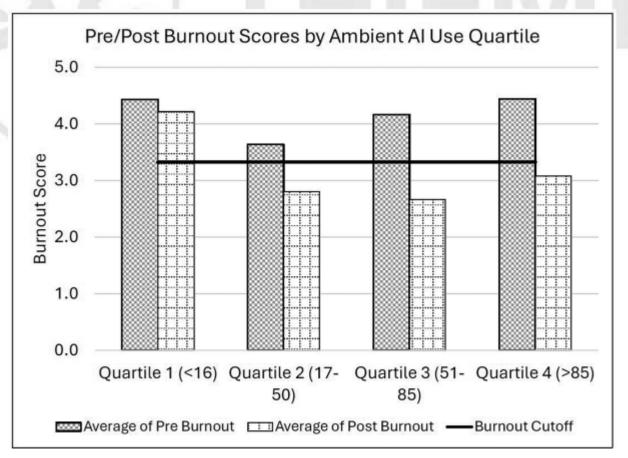


Fig. 2 Pre- and postintervention burnout scores subdivided by use quartile (number of visits where ambient artificial intelligence [AI] was used), scaled on 10-point scale. Cut-off for burnout using this scale is 3.325.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Division of Pediatric Nephrology, Stead Family Department of Pediatrics, University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, United States

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>University of Iowa Health Care, Health Care Information Systems, Iowa City, Iowa, United States

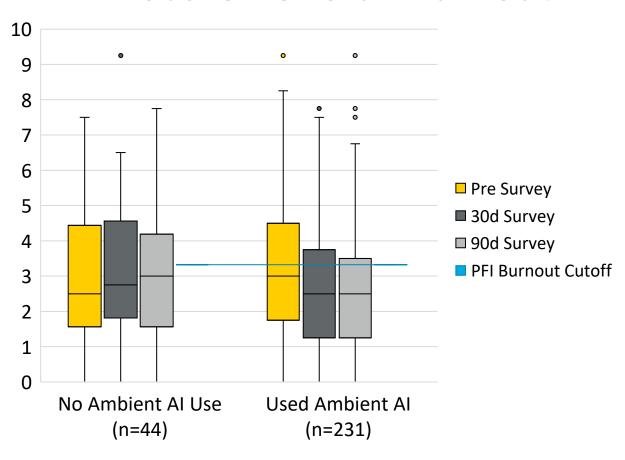
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Division of Neonatology, Stead Family Department of Pediatrics, University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, United States

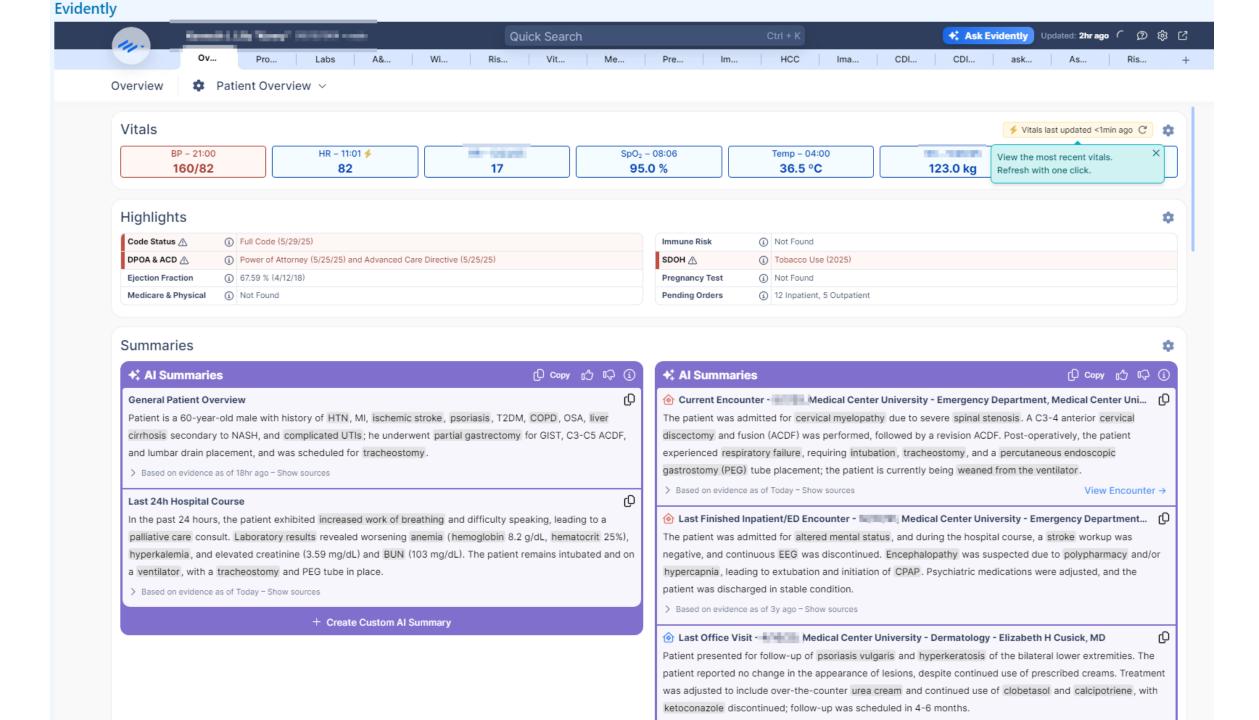
Department of Anesthesia, University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa, United States

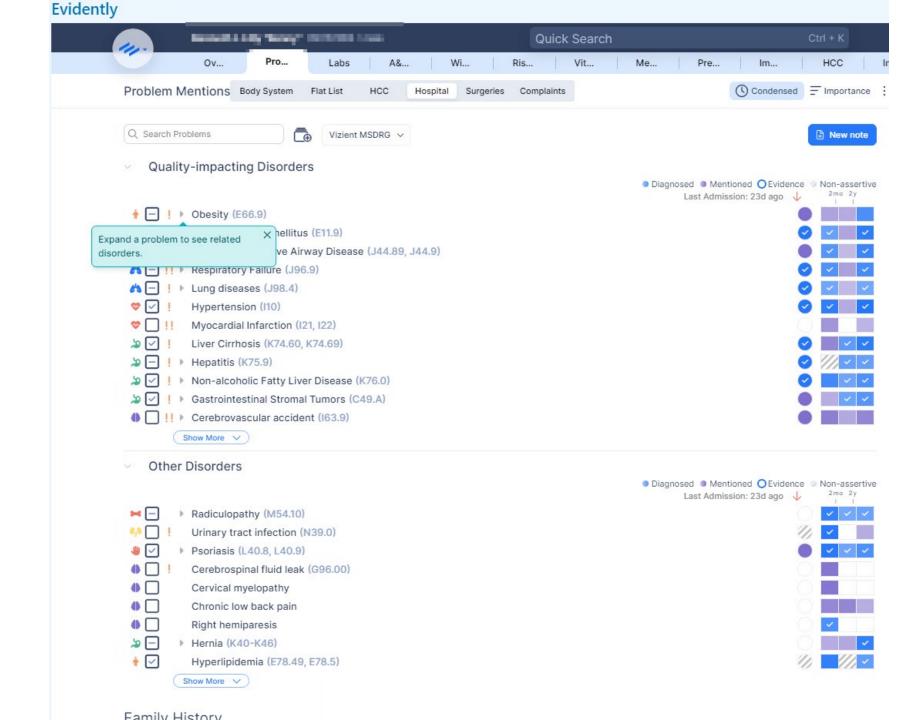
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>University of Iowa, Institute for Clinical and Translational Science, Iowa City, Iowa, United States

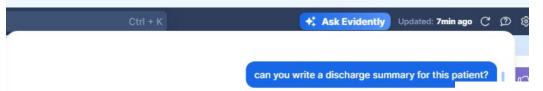
### Impact is notable across the population

### **PFI Score - Overall Burnout**









#### **★** Discharge Summary

Patient Name: [Patient Name] Medical Record Number: [MRN] Date of Admission: Date of Discharge:

#### 1. Reason for Admission:

The patient was admitted with new onset right upper extremity and right lower extremity weakness, radiculopathy, nausea, vomiting, and headache. Evaluation revealed cervical myelopathy secondary to severe spinal canal stenosis at C3-C4.

#### 2. Diagnoses on Discharge:

· Cervical Myelopathy secondary to Spinal Stenosis



I am writing to provide you with an update regarding [Patient's Name]'s condition. He remains hospitalized and is currently receiving ventilatory support due to post-operative respiratory complications. His overall condition is stable but necessitates ongoing intensive medical management.

can you draft the update message at a 12th grade reading level?

As you know, Mr./Ms. [Patient's Name] underwent a C3-C5 anterior cervical discectomy and fusion (ACDF) to address severe cervical myelopathy resulting from spinal stenosis. Unfortunately, post-surgical complications have arisen, requiring continued respiratory assistance and close monitoring.

Given the complexities of his current medical status, Mr./Ms. [Patient's Name] is unable to return to work. The duration of his convalescence is uncertain at this juncture, as it is contingent upon his response to treatment and subsequent rehabilitation. We will continue to assess his progress and provide you with updates as they become available.

We appreciate your unwavering support and understanding during this challenging period. Please do not hesitate to contact us should you require further clarification or have any questions.

Sincerely,

[Your Name]

Dear [Wife's Name].

Medical Team

can you draft an update at a 5th grade reading level?

#### Hi [Wife's Name].

I wanted to tell you how [Patient's Name] is doing. He's still in the hospital. He's having a hard time breathing, so he's using a machine to help.

He had an operation on his neck, but now he needs more help to get better. It will take a while.

He can't go back to work now. He needs to rest and get special care from the doctors and nurses. We don't know when he can go back to work, but we will tell you when we know.

Thank you for helping him. We are helping him get better.

From,

[Your Name]

The Doctors and Nurses

### What did we avoid?

- Complex launch of new software
- Selecting "winners and losers"
- Epic for on-line assistance
- Required classes
- Influx of FTE for support



### **Lessons Learned**

- Determine your key measure and address those elements
- The adage of "people, process, then technology" does not always apply
- Less is more in some implementations
- While technology fixes some EHR ills, it does not fix your organization





# Thank you.

uihc.org









