

DISCLAIMER

The following is a preliminary report of actions taken by the House of Delegates at its 2026 Annual Meeting and should not be considered final. Only the Official Proceedings of the House of Delegates reflect official policy of the Association.

AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION HOUSE OF DELEGATES (A-26)

Final Report of Reference Committee B

Jennifer Hone, MD, Chair

RECOMMENDED FOR ADOPTION

1. Board of Trustees Report 08 - Council on Legislation Sunset Review of 2016 House Policies
2. Board of Trustees Report 12 - The Uniform Health-Care Decisions Act
3. Board of Trustees Report 13 - Reducing Risk of Federal Investigation or Prosecution for Prescribing Controlled Substances for Legitimate Medical Purposes
4. Board of Trustees Report 21 - Abolishing Venue Shopping
5. Board of Trustees Report 25 - Federal Legislation to Prohibit the Corporate Practice of Medicine
6. Board of Trustees Report 27 - Update the Status of Virtual Credit Card Policy, EFT Fees, and Lack of Enforcement of Administrative Simplification Requirements by CMS
7. Resolution 209 - Protecting Mental Health Treatment Privacy in Legal Proceedings
8. Resolution 213 - Prohibiting Pharmacy Benefit Managers from Owning Pharmacies
9. Resolution 218 - Opposing the Practice of Jury Anchoring in Medical Liability Cases
10. Resolution 228 - Department of Defense Health Care Investment at Military Bases in Maternity Care Health Professional Shortage Areas
11. Resolution 235 - Establishing Healthcare Monitoring and Accountability in Immigration Detention Facilities
12. Resolution 237 - Guaranteed 30-Day Transition Fill of Currently Prescribed Insulin at the Beginning of Each Year Plan

RECOMMENDED FOR ADOPTION AS AMENDED

13. Board of Trustees Report 14 - Binding Arbitration in Health Insurance Contracts
14. Board of Trustees Report 15 - Protecting the Prescriptive Authority of Plenary Licensed Physicians
15. Board of Trustees Report 19 - Root Cause Analysis of the Causes of the Decline of Private Medical Practice
16. Board of Trustees Report 24 - AMA Advocacy to Mitigate Medicaid Cuts
17. Board of Trustees Report 28 - Accountability in the Use of Augmented Intelligence for Prior Authorization

- 1 18. Resolution 203 - Support for Independent Evaluation of Outcomes Associated
- 2 with Unsupervised Nurse Practitioner Practice
- 3 19. Resolution 207 - Addressing Rural Maternity Care Deserts Through the Conrad
- 4 30 Waiver Program
- 5 20. Resolution 208 - Incorporating Critical Medical Treatment Planning into
- 6 Emergency/Disaster Preparedness
- 7 21. Resolution 212 - Protecting Patient Access to Clinical Trials and Mitigating
- 8 Administrative Disruptions to NIH Funding
- 9 22. Resolution 216 - Protecting Healthcare as a Sensitive Location
- 10 23. Resolution 219 - Incorporating Evidence-Based Lifestyle Medicine into Rural
- 11 Health Transformation Programs
- 12 24. Resolution 229 - Physicians are not Providers
- 13 25. Resolution 232 - Banning Flavored Cannabis E-Cigarettes
- 14 26. Resolution 239 - Medicare Administrative Contractor Policy Modification
- 15 27. Resolution 240 - Ending Private Equity Dividend Recapitalization in Healthcare
- 16 28. Resolution 243 - Standardizing Medical Frailty to Streamline Medicaid
- 17 Community Engagement & Work Exemptions
- 18 29. Resolution 244 - Eliminate Administrative Barriers to Appeal Wrongful Denials
- 19 30. Resolution 247 - Comprehensive ERISA Reform
- 20 31. Resolution 248 - Medical Staff Oversight of Hospital Augmented Intelligence
- 21 32. Resolution 250 - Protecting Resident Physicians with Pending Immigration Status
- 22 and Ensuring Safe Participation in Professional Activities
- 23 33. Resolution 252 - Immediate Action to Prevent Further Immigrant Deaths
- 24 34. Resolution 254 - OMB Proposed Rule: Regulation for Federal Financial
- 25 Assistance
- 26

27 **RECOMMENDED FOR ADOPTION IN LIEU OF**

- 28
- 29 35. Resolution 201 - Prohibit and Regulate 7-Hydroxymitragynine (7-OH) Kratom
- 30 Products to Protect Public Health and Youth Safety
- 31 Resolution 233 - Banning Synthesized, Purified or Derivative Products from
- 32 Kratom
- 33 36. Resolution 222 - Advocating for a Centralized Medicare Enrollment Platform to
- 34 Preserve Patient Choice Between Traditional Medicare and Medicare Advantage
- 35 37. Resolution 226 - Impact of a Proposed \$100,000 H-1B Visa Fee on the NRMP
- 36 Match, the Physician Workforce, and the U.S. Health Care System
- 37 Resolution 230 - Exemption of International Medical Graduates from Presidential
- 38 Proclamations Restricting Entry into the United States
- 39 38. Resolution 238 - Prohibiting the Independent Practice of Medicine by Artificial
- 40 Intelligence
- 41 Resolution 246 - Artificial Intelligence Scope of Practice
- 42 Resolution 249 - Bringing Physicians' Voices to the Implementation of AI
- 43 Prescribers
- 44 39. Resolution 251 - Minimum Standards for Public Health Leaders
- 45 40. Resolution 253 - Protection of Medicaid Beneficiaries from Politically Motivated
- 46 and Procedurally Deficient Federal Funding Deferrals

1 **RECOMMENDED FOR REFERRAL**

- 2
3 41. Resolution 202 - Using and Defining “Unsupervised Practice of Medicine”
4 42. Resolution 206 - Overall Hospital Quality Star Ratings / CMS Star Ratings
5 43. Resolution 221 - Universal Newborn Congenital Cytomegalovirus Screening
6 44. Resolution 223 - Ensuring Due Process, Transparency, and Human Clinical
7 Oversight in the Use of Artificial Intelligence for Health Insurance Coverage and
8 Eligibility Determinations
9 45. Resolution 225 - Requiring Periodic Face-to-Face Visits By Board-Certified
10 Specialists Who Delegate Visits to Non-Physician Practitioners for Nursing Home
11 Patients
12 46. Resolution 236 - Extending and Expanding the AMA Task Force to Preserve the
13 Patient-Physician Relationship to Ensure Access and Regulatory Clarity in
14 Gender-Affirming Care
15 47. Resolution 241 - Strengthening Our AMA Efforts Toward CPOM Prohibition
16 48. Resolution 242 - Reducing Emergency Department Boarding through Payment
17 Reform

18
19 **RECOMMENDED FOR NOT ADOPTION**

- 20
21 49. Resolution 245 - State Regulation of Non-Preempted “Non-Central Matters” of
22 ERISA Plans—Rutledge v. PCMA
23

24 **RECOMMENDATION FOR REAFFIRMATION IN LIEU OF**

- 25
26 50. Resolution 204 - D-400.982 Revision
27 51. Resolution 205 - Repeal of the Merit-Based Incentive Payment System (MIPS)
28 52. Resolution 210 - Eliminating Prescription Drug Adherence (PDA) as a Quality
29 Metric Tied to Physician Ratings or Compensation
30 53. Resolution 211 - Preventing Hospital-Based 340B Programs from Unfairly
31 Competing with Independent Physicians
32 54. Resolution 214 - Medical Student Loans Should Not Be Capped
33 55. Resolution 215 - Oppose Medicare Efficiency Adjustments
34 56. Resolution 217 - Ensuring Proportional Accountability for Hospital Expenditures
35 Attributed to Medicare ACOs
36 57. Resolution 220 - Reverse CMS Cuts to Facility-Based Practice Expense
37 Payments for Physicians
38 58. Resolution 224 - Clarity of Signage: Distinguishing Urgent Cares From
39 Emergency Rooms
40 59. Resolution 227 - Standby Capacity Payments and Health IT for Hospitals in Rural
41 Areas
42 60. Resolution 231 - Protecting and Promoting Long Term Care Workforce Amidst
43 Immigration Challenges
44 61. Resolution 234 - Physician Unity in Advocacy Regarding Physician
45 Reimbursement

46
47 **RECOMMENDED FOR FILING**

- 48
49 62. Board of Trustees Report 37 – AMA Policies on Gender Affirming Care

RECOMMENDED FOR ADOPTION

- 1
2
3 (1) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 08 - COUNCIL ON
4 LEGISLATION SUNSET REVIEW OF 2016 HOUSE
5 POLICIES

6
7 RECOMMENDATION:

8
9 Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of
10 Trustees Report 08 be adopted, and the remainder of the
11 Report be filed.
12

13
14 **HOD ACTION:** Board of Trustees Report 08 is adopted as amended, and the
15 remainder of the Report filed.

16
17 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

18
19 **Opposition to the Department of Veterans Affairs Proposed Rulemaking on APRN**
20 **Practices D-35.979**

- 21
22 1. Our AMA will express to the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) that
23 the plan to substitute physicians (MD,DO, or Foreign equivalent) by using
24 Advanced Practice Registered Nurses (APRNs) in independent practice, not
25 in physician-led teams, is antithetical to multiple established policies of our
26 AMA and thus should not be implemented.
27 2. Our AMA staff will assess the feasibility of seeking federal legislation that
28 prevents the VA from enacting regulations for veterans' medical care that is
29 not consistent with physician-led (MD,DO, or Foreign equivalent) health care
30 teams or to mandate that the VA adopt policy regarding the same.
31 3. Our AMA will call upon Congress and the Administration to disapprove or
32 otherwise overturn rules and regulations at the federal level that would
33 expand the scope of practice of APRNs, and other non-physicians (non-
34 MD,DO, or Foreign equivalent) in unsupervised practice.
35 4. Our AMA will collaborate with other medical professional organizations to
36 vigorously oppose the VA expanding the role of APRNs and other non-
37 physicians (non- MD,DO, or Foreign equivalent) within the VA in
38 unsupervised practice.
39

40
41 The Board of Trustees recommends that the House of Delegates policies that are listed in
42 the appendix to this report be acted upon in the manner indicated and the remainder of
43 this report be filed.
44

45 Your Reference Committee heard testimony that was largely supportive of adopting the
46 recommendations of Board of Trustees Report 08 regarding which AMA policies to retain
47 and which to sunset. Although some commenters raise concerns with different actions
48 recommended by the report, there is a clear consensus in favor of adopting the
49 recommendations. It was noted that amendments should be made to D-35.979, but there

1 was minimal testimony provided on this point. Therefore, your Reference Committee
2 recommends that Board of Trustees Report 08 be adopted, and the remainder of the
3 report be filed.

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6 (2) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 12 - THE UNIFORM
7 HEALTH-CARE DECISIONS ACT

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9 RECOMMENDATION:

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11 Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of
12 Trustees Report 12 be adopted, and the remainder of the
13 Report be filed.

14
15 **HOD ACTION: Board of Trustees Report 12 is adopted, and the remainder of the**
16 **Report filed.**

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18
19
20 The Board recommends that the following be adopted in lieu of Resolution 250-A-24 and
21 the remainder of the report be filed.

- 22
23 1. That Policy H-85.957, "Encouraging Standardized Advance Directives Forms
24 Within States," be reaffirmed. (Reaffirm HOD Policy)
25 2. That Policy H-140.845, "Encouraging the Use of Advance Directives and Health
26 Care Powers of Attorney," be reaffirmed. (Reaffirm HOD Policy)
27 3. That Policy H-85.956, "Educating Physicians About Advance Care Planning," be
28 reaffirmed. (Reaffirm HOD Policy)
29 4. That Policy H-140.970, "Decisions to Forgo Life-Sustaining Treatment for
30 Incompetent Patients," be reaffirmed. (Reaffirm HOD Policy)
31 5. That Policy H-140.826, "Use of Psychiatric Advance Directives," be reaffirmed.
32 (Reaffirm HOD Policy)

33
34 Your Reference Committee heard limited but unanimous testimony in favor of adopting
35 the recommendations of Board of Trustees Report 12. Commenters agreed with the Board
36 of Trustees' assessment that it is not appropriate for our AMA to endorse the Uniform
37 Health-Care Decisions Act (UHCDA) at this time given the conflict between the UHCDA
38 and existing AMA policy and clinical practices. Instead, Board of Trustees Report 12
39 recommends reaffirmation of AMA policies relating to advance directives. Your Reference
40 Committee agrees with the conclusions of the report and its recommendations. Therefore,
41 your Reference Committee recommends that Board of Trustees Report 12 be adopted,
42 and the remainder of the report be filed.

1 (3) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 13 - REDUCING RISK
2 OF FEDERAL INVESTIGATION OR PROSECUTION FOR
3 PRESCRIBING CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES FOR
4 LEGITIMATE MEDICAL PURPOSES
5

6 RECOMMENDATION:
7

8 Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of
9 Trustees Report 13 be adopted, and the remainder of the
10 Report be filed.
11

12 **HOD ACTION: Board of Trustees Report 13 is adopted, and the remainder of the**
13 **Report filed.**
14
15

16
17 The Board of Trustees recommends the following be adopted and the remainder of the
18 report be filed.
19

- 20 1. That the referred clause from Resolution 209-A-25, "Reducing Risk of Federal
21 Investigation or Prosecution for Prescribing Controlled Substances for Legitimate
22 Medical Purposes," not be adopted.
- 23 2. That our American Medical Association advocate to the U.S. Department of Justice
24 to rely on state medical board definitions of "the practice of medicine" to guide
25 investigations into whether a practitioner has acted without a legitimate medical
26 purpose. (Directive to Take Action)
- 27 3. That our AMA advocate to the U.S. Department of Justice to work more closely
28 with the AMA and its interested medical association partners to more clearly
29 identify the factors it uses during an investigation to minimize disruptions to patient
30 care. (Directive to Take Action)
- 31 4. That our AMA support the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Opioid
32 Rapid Response Program and similar state-based efforts that seek to ensure
33 continuity of care when patients lose access to care due to a law enforcement or
34 other action that results in the closure of a physician's practice. (New AMA Policy)
35

36 Your Reference Committee reviewed the testimony for Board of Trustees Report 13. The
37 testimony was strongly in favor of adoption. Your Reference Committee agrees that
38 physicians should control who and what defines a "legitimate medical purpose," and while
39 medical boards may be subject to state legislative actions in some cases, medical boards
40 also are comprised almost entirely of physicians, one of the many reasons our AMA
41 supports licensure at the state level. Your Reference Committee also notes that our AMA
42 may choose to use any AMA policy to support legal action on behalf of physicians. For
43 these reasons, your Reference Committee recommends that Board of Trustees Report 13
44 be adopted, and the remainder of the report be filed.

1 (4) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 21 - ABOLISHING
2 VENUE SHOPPING
3

4 RECOMMENDATION:
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6 Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of
7 Trustees Report 21 be adopted, and the remainder of the
8 Report be filed.
9

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11 **HOD ACTION: Board of Trustees Report 21 is adopted, and the remainder of the**
12 **Report filed.**
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14
15 The Board of Trustees recommends that the following recommendations be adopted, and
16 the remainder of the report be filed:
17

18 1) That our American Medical Association amend Policy D-438.968, "Abolishing Venue
19 Shopping" by deletion of clause 2 as it has been accomplished by this report:
20

21 1) Our American Medical Association (AMA) opposes venue shopping in medical
22 professional liability actions.
23

24 ~~2. Our AMA will study avenues to most effectively combat venue shopping in state and~~
25 ~~federal medical professional liability actions with report back at A-26. (Modify Current~~
26 ~~Policy)_~~
27

28 2. That our AMA will work with interested medical society partners, to combat venue
29 shopping in medical liability lawsuits. (New HOD Policy)
30

31 3. That our AMA opposes any efforts to move venue to jurisdictions that may apply a
32 standard of care not reflecting specific resource constraints, available
33 technology/equipment and community standards of the location where the patient's
34 clinical care was actually delivered. (New HOD Policy)
35

36 Your Reference Committee heard strong support for the recommendations made in Board
37 of Trustees Report 21, which would amend existing AMA policy to provide that our AMA
38 will work with interested medical society partners to combat venue shopping in medical
39 liability lawsuits. Commenters emphasize the harms of venue shopping, where attorneys
40 seek out the most plaintiff-friendly jurisdiction in which to bring medical liability lawsuits,
41 regardless of whether such jurisdiction is the most reasonable location in which to bring
42 the suit, and urge our AMA to continue vigorous advocacy efforts to curb this practice.
43 Your Reference Committee agrees, and therefore recommends Board of Trustees Report
44 21 be adopted and the remainder of the report be filed.

1 (5) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 25 - FEDERAL
2 LEGISLATION TO PROHIBIT THE CORPORATE
3 PRACTICE OF MEDICINE
4

5 RECOMMENDATION:
6

7 Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of
8 Trustees Report 25 be adopted and the remainder of the
9 Report be filed.

11 **HOD ACTION: Board of Trustees Report 25 is adopted and the remainder of the**
12 **Report filed.**
13
14

15 **BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 25 - FEDERAL LEGISLATION TO PROHIBIT THE**
16 **CORPORATE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE**
17

18 The Board recommends that the following be adopted in lieu of Resolution 225-I-25 and
19 that the remainder of this report be filed:
20

- 21
- 22 1. That the American Medical Association, in order to protect physician autonomy
23 and strengthen the physician-patient relationship, support federal legislation
24 prohibiting lay entities, including but not limited to insurance companies, private
25 equity firms, non-physician individual licensed health care professionals and other
26 non-physician-owned entities or individuals, from interfering with, controlling, or
27 otherwise directing 1) the independent professional judgment or clinical decisions
28 of a physician, or 2) the operational authority of physicians within their practices,
29 provided that any such legislation include a specific saving clause clarifying an
30 intent to preserve the right of states to enact and enforce more stringent state
31 laws. (New HOD Policy)
 - 32 2. That the AMA support whistleblower programs that allow individuals to report
33 knowledge of violations of a law prohibiting lay entities from interfering with,
34 controlling, or otherwise directing the professional judgment, clinical decisions, or
35 operational authority of a physician to the appropriate enforcement agency. (New
36 HOD Policy)
 - 37 3. That the AMA support the implementation and enforcement of strong state laws or
38 regulations that prohibit the corporate practice of medicine (New HOD Policy)
 - 39 4. That Policy H-215.981, "Corporate Practice of Medicine," be amended by addition
40 and deletion as follows:
41

- 42 ~~1. Our American Medical Association vigorously opposes any effort to pass federal~~
43 ~~legislation or regulation preempting state laws prohibiting the corporate practice of~~
44 ~~medicine.~~
- 45 1.2. Our AMA vigorously opposes any effort to pass legislation or regulation that removes
46 or weakens state or federal laws prohibiting the corporate practice of medicine.
- 47 2.3. Our AMA opposes the corporate practice of medicine and supports the restriction of
48 ownership and operational authority of physician medical practices to physicians
49 or physician-owned groups.

- 1 3. Our AMA, at the request of state medical associations, will provide guidance,
2 consultation, and model legislation regarding the corporate practice of medicine,
3 to ensure the autonomy of hospital medical staffs, employed physicians in non-
4 hospital settings, and physicians contracting with corporately owned management
5 service organizations.
- 6 ~~4.5-~~ Our AMA will continue to monitor the evolving corporate practice of medicine with
7 respect to its effect on the patient-physician relationship, financial conflicts of
8 interest, patient centered care and other relevant issues.
- 9 ~~5.6-~~ Our AMA will work with interested state medical associations, the federal government,
10 and other interested parties to develop and advocate for regulations and
11 appropriate legislation pertaining to corporate control of practices in the health care
12 sector such that physician clinical autonomy and operational authority are
13 preserved and protected.
- 14 ~~6.7-~~ Our AMA will create a state corporate practice of medicine template to assist state
15 medical associations and national medical specialty societies as they navigate the
16 intricacies of corporate investment in physician practices and health care generally
17 at the state level and develop the most effective means of prohibiting the corporate
18 practice of medicine in ways that are not detrimental to the sustainability of
19 physician practices.
- 20 ~~7.8-~~ Our AMA supports enforcement of existing regulations and legislation pertaining to
21 corporate control of practices in the health care sector to ensure that physician
22 clinical autonomy and operational authority is preserved and protected.
- 23 ~~8.9-~~ Our AMA supports capital reserve requirements and leverage standards that preserve
24 access to care for patients and fulfillment of contractual obligations to physicians
25 and trainees by providing stable financing for hospitals, clinics, and other health
26 care facilities. (Modify Current HOD Policy)

27
28
29 Your Reference Committee heard testimony establishing that Board of Trustees Report
30 25 and Resolution 241 serve complementary but distinct purposes and accordingly
31 considered them separately. Testimony regarding Board of Trustees Report 25 was
32 overwhelmingly supportive. As such, your Reference Committee recommends that the
33 recommendations contained in Board of Trustees Report 25 be adopted and the
34 remainder of the report be filed.

1 (6) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 27 - UPDATE THE
2 STATUS OF VIRTUAL CREDIT CARD POLICY, EFT
3 FEES, AND LACK OF ENFORCEMENT OF
4 ADMINISTRATIVE SIMPLIFICATION REQUIREMENTS
5 BY CMS

6
7 RECOMMENDATION:

8
9 Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of
10 Trustees Report 27 be adopted, and the remainder of the
11 Report be filed.
12

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14 **HOD ACTION: Board of Trustees Report 27 is adopted, and the remainder of the**
15 **Report filed.**
16

17
18 The Board of Trustees recommends the following be adopted and the remainder of the
19 report be filed.

- 20
21 1. That Policy D-190.965 be amended to read as follows: Our American Medical
22 Association report at the Annual 2026⁷ Meeting on the progress of, and action
23 items for implementation of AMA Policies D-190.970, H-190.955, and D-190.968.
24 (Update HOD Policy)
25
26 2. That our AMA reaffirm Policies H-190.955, "Virtual Credit Card Payments;" D-
27 190.968, "Amend Virtual Credit Card and Electronic Funds Transfer Fee;" and D-
28 190.970, "CMS Administrative Requirements." (Reaffirm HOD Policy)
29

30 Your Reference Committee heard extensive testimony on Board of Trustees Report 27,
31 with the majority consensus favoring adoption of the report's call for robust, ongoing action
32 to address the financial burdens imposed on physician practices by virtual credit card
33 (VCC) payment and fee-based electronic funds transfer (EFT) fees. Many commenters
34 spoke to the harms these fees inflict on physician practices and the importance of
35 continued advocacy by our AMA. Your Reference Committee agrees that the actions
36 called for by the report—stronger CMS enforcement, clear regulatory action, and federal
37 legislation (such as the No Fees for EFTs Act)—are needed. Therefore, your Reference
38 Committee recommends that the Board of Trustees Report 27 be adopted, and the
39 remainder of the report be filed.

1 (7) RESOLUTION 209 - PROTECTING MENTAL HEALTH
2 TREATMENT PRIVACY IN LEGAL PROCEEDINGS
3

4 RECOMMENDATION:
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6 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
7 209 be adopted.
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10 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 209 is referred.**
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13 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association develop model state legislation
14 ensuring that mental health treatment records are protected from discoverability in civil
15 and criminal trials, thereby fostering a safe and supportive environment for healthcare
16 professionals to seek necessary mental health care. (Directive to Take Action)
17

18 Your Reference Committee heard strong support for Resolution 209. Your Reference
19 Committee appreciates the concern raised that the resolution could be interpreted as
20 “overly broad.” Your Reference Committee counsels that state and federal laws, as well
21 as the courts, already balance privacy protections of medical information
22 in numerous contexts, including medical records. Your Reference Committee does not
23 agree that the resolution is overly broad because calling for “protections” is not viewed as
24 an absolute bar given that the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act, 42 CFR
25 Part 2, and the courts already provide for limited discovery, and balance in when such
26 records may be disclosed. These balancing acts also are reflected throughout AMA policy,
27 including [H-315.983](#) and [Ethics Policy 3.2.1](#). For these reasons, your Reference
28 Committee recommends that Resolution 209 be adopted.
29

30
31 (8) RESOLUTION 213 - PROHIBITING PHARMACY
32 BENEFIT MANAGERS FROM OWNING PHARMACIES
33

34 RECOMMENDATION:
35

36 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
37 213 be adopted.
38

39
40 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 213 is adopted.**
41

42
43 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association develop model state legislation
44 empowering state insurance regulating bodies to regulate pharmacy benefits managers
45 (PBMs) and prevent PBMs from owning or operating pharmacies. (Directive to Take
46 Action)

1 Your Reference Committee heard strong support for adoption of Resolution 213, which
2 calls for our AMA to develop model state legislation to regulate pharmacy benefits
3 managers (PBMs) and prevent PBMs from owning or operating pharmacies. Commenters
4 noted that oversight of PBMs and vertical integration of PBMs and pharmacies is
5 appropriate, needed, and in alignment with AMA policies. Your Reference Committee
6 agrees. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 213 be
7 adopted.

8
9
10 (9) RESOLUTION 218 - OPPOSING THE PRACTICE OF
11 JURY ANCHORING IN MEDICAL LIABILITY CASES

12
13 RECOMMENDATION:

14
15 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
16 218 be adopted.

17
18
19 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 218 is adopted.**

20
21
22 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association opposes the practice of jury
23 anchoring in medical liability litigation, specifically as it related to non-economic damages.
24 (New HOD Policy)

25
26 Your Reference Committee received supportive testimony for Resolution 218.
27 Commenters noted that while our AMA has done extensive [work](#) on medical liability
28 reform, AMA policy does not include opposition to jury anchoring, a practice in which
29 plaintiffs' attorneys attempt to bias juries by placing a specific, inflated dollar value on
30 damages early in the trial process. Some commenters suggested replacing the term "jury
31 anchoring" with "financial anchoring" or "damages anchoring" to make the resolution
32 clearer. However, the term "jury anchoring" is a term of art that is understood to refer to a
33 common practice in medical liability cases. Therefore, your Reference Committee
34 recommends that Resolution 218 be adopted.

1 (10) RESOLUTION 228 - DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
2 HEALTH CARE INVESTMENT AT MILITARY BASES IN
3 MATERNITY CARE HEALTH PROFESSIONAL
4 SHORTAGE AREAS

5
6 RECOMMENDATION:

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8 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
9 228 be adopted.

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12 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 228 is adopted.**

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14
15 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association urge the Department of Defense to
16 provide comprehensive reproductive health care coverage, funding and improved access
17 to labor and delivery services for military personnel, military families, and non-military
18 individuals working on military bases in maternity care health professional shortages
19 areas (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

20
21 RESOLVED, that our AMA continue to research and distribute successful state and
22 specialty society models that have improved access to comprehensive reproductive care
23 and maternal care in rural areas and reduced maternal mortality rates. (Directive to Take
24 Action)

25
26 Your Reference Committee heard broad, unanimous support for Resolution 228.
27 Commenters spoke to the importance of ensuring access to reproductive and maternal
28 health care for military and non-military personnel working on military bases and note that
29 the resolution aligns with our AMA's ongoing work in the maternal health care space. Your
30 Reference Committee agrees. Though an amendment was provided that would have
31 limited this policy to only those individuals that are eligible for TRICARE, your Reference
32 Committee notes that this was not the intention of the resolution, nor was it in alignment
33 with the majority of the testimony. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that
34 resolution 228 be adopted.

1 (11) RESOLUTION 235 - ESTABLISHING HEALTHCARE
2 MONITORING AND ACCOUNTABILITY IN IMMIGRATION
3 DETENTION FACILITIES

4
5 RECOMMENDATION:

6
7 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
8 235 be adopted.

9

10
11 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 235 is adopted.**
12

13
14 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association support independent, transparent,
15 unannounced inspections of all ICE detention facilities, with anti-retaliation protections for
16 detainees and health staff who participate (New HOD Policy); and be it further

17
18 RESOLVED, that our AMA supports efforts to reform ICE's waiver system by requiring
19 that all waivers include clear expiration dates, transparent public reporting, and
20 standardized criteria that limit their use to cases of demonstrated necessity. (New HOD
21 Policy)

22
23 Your Reference Committee received supportive testimony for Resolution 235. Testimony
24 highlighted the importance of accountability, independent inspections, revised waiver
25 policies, and protecting patient safety and human rights in immigration detention.
26 Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 235 be adopted.

1 (12) RESOLUTION 237 - GUARANTEED 30-DAY
2 TRANSITION FILL OF CURRENTLY PRESCRIBED
3 INSULIN AT THE BEGINNING OF EACH YEAR PLAN
4

5 RECOMMENDATION:
6

7 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
8 237 be adopted.
9

10
11 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 237 be adopted.**
12

13
14 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association adopt as policy and advocate that
15 beneficiaries of ERISA-governed health plans be allowed a 30-day transition fill of insulin
16 at the beginning of each plan year to allow time for the formulary preference to be
17 determined by the patient and prescriber. (Directive to Take Action)
18

19 Your Reference Committee received minimal but supportive testimony for Resolution 237.
20 Testimony noted that this policy would address dangerous insulin therapy interruptions,
21 especially during insurance coverage or formulary changes, and support continuity of
22 care. Given the unanimously supportive testimony, your Reference Committee
23 recommends that Resolution 237 be adopted.

RECOMMENDED FOR ADOPTION AS AMENDED

(13) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 14 - BINDING
ARBITRATION IN HEALTH INSURANCE CONTRACTS

RECOMMENDATION A:

Your Reference Committee recommends that the second recommendation of Board of Trustees Report 14 be amended by addition to read as follows:

That our AMA create resources to help physicians evaluate binding arbitration agreements with health insurers so that physicians can identify the advantages and disadvantages that may be present in those agreements. Resources shall include, but not be limited to: (1) developing model arbitration language that protects physicians when such clauses are used; (2) establishing fairness principles or standards for arbitration provisions in physician-insurer contracts that include but are not limited to clear timelines, enforcement mechanisms, reasonable limits on arbitration costs, neutral arbitrator selection, and safeguards against venue manipulation; (3) identifying specific contract red flags such as venue restrictions that physicians should be aware of when reviewing arbitration clauses; and (4) encouraging greater transparency or reporting around arbitration outcomes. (New HOD Policy)

RECOMMENDATION B:

Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of Trustees Report 14 be adopted as amended, and the remainder of the Report be filed.

HOD ACTION: Board of Trustees Report 14 is adopted as amended, and the remainder of the Report filed.

ADOPTED LANGUAGE:

The Board of Trustees recommends that the following be adopted, and the remainder of the report be filed:

- 1. That our American Medical Association Policy D-435.967, "Binding Arbitration in Health Insurance Contracts," be rescinded having been accomplished by this report. (Rescind HOD Policy)**
- 2. That our AMA create resources to help physicians evaluate binding arbitration agreements with health insurers so that physicians**

1 can identify the advantages and disadvantages that may be present in those
2 agreements. Resources shall include, but not be limited to: (1) developing
3 model arbitration language that protects physicians when such clauses are
4 used; (2) establishing fairness principles or standards for arbitration
5 provisions in physician-insurer contracts that include but are not limited to
6 clear timelines, enforcement mechanisms, reasonable limits on arbitration
7 costs, neutral arbitrator selection, and safeguards against venue
8 manipulation; (3) identifying specific contract red flags such as venue
9 restrictions that physicians should be aware of when reviewing arbitration
10 clauses; and (4) encouraging greater transparency or reporting around
11 arbitration outcomes. (New HOD Policy)
12

13 3. That our AMA (1) opposes requiring mandatory binding arbitration as a
14 condition of participation in an insurance company's provider network; (2)
15 supports a physician's right to choose between arbitration and the public
16 court system after a dispute arises, rather than being forced to waive their
17 right to a jury trial; (3) believes that no physician should be required to
18 participate in an arbitration or mediation process that is not the result of
19 meaningful mutual agreement between the physician and health insurer; (4)
20 advocates that all arbitration awards involving physician-payer disputes be
21 reported to a centralized de-identified database to ensure transparency and
22 to identify patterns of frequent bad-faith claims settlement practices by
23 insurers. (New HOD Policy)
24

25
26 The Board of Trustees recommends that the following be adopted, and the remainder of
27 the report be filed:
28

- 29 1. That our American Medical Association Policy D-435.967, "Binding Arbitration in
30 Health Insurance Contracts," be rescinded having been accomplished by this
31 report. (Rescind HOD Policy)
32 2. That our AMA create resources to help physicians evaluate binding arbitration
33 agreements with health insurers so that physicians can identify the advantages
34 and disadvantages that may be present in those agreements. Resources shall
35 include, but not be limited to: (1) developing model arbitration language that
36 protects physicians when such clauses are used; (2) establishing fairness
37 principles or standards for arbitration provisions in physician-insurer contracts; (3)
38 identifying specific contract red flags such as venue restrictions that physicians
39 should be aware of when reviewing arbitration clauses; and (4) encouraging
40 greater transparency or reporting around arbitration outcomes. (New HOD Policy)
41 3. That our AMA (1) opposes requiring mandatory binding arbitration as a condition
42 of participation in an insurance company's provider network; (2) supports a
43 physician's right to choose between arbitration and the public court system after a
44 dispute arises, rather than being forced to waive their right to a jury trial; (3)
45 believes that no physician should be required to participate in an arbitration or
46 mediation process that is not the result of meaningful mutual agreement between
47 the physician and health insurer; (4) advocates that all arbitration awards involving
48 physician-payer disputes be reported to a centralized de-identified database to

1 ensure transparency and to identify patterns of frequent bad-faith claims
2 settlement practices by insurers. (New HOD Policy)
3

4 Your Reference Committee notes that the testimony for Board of Trustees Report 14 was
5 generally in favor of adoption, with some commenters suggesting amendments. Wide
6 support was heard for the development of resources to help physicians navigate the
7 pitfalls of arbitration agreements and negotiate those agreements where possible. A
8 friendly amendment was offered that would ensure that the materials to be developed
9 include timelines and enforcement considerations. This amendment received support from
10 other commenters.

11
12 Your Reference Committee agrees that our AMA should provide guidance to physicians
13 facing arbitration proceedings in health insurance contracts and further agrees that
14 including timelines and enforcement considerations in this guidance would be beneficial.
15 Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Board of Trustees Report 14 be
16 adopted as amended, and that the remainder of the report be filed.

17
18
19 (14) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 15 - PROTECTING
20 THE PRESCRIPTIVE AUTHORITY OF PLENARY
21 LICENSED PHYSICIANS

22
23 RECOMMENDATION A:

24
25 Your Reference Committee recommends that
26 recommendation 1 of Board of Trustees Report 15 be
27 amended by addition to read as follows:

28
29 That our American Medical Association convene a meeting
30 with the National Association of Boards of Pharmacy and
31 other national pharmacy organizations to identify ways to
32 improve communications between physicians and
33 pharmacists about physicians' and pharmacists'
34 corresponding responsibility and related areas, with report
35 back at A-27. (Directive to Take Action)

36
37 RECOMMENDATION B:

38
39 Your Reference Committee recommends that
40 recommendation 2 of Board of Trustees Report 15 be
41 amended by addition and deletion to read as follows:

42
43 That our AMA work with ~~urge~~ pharmacies subject to the
44 national opioid litigation settlements to provide data on
45 refusals to fill and dispense medications, including the
46 reasons for such refusals. (Directive to Take Action).

1 RECOMMENDATION C:
2

3 Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of
4 Trustees Report 15 be adopted as amended, and the
5 remainder of the Report be filed.
6

7
8 **HOD ACTION: Board of Trustees Report 15 is adopted as amended, and the**
9 **remainder of the Report filed.**

10
11 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
12

- 13 1. That our American Medical Association convene a meeting with the National
14 Association of Boards of Pharmacy and other national pharmacy
15 organizations to identify ways to improve communications between
16 physicians and pharmacists about physicians' and pharmacists'
17 corresponding responsibility and related areas, with report back at A-27.
18 (Directive to Take Action)
19
 - 20 2. That our AMA work with pharmacies subject to the national opioid litigation
21 settlements to provide data on refusals to fill and dispense medications,
22 including the reasons for such refusals. (Directive to Take Action).
23
 - 24 3. That our AMA Policy H-120.947, "Preserving Patients' Ability to Have Legally
25 Valid Prescriptions Filled," be reaffirmed. (Reaffirm HOD Policy)
26
 - 27 4. That Policy D-120.920 "Preserving Patients' Ability to Have Legally Valid
28 Prescriptions Filled," be amended by deletion of the first item to read as
29 follows: Our AMA will work with state medical boards, pharmacy boards, and
30 appropriate federal agencies to protect the authority of plenary licensed
31 physicians to prescribe all legal medications in accordance with their
32 training and medical judgment.
33 Our AMA will work with state medical boards, pharmacy boards, and
34 appropriate federal agencies to protect the authority of plenary licensed
35 physicians to prescribe all legal medications in accordance with their
36 training and medical judgment.
37
- 38 1. Our AMA will work with state medical boards, pharmacy boards, and
39 appropriate federal agencies to protect the authority of plenary
40 licensed physicians to prescribe all legal medications in accordance
41 with their training and medical judgment.
 - 42 2. Our AMA will reaffirm and publicize existing policy opposing
43 unauthorized medication substitution, inappropriate pharmacy
44 inquiries, and unauthorized treatment modification by pharmacists.
 - 45 3. Our AMA supports legislation or regulatory action requiring
46 pharmacists and pharmacy chains to either fill a valid prescription or
47 immediately refer the patient to an alternative dispensing pharmacy,
48 with notification to the prescribing physician.

1 **4. Our AMA encourages interprofessional collaboration to clarify scope-**
2 **of-practice boundaries, educate interested parties on the legal**
3 **authority of plenary licensure, and promote policies that ensure**
4 **timely patient access to physician led care. (Modify Current HOD**
5 **Policy)**
6

7
8 The Board of Trustees recommends that the following be adopted, and the remainder of
9 the report be filed.

- 10
11 1. That our American Medical Association convene a meeting with the National
12 Association of Boards of Pharmacy and other national pharmacy organizations to
13 identify ways to improve communications between physicians and pharmacists
14 about physicians' and pharmacists' corresponding responsibility and related areas.
15 (Directive to Take Action)
- 16 2. That our AMA urge pharmacies subject to the national opioid litigation settlements
17 to provide data on refusals to fill and dispense medications, including the reasons
18 for such refusals. (Directive to Take Action).
- 19 3. That our AMA Policy H-120.947, "Preserving Patients' Ability to Have Legally Valid
20 Prescriptions Filled," be reaffirmed. (Reaffirm HOD Policy)
- 21 4. That Policy D-120.920 "Preserving Patients' Ability to Have Legally Valid
22 Prescriptions Filled," be amended by deletion of the first item to read as follows:
- 23 1. ~~Our American Medical Association will study the national prevalence and~~
24 ~~patterns of pharmacists refusing to fill valid prescriptions from plenary~~
25 ~~licensed physicians, including impact on patient outcomes and prescriber~~
26 ~~autonomy.~~
27 Our AMA will work with state medical boards, pharmacy boards, and
28 appropriate federal agencies to protect the authority of plenary licensed
29 physicians to prescribe all legal medications in accordance with their
30 training and medical judgment.
- 31
- 32 ~~3.2.~~ Our AMA will reaffirm and publicize existing policy opposing unauthorized
33 medication substitution, inappropriate pharmacy inquiries, and
34 unauthorized treatment modification by pharmacists.
- 35
- 36 ~~4.3.~~ Our AMA supports legislation or regulatory action requiring pharmacists
37 and pharmacy chains to either fill a valid prescription or immediately refer
38 the patient to an alternative dispensing pharmacy, with notification to the
39 prescribing physician.
- 40
- 41 ~~5.4.~~ Our AMA encourages interprofessional collaboration to clarify scope-of-
42 practice boundaries, educate interested parties on the legal authority of
43 plenary licensure, and promote policies that ensure timely patient access
44 to physician led care. (Modify Current HOD Policy)

45
46 Your Reference Committee received mostly supportive testimony for Board of Trustees
47 Report 15. Some minor amendments were offered that received additional supportive
48 testimony including a proposed amendment seeking a report back to the House of
49 Delegates and a proposal to work with pharmacies to develop a reporting framework on

1 refusals to fill. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that of Board of
2 Trustees Report 15 be adopted as amended and that the remainder of the report be filed.

3
4
5 (15) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 19 - ROOT CAUSE
6 ANALYSIS OF THE CAUSES OF THE DECLINE OF
7 PRIVATE MEDICAL PRACTICE

8
9 RECOMMENDATION A:

10
11 Your Reference Committee recommends that
12 Recommendation 3 of Board of Trustees Report 19 be
13 amended by addition and deletion to read as follows:

14
15 That consistent with Policy D-405.965, "Root Cause
16 Analysis of the Causes of the Decline of Private Medical
17 Practice" ~~be our AMA further study and report back on the~~
18 role of physician non-compete agreements and other
19 physician employment restrictions as potential contributors
20 to the decline of private medical practice, including their
21 impact on physician mobility, the ability of physicians to
22 establish or re-establish independent practices, patient
23 access and continuity of care, and the maintenance of
24 market power by dominant health systems rescinded as
25 being accomplished by this report. (Modify HOD Policy)

26
27 RECOMMENDATION B:

28
29 Your Reference Committee recommends that the Board of
30 Trustees Report 19 be adopted as amended, and the
31 remainder of the Report be filed.

32

33
34 **HOD ACTION: Board of Trustees Report 19 is adopted as amended, and the**
35 **remainder of the Report filed.**

36
37 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

38
39 **The Board of Trustees recommends the following be adopted and the remainder of**
40 **this report be filed:**

41
42 **1. That our AMA reaffirm the following policies:**

- 43
44 **a. H-330.932, "Cuts in Medicare and Medicaid Reimbursement";**
45 **b. H-400.957, "Medicare Reimbursement of Office-Based Procedures";**
46 **c. H-390.879, "Medicare Reimbursement for Multiple Physician's Visits**
47 **on the Same Day Regardless of the Place of Service";**
48 **d. D-330.902, "The Site-of-Service Differential";**

- 1 e. H-240.958, “Prohibiting Insurers from Denying Payment for
 - 2 Procedures Based on Site of Service”;
 - 3 f. D-240.994, “Payment Variations Across Outpatient Sites of Service”;
 - 4 D-330.997, “Appropriate Payment Level Differences by Place and
 - 5 Type of Service”;
 - 6 g. D-400.990, “Uncoupling Commercial Fee Schedules from the
 - 7 Medicare Physician Payment Schedule”;
 - 8 h. H-385.921, “Health Care Access for Medicaid Patients”;
 - 9 i. D-160.907, “Health System Consolidation”;
 - 10 j. D-215.984, “Health System Consolidation”;
 - 11 k. H-180.947, “Maintaining Freedom of Choice with Insurance
 - 12 Products”;
 - 13 l. D-160.906, “Strengthening Efforts Against Horizontal & Vertical
 - 14 Consolidation”;
 - 15 m. D-160.908, “Vertical Consolidation in Health Care – Markets or
 - 16 Monopolies”;
 - 17 n. D-385.940, “Stark Law Self-Referral Ban”;
 - 18 o. H-215.960, “Hospital Consolidation”;
 - 19 p. H-215.969, “Hospital Merger Study”;
 - 20 q. D-225.995, “Hospital Merger Study”;
 - 21 r. H-383.988, “Physicians' Ability to Negotiate and Undergo Practice
 - 22 Consolidation”;
 - 23 s. H-160.885, “Impact of Integration and Consolidation on Patients and
 - 24 Physicians”;
 - 25 t. H-160.960, “Corporate Ownership of Established Private Medical
 - 26 Practices”;
 - 27 u. D-405.988, “The Preservation of the Private Practice of Medicine”;
 - 28 v. D-160.909, “Advocacy of Private Practice Options for Healthcare
 - 29 Operations in Large Corporations”;
 - 30 w. D-330.909, “Study the Costs of Administrative and Regulatory
 - 31 Burdens”;
 - 32 x. H-110.985, “340B Drug Discount Program”; and
 - 33 y. H-155.976, “Administrative Costs and Access to Health Care”
 - 34 (Reaffirm HOD Policy)
 - 35
 - 36 2. Our AMA will identify stakeholders to expand physician awareness of and
 - 37 engagement with AMA private practice resources and solutions. (New HOD
 - 38 Policy)
 - 39 3. That consistent with Policy D-405.965, “Root Cause Analysis of the Causes
 - 40 of the Decline of Private Medical Practice” our AMA further study and report
 - 41 back on the role of physician non-compete agreements and other physician
 - 42 employment restrictions as potential contributors to the decline of private
 - 43 medical practice, including their impact on physician mobility, the ability of
 - 44 physicians to establish or re-establish independent practices, patient access
 - 45 and continuity of care, and the maintenance of market power by dominant
 - 46 health systems. (Modify HOD Policy)
 - 47
-

1 The Board of Trustees recommends the following be adopted and the remainder of this
2 report be filed:

3
4 1. That our AMA reaffirm the following policies:

- 5
6 a. H-330.932, "Cuts in Medicare and Medicaid Reimbursement";
7 b. H-400.957, "Medicare Reimbursement of Office-Based Procedures";
8 c. H-390.879, "Medicare Reimbursement for Multiple Physician's Visits on the
9 Same Day Regardless of the Place of Service";
10 d. D-330.902, "The Site-of-Service Differential";
11 e. H-240.958, "Prohibiting Insurers from Denying Payment for Procedures
12 Based on Site of Service";
13 f. D-240.994, "Payment Variations Across Outpatient Sites of Service"; D-
14 330.997, "Appropriate Payment Level Differences by Place and Type of
15 Service";
16 g. D-400.990, "Uncoupling Commercial Fee Schedules from the Medicare
17 Physician Payment Schedule";
18 h. H-385.921, "Health Care Access for Medicaid Patients";
19 i. D-160.907, "Health System Consolidation";
20 j. D-215.984, "Health System Consolidation";
21 k. H-180.947, "Maintaining Freedom of Choice with Insurance Products";
22 l. D-160.906, "Strengthening Efforts Against Horizontal & Vertical
23 Consolidation";
24 m. D-160.908, "Vertical Consolidation in Health Care – Markets or
25 Monopolies";
26 n. D-385.940, "Stark Law Self-Referral Ban";
27 o. H-215.960, "Hospital Consolidation";
28 p. H-215.969, "Hospital Merger Study";
29 q. D-225.995, "Hospital Merger Study";
30 r. H-383.988, "Physicians' Ability to Negotiate and Undergo Practice
31 Consolidation";
32 s. H-160.885, "Impact of Integration and Consolidation on Patients and
33 Physicians";
34 t. H-160.960, "Corporate Ownership of Established Private Medical
35 Practices";
36 u. D-405.988, "The Preservation of the Private Practice of Medicine";
37 v. D-160.909, "Advocacy of Private Practice Options for Healthcare
38 Operations in Large Corporations";
39 w. D-330.909, "Study the Costs of Administrative and Regulatory Burdens";
40 x. H-110.985, "340B Drug Discount Program"; and
41 y. H-155.976, "Administrative Costs and Access to Health Care" (Reaffirm
42 HOD Policy)

43
44 2. Our AMA will identify stakeholders to expand physician awareness of and
45 engagement with AMA private practice resources and solutions. (New HOD Policy)

46
47 3. That Policy D-405.965, "Root Cause Analysis of the Causes of the Decline of
48 Private Medical Practice" be rescinded as being accomplished by this report.
49 (Rescind HOD Policy)

1 Your Reference Committee received limited and mixed testimony for Board of Trustees
2 Report 19. However, weighty testimony was provided in support of Board of Trustees
3 Report 19. Multiple commenters supported adopting the report's recommendation to
4 reaffirm existing AMA policies that remain relevant and aligned with the concerns raised
5 in the original resolution that prompted the report, particularly regarding the preservation
6 of physician autonomy, reduction of unnecessary administrative burden, and support for
7 independent practice sustainability. Reaffirming existing policy recognizes the continued
8 importance of these positions while maintaining consistency with our AMA's longstanding
9 advocacy efforts in this area. In addition to this, testimony was heard, and amendments
10 were provided, that supported retaining D-405.965 for one additional year so that our AMA
11 can continue to study the role of physician non-compete agreements. Testimony favored
12 providing this additional information and noted that, though it was positive to reaffirm
13 policy, it should also be supported by continued action. Therefore, your Reference
14 Committee recommends that the Board of Trustees Report 19 be adopted as amended,
15 and the remainder of the report be filed.

16
17
18 (16) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 24 - AMA ADVOCACY
19 TO MITIGATE MEDICAID CUTS

20
21 RECOMMENDATION A:

22
23 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
24 sentence of the recommendation made by Board of
25 Trustees Report 24 be amended by addition and deletion
26 to read as follows:

27
28 The Board of Trustees recommends that the fourth item of
29 Policy D-290.970, "Call for Action by the AMA to Reverse or
30 Mitigate Medicaid Cuts," be amended by striking "A-26" and
31 inserting "A-27"~~a rescinded as having been accomplished~~
32 by this report and that the remainder of the report be filed.

33
34 RECOMMENDATION B:

35
36 Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of
37 Trustees Report 24 be amended by addition of the following
38 new recommendation to read as follows:

39
40 The Board of Trustees recommends that existing AMA
41 policies "Preservation of Medicaid" (H-290.951), "Call for
42 Action by the American Medical Association to Reverse or
43 Mitigate Medicaid Cuts" (D-290.970), "Opposition to
44 Medicaid Work Requirements" (H-290.961), and "Support for
45 State Provider and Managed Care Organization Taxes to
46 Sustain Federal Medicaid Matching Funding" (H-285.898) be
47 reaffirmed.

1 RECOMMENDATION C:
2

3 Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of
4 Trustees Report 24 be adopted as amended, and the
5 remainder of the Report be filed.
6

7
8 **HOD ACTION: Board of Trustees Report 24 is adopted as amended, and the**
9 **remainder of the Report filed.**

10
11 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
12

13 **The Board of Trustees recommends that the fourth item of Policy D-290.970, “Call**
14 **for Action by the AMA to Reverse or Mitigate Medicaid Cuts,” be amended by**
15 **striking “A-26” and inserting “A-27” and that the remainder of the report be filed.**
16

- 17 1. **Publicly denounce cuts to Medicaid in Public Law 119-21 (known as the “One**
18 **Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025”);**
- 19 2. **Through, but not limited to, press releases, position statements, op-eds in**
20 **major outlets, press conferences and lobbying, work to reverse or mitigate**
21 **Public Law 119-21 as it relates to Medicaid;**
- 22 3. **Continue working with state medical societies, specialty societies, patient**
23 **advocacy groups, hospital systems and safety net organizations to advocate**
24 **for the reversal or mitigation of Medicaid-related cuts in Public Law 119-21;**
25

26 **The Board of Trustees recommends that existing AMA policies “Preservation of**
27 **Medicaid” (H-290.951), “Call for Action by the American Medical Association to**
28 **Reverse or Mitigate Medicaid Cuts” (D-290.970), “Opposition to Medicaid Work**
29 **Requirements” (H-290.961), and “Support for State Provider and Managed Care**
30 **Organization Taxes to Sustain Federal Medicaid Matching Funding” (H-285.898) be**
31 **reaffirmed.**
32

33
34 **The Board of Trustees recommends that the fourth item of Policy D-290.970, “Call for**
35 **Action by the AMA to Reverse or Mitigate Medicaid Cuts,” be rescinded as having been**
36 **accomplished by this report and the remainder of the report be filed.**
37

- 38 1. **Publicly denounce cuts to Medicaid in Public Law 119-21 (known as the “One Big**
39 **Beautiful Bill Act of 2025”);**
- 40 2. **Through, but not limited to, press releases, position statements, op-eds in major**
41 **outlets, press conferences and lobbying, work to reverse or mitigate Public Law**
42 **119-21 as it relates to Medicaid;**
- 43 3. **Continue working with state medical societies, specialty societies, patient**
44 **advocacy groups, hospital systems and safety net organizations to advocate for**
45 **the reversal or mitigation of Medicaid-related cuts in Public Law 119-21;**
- 46 4. **Report back to the AMA’s House of Delegates at A-26. (Modify Current Policy)**

1 Your Reference Committee heard broad support for Board of Trustees Report 24 and
2 AMA's advocacy to mitigate Medicaid cuts enacted by Public Law 119-21. Commenters
3 endorsed strong, ongoing advocacy and requested continued updates from the Board of
4 Trustees to the House of Delegates. An amendment was offered to require the Board of
5 Trustees to report back at the 2027 Annual Meeting of the House of Delegates to allow
6 the House to assess our AMA's progress on Medicaid advocacy as more significant cuts
7 made by Public Law 119-21 begin to take effect. This amendment received support,
8 including from the Board of Trustees.

9
10 An amendment was offered to further elevate mitigation of Medicaid cuts made by Public
11 Law 119-21 (also known as the "One Big Beautiful Bill Act"), including delaying work
12 requirements and establishing an appropriate definition of medical frailty, as a top
13 advocacy priority. Your Reference Committee appreciates that the cuts made by P.L. 119-
14 21 are a pressing issue, and that advocacy to reverse or mitigate these cuts is urgently
15 needed. However, the cuts in P.L. 119-21 are already addressed through existing AMA
16 policies in conjunction with Resolution 243, which relates to the medical frailty exemption
17 and which your Reference Committee is recommending be adopted as amended. Existing
18 policy already establishes preserving Medicaid as a "top legislative advocacy priority" of
19 our AMA, opposes work requirements as a condition of Medicaid eligibility, supports the
20 use of state provider and managed care organization taxes to finance Medicaid, and
21 specifically directs our AMA to advocate to reverse or mitigate P.L. 119-21's cuts.
22 Furthermore, our AMA is actively and aggressively carrying out these policies through
23 sustained and committed advocacy on these issues. Our AMA is leading an advocacy
24 campaign on P.L. 119-21 changes, and many of the resources, advocacy work, and press
25 statements that are part of this campaign are available on a dedicated [website](#). Beyond
26 this public-facing advocacy, our AMA is directly engaged with policymakers at the state
27 and federal levels, urging policies that will implement P.L. 119-21's cuts in the least
28 harmful manner possible.

29
30 Our AMA's advocacy work on P.L. 119-21 is comprehensive and includes the specific
31 issue of medical frailty raised by the proposed amendment. When the Centers for
32 Medicare & Medicaid Services issued an interim final rule that adopted stringent
33 requirements for medical frailty exemptions, our AMA, responding to unconfirmed reports
34 that the rule would include unduly harsh requirements, had already sent a [public letter](#) to
35 CMS urging the agency not to adopt these requirements. Now that the rule is public, our
36 AMA will continue to advocate vigorously for revisions that will avoid inflicting unnecessary
37 harm to eligible patients and burden on physicians.

38
39 Finally, your Reference Committee believes it is inadvisable to adopt policy that effectively
40 prioritizes one set of Medicaid issues above other Medicaid issues. Our policies are long-
41 lasting, and today's priorities may not be the same as tomorrow's priorities. Competing
42 policies that elevate different aspects of Medicaid could create confusion and undermine
43 our advocacy as new challenges arise.

44
45 Therefore, in lieu of adopting the proposed amendment, your Reference Committee
46 recommends reaffirmation of the AMA policies that collectively provide robust guidance
47 and direction for the AMA's advocacy. Specifically, Policy H-290.951, "Preservation of
48 Medicaid," elevates Medicaid to an urgent and top legislative
49 advocacy priority and supports protecting and preserving Medicaid as an
50 essential component of the healthcare safety net. Policy D-290.970, "Call for Action by the

1 American Medical Association to Reverse or Mitigate Medicaid
2 Cuts,” denounces cuts to Medicaid and directs AMA to continue advocacy efforts to
3 reverse or mitigate Medicaid funding reductions in P.L. 119-21 to ensure continued access
4 to care. Policy H-290.961, “Opposition to Medicaid Work Requirements”, states that AMA
5 opposes work requirements for Medicaid eligibility, recognizing they may hinder access
6 for vulnerable populations. Policy H-258.898, “Support for State Provider and Managed
7 Care Organization Taxes to Sustain Federal Medicaid Matching Funding,” supports the
8 use of certain financing tools, sharply curtailed by P.L. 119-21, that states have long used
9 to support their Medicaid programs.

10
11 These reaffirmed policies, alongside AMA’s robust advocacy and the provisions of
12 Resolution 243, sufficiently address the concerns raised. Therefore, your Reference
13 Committee recommends that Board of Trustees Report 24 be adopted as
14 amended, existing policy be reaffirmed, and that the remainder of the report be filed.

15
16 [Preservation of Medicaid H-290.951](#)

- 17
18 1. Our American Medical Association elevates Medicaid to an urgent and
19 top legislative advocacy priority alongside Medicare payment reform,
20 specifically advocating for maintaining and
21 expanding Medicaid coverage, access, federal funding, and eligibility.
22 2. Our AMA strongly opposes federal and state efforts to restrict eligibility,
23 coverage, access, and funding for Medicaid and the Children’s Health
24 Insurance Program (CHIP).

25
26 [Call for Action by the American Medical Association to Reverse or Mitigate](#)
27 [Medicaid Cuts D-290.970](#)

- 28
29 1. Our American Medical Association publicly denounces cuts to Medicaid
30 in Public Law 119-21 (known as the “One Big Beautiful Bill Act of
31 2025”).
32
33 2. Our AMA through, but not limited to, press releases, position
34 statements, op-eds in major outlets, press conferences and lobbying,
35 work to reverse or mitigate Public Law 119-21 as it relates to Medicaid,
36
37 3. Our AMA will continue working with state medical societies, specialty
38 societies, patient advocacy groups, hospital systems and safety net
39 organizations to advocate for the reversal or mitigation of Medicaid-
40 related cuts in Public Law 119-21.
41
42 4. Our AMA will report back to the AMA’s House of Delegates at A-26.

43
44 [Opposition to Medicaid Work Requirements H-290.961](#)

45
46 Our AMA opposes work requirements as a criterion for Medicaid eligibility.

47
48 [Support for State Provider and Managed Care Organization Taxes to](#)
49 [Sustain Federal Medicaid Matching Funding H-285.898](#)

50

- 1 2. Our American Medical Association supports the use of broad-based,
2 uniform Provider (hospital and nursing home) and Managed Care
3 Organization (MCO) taxes to generate state funds to match with federal
4 Medicaid funding that sustain or improve Medicaid patients' access to
5 care while not financially burdening physician practices.
- 6 2. Our AMA opposes federal proposals that would restrict or eliminate
7 states' ability to assess Provider (hospital and nursing home) and
8 Managed Care Organization Taxes to finance their Medicaid programs
9 and protect patient access to care, as long as physician practices are
10 not financially harmed.

11
12
13 (17) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 28 -
14 ACCOUNTABILITY IN THE USE OF AUGMENTED
15 INTELLIGENCE FOR PRIOR AUTHORIZATION

16
17 RECOMMENDATION A:

18
19 Your Reference Committee recommends that
20 recommendation 1.2 of Board of Trustees Report 28 be
21 amended by addition and deletion to read as follows:
22

23 2) Engage Congress, CMS, and other federal policymakers
24 to strengthen requirements that AI-informed adverse
25 determinations be subject to appeal and to review by a
26 physician (a) possessing a current and valid non-restricted
27 license to practice medicine in the state in which the
28 proposed services would be provided, (b) of the same
29 specialty as the physician who manages the medical
30 condition or disease, or provides the health care service
31 involved in the request—qualified, specialty appropriate
32 clinicians, and (c) who are not incentivized to deny coverage
33 for care, and to ensure that automated systems do not
34 supplant individualized clinical judgment.

35
36 RECOMMENDATION B:

37
38 Your Reference Committee recommends that
39 recommendation 1.3 of Board of Trustees Report 28 be
40 amended by addition and deletion to read as follows:
41

42 3) Support and seek advancement of federal legislation to
43 promote transparency in all Medicare Advantage prior
44 authorization programs, including public reporting of AI and
45 automated decision-making use.

46
47 RECOMMENDATION C:

48
49 Your Reference Committee recommends that
50 recommendation 1.5 of Board of Trustees Report 28 be

1 amended by addition and deletion to read as follows:
2

3 5) Press for safeguards protecting continuity of care,
4 including requirements that previously approved
5 medications not be denied or disrupted based solely on AI
6 generated recommendations without direct review of the
7 patient record by a physician (a) possessing a current and
8 valid non-restricted license to practice medicine in the state
9 in which the proposed services would be provided and (b)
10 of the same specialty as the physician who manages the
11 medical condition or disease, or provides the health care
12 service involved in the request ~~qualified clinician.~~

13 RECOMMENDATION D:

14
15 Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of
16 Trustees Report 24 be adopted as amended, and the
17 remainder of the Report be filed.
18

19
20 **HOD ACTION: Board of Trustees Report 24 is adopted as amended, and the**
21 **remainder of the Report filed.**

22
23 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

24
25 **1) Our American Medical Association (AMA) will:**

- 26
27 **1. Advance federal advocacy to ensure that insurer use of AI in prior**
28 **authorization and claims review is grounded in accurate, up-to-date,**
29 **evidence-based clinical guidelines derived from national medical specialty**
30 **societies and peer-reviewed literature.**
31 **2. Engage Congress, CMS, and other federal policymakers to strengthen**
32 **requirements that AI-informed adverse determinations be subject to appeal**
33 **and to review by a physician (a) possessing a current and valid non-**
34 **restricted license to practice medicine in the state in which the proposed**
35 **services would be provided, (b) of the same specialty as the physician who**
36 **manages the medical condition or disease, or provides the health care**
37 **service involved in the request, and (c) who are not incentivized to deny**
38 **coverage for care, and to ensure that automated systems do not supplant**
39 **individualized clinical judgment.**
40 **3. Support and seek advancement of federal legislation to promote**
41 **transparency in all prior authorization programs, including public reporting**
42 **of AI and automated decision-making use.**
43 **4. Advocate for enhanced transparency and accountability in insurer use of AI,**
44 **including clear disclosure when AI is used in coverage determinations and**
45 **meaningful access for patients and physicians to the criteria, clinical**
46 **guidelines, and data underlying those determinations.**
47 **5. Press for safeguards protecting continuity of care, including requirements**
48 **that previously approved medications not be denied or disrupted based**
49 **solely on AI-generated recommendations without direct review of the patient**

1 record by a physician (a) possessing a current and valid non-restricted
2 license to practice medicine in the state in which the proposed services
3 would be provided and (b) of the same specialty as the physician who
4 manages the medical condition or disease, or provides the health care
5 service involved in the request.

6 6. Support development and adoption of state-level guardrails that limit
7 reliance on automated systems as the sole basis for medical necessity
8 denials and promote clinician oversight, audit authority, and protections
9 against algorithmic discrimination.

10 7. Engage in national AI technical standards discussions to strengthen
11 transparency regarding whether human review occurred in coverage
12 determinations and to facilitate identification of reviewer specialty. (Directive
13 to Take Action)

14
15 2) That item two of Policy D-480.956, “Use of Augmented Intelligence for Prior
16 Authorization,” be rescinded as having been accomplished by this report. (Modify
17 Current HOD Policy)

19
20 The Board of Trustees recommends that the following be adopted, and the remainder of
21 the report be filed.

22
23 1) Our American Medical Association (AMA) will:

24
25 1. Advance federal advocacy to ensure that insurer use of AI in prior authorization
26 and claims review is grounded in accurate, up-to-date, evidence-based clinical
27 guidelines derived from national medical specialty societies and peer-reviewed
28 literature.

29 2. Engage Congress, CMS, and other federal policymakers to strengthen
30 requirements that AI-informed adverse determinations be subject to review by
31 qualified, specialty-appropriate clinicians who are not incentivized to deny
32 coverage for care, and to ensure that automated systems do not supplant
33 individualized clinical judgment.

34 3. Support and seek advancement of federal legislation to promote transparency in
35 Medicare Advantage prior authorization programs, including public reporting of AI
36 and automated decision-making use.

37 4. Advocate for enhanced transparency and accountability in insurer use of AI,
38 including clear disclosure when AI is used in coverage determinations and
39 meaningful access for patients and physicians to the criteria, clinical guidelines,
40 and data underlying those determinations.

41 5. Press for safeguards protecting continuity of care, including requirements that
42 previously approved medications not be denied or disrupted based solely on AI-
43 generated recommendations without direct review of the patient record by a
44 qualified clinician.

45 6. Support development and adoption of state-level guardrails that limit reliance on
46 automated systems as the sole basis for medical necessity denials and promote
47 clinician oversight, audit authority, and protections against algorithmic
48 discrimination.

1 7. Engage in national AI technical standards discussions to strengthen transparency
2 regarding whether human review occurred in coverage determinations and to
3 facilitate identification of reviewer specialty. (Directive to Take Action)
4

5 2) That item two of Policy D-480.956, "Use of Augmented Intelligence for Prior
6 Authorization," be rescinded as having been accomplished by this report. (Modify Current
7 HOD Policy)
8

9 Your Reference Committee heard testimony reflecting a strong consensus in support of
10 Board of Trustees Report 28. However, an amendment was offered to ensure that under
11 recommendation 1.2 and 1.5 there is consistency in the definition of "qualified specialty-
12 appropriate physician" with H-480.931, where it is defined as a physician (a) possessing
13 a current and valid non-restricted license to practice medicine in the state in which the
14 proposed services would be provided if authorized and (b) be of the same specialty as the
15 physician who typically manages the medical condition or disease or provides the health
16 care service involved in the request prior to issuance of any final determination. Another
17 amendment asked for an expansion of the scope of recommendation 1.4 beyond Medicare
18 Advantage to also include all payers. Both amendments were supported by your Board of
19 Trustees.
20

21 Your Reference Committee agrees with the adoption of these amendments. Therefore,
22 your Reference Committee recommends Board of Trustee Report 28 be adopted as
23 amended and the remainder of the report be filed.
24
25

26 (18) RESOLUTION 203 - SUPPORT FOR INDEPENDENT
27 EVALUATION OF OUTCOMES ASSOCIATED WITH
28 UNSUPERVISED NURSE PRACTITIONER PRACTICE
29

30 RECOMMENDATION A:
31

32 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
33 203 be amended by addition and deletion to read as follows:
34

35 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association
36 advocate for and support funding of independent,
37 academically rigorous studies performing comparative
38 effectiveness analyses of patient outcomes between
39 autonomous non-physician practitioners and physician-
40 led (MD/DO) team based care models, including measures
41 of patient safety, quality, utilization, access, cost, and health
42 outcomes, with a goal of publication in peer-reviewed
43 scientific journals ~~and support funding of independent,~~
44 ~~academically rigorous studies comparing patient outcomes~~
45 ~~between unsupervised nurse practitioner care and~~
46 ~~physician-led team based care, including measures of~~
47 ~~patient safety, quality, utilization, access, and health~~
48 ~~outcomes, with a goal of publication in peer reviewed~~
49 ~~literature.~~ (Directive to Take Action)

1 RECOMMENDATION B:
2

3 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
4 203 be adopted as amended.
5

6 RECOMMENDATION C:
7

8 Your Reference Committee recommends that the title of
9 Resolution 203 be changed to read as follows:
10

11 **SUPPORT FOR EVALUATION OF OUTCOMES**
12 **ASSOCIATED WITH NON-PHYSICIAN PRACTITIONER**
13 **PRACTICE**
14

15 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 203 is adopted as amended with a change of title.**
16

17 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
18

19 **SUPPORT FOR EVALUATION OF OUTCOMES ASSOCIATED WITH NON-PHYSICIAN**
20 **PRACTITIONER PRACTICE**
21

22 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association fund independent,**
23 **academically rigorous studies performing comparative effectiveness analyses of**
24 **patient outcomes between autonomous non-physician practitioners and physician-**
25 **led (MD/DO or foreign equivalent) care models, including measures of patient**
26 **safety, quality, utilization, access, cost, and health outcomes, with a goal of**
27 **publication in peer-reviewed scientific journals. (Directive to Take Action)**
28
29

30 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate for and support funding of**
31 **independent, academically rigorous studies comparing patient outcomes between**
32 **unsupervised nurse practitioner care and physician-led team-based care, including**
33 **measures of patient safety, quality, utilization, access, and health outcomes, with a goal**
34 **of publication in peer-reviewed literature. (Directive to Take Action)**
35
36

37 Your Reference Committee heard extensive testimony in support of Resolution 203.
38 Commentors broadly called for reinstatement of language calling on the AMA to support
39 funding of studies on outcomes associated with unsupervised practice by non-physicians,
40 and further recommended that cost be added to the enumerated measures to be
41 examined. Your Reference Committee agrees with both recommendations and otherwise
42 finds that the language offered in the preliminary report is sufficient to encompass studies
43 addressing a broad range of practice models and patient outcomes. Your Reference
44 Committee therefore recommends that Resolution 203 be adopted as amended.

1 (19) RESOLUTION 207 - ADDRESSING RURAL MATERNITY
2 CARE DESERTS THROUGH THE CONRAD 30 WAIVER
3 PROGRAM

4
5 RECOMMENDATION A:

6
7 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
8 207 be amended by addition and deletion to read as follows:

9
10 RESOLVED, That our American Medical Association
11 update existing policy D 255.985 "Conrad 30- J1 Visa
12 Waivers" to address current challenges and modernize the
13 program by addition as follows:

- 14
15 • advocate for the redistribution (or recapture) of
16 unused waivers capacity to high-need states; and
17 • ~~advocate for the streamlining of administrative~~
18 ~~requirements to shorten timelines for employers and~~
19 ~~physicians, such as establishing a medical national~~
20 ~~interest exception and implementing mandatory~~
21 ~~expedited processing for physician and medical~~
22 ~~trainee applicants.~~

23
24 RECOMMENDATION B:

25
26 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
27 207 be amended by addition of a new resolve as follows:

28
29 RESOLVED, That policies D-255.980, D-255.966, and H-
30 255.961 be reaffirmed.

31
32 RECOMMENDATION C:

33
34 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
35 207 be adopted as amended.

36
37 RECOMMENDATION D:

38
39 Your Reference Committee recommends that the title of
40 Resolution 207 be changed to read as follows:

41
42 **ADDRESSING RURAL CARE DESERTS THROUGH THE**
43 **CONRAD 30 WAIVER PROGRAM**

1
2 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 207 is adopted as amended with a change of title.**

3
4 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

5
6 **ADDRESSING RURAL CARE DESERTS THROUGH THE CONRAD 30 WAIVER PROGRAM**

7
8
9 **RESOLVED, That our American Medical Association update existing policy D**
10 **255.985 “Conrad 30- J1 Visa Waivers” to address current challenges and modernize**
11 **the program by addition as follows:**

- 12
13
 - **advocate for the redistribution (or recapture) of unused waivers.**

14
15 **RESOLVED, That policies D-255.980, D-255.966, and H-255.961 be reaffirmed.**

16
17
18 **RESOLVED, That our American Medical Association update existing policy D 255.985**
19 **“Conrad 30- J1 Visa Waivers” to address current challenges and modernize the**
20 **program by addition as follows:**

- 21
22
 - **advocate for the redistribution (or recapture) of unused waiver capacity to high-**
23 **need states; and**
 - **advocate for the streamlining of administrative requirements to shorten timelines**
24 **for employers and physicians, such as establishing a medical national interest**
25 **exception and implementing mandatory expedited processing for physician and**
26 **medical trainee applicants.**

27
28
29 Testimony for Resolution 207 reflected the importance of the Conrad 30 Waiver Program
30 to communities facing health care access challenges. Testimony appreciated the
31 resolution’s creative and timely approach to addressing workforce shortages. However,
32 commenters noted that some aspects of the resolution are covered by existing AMA
33 policy, and that our AMA is already engaged in extensive work in this space, supporting
34 legislation to [expand](#) the Conrad 30 program, allow for the [redistribution](#) of unused Conrad
35 30 slots, and [more](#). An amendment was proposed to remove potentially divisive wording
36 relating to the distribution of waiver slots among states. Finally, one commenter
37 suggested, in addition to taking action on Resolution 207, that existing AMA policies
38 supporting immigration policies that address health care workforce issues be reaffirmed.

39
40 Your Reference Committee agrees that Resolution 207 adds to our AMA’s existing body
41 of policy to the extent that it explicitly calls for the redistribution or recapture of unused
42 Conrad 30 waivers. However, your Reference Committee found the proposed
43 amendments and the rationale surrounding ensuring that the Conrad 30 Program remains
44 bipartisan highly persuasive. Your Reference Committee also favors changing the title of
45 the resolution to remove the reference to “maternity care deserts” because the resolution
46 itself does not explicitly reference maternity care deserts and the Conrad 30 Program is
47 not solely or primarily related to addressing maternity care deserts. However, your
48 Reference Committee does note that there are additional J-waiver programs such as the

1 HHS [Exchange Visitor J-1 Visa Waiver Program](#) where additional maternity care is
2 provided in high need areas by our international medical graduates.

3
4 Your Reference Committee appreciates the growing lack of maternity care and supports
5 creative approaches to help and mitigate these shortages. Your Reference Committee
6 also supports the Conrad 30 Program being used to supplement shortage areas where
7 appropriate. However, your Committee believes that the Conrad 30 Program and our
8 current AMA advocacy are already broad enough to support Conrad 30 slots being filled
9 by physicians that provide maternal care. Furthermore, your Reference Committee heard
10 that the states that are currently most in need are having the hardest time recruiting
11 Conrad 30 participants. Testimony noted that the resolution as written would not help to
12 mitigate this problem and instead would incentivize these individuals to go to the states
13 that are already considered more desirable and are currently able to fill all of their slots.

14
15 In addition, your Reference Committee agrees with the suggestion to reaffirm existing
16 AMA policies that support removing immigration-driven barriers to strengthening our
17 health care workforce. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that
18 Resolution 207 be adopted as amended, and that existing AMA policies D-255.980, D-
19 255.966, and H-255.961 be reaffirmed.

20
21 [Impact of Immigration Barriers on the Nation's Health D-255.980](#)

- 22 1. Our American Medical Association recognizes the valuable
23 contributions and affirms our support of international medical
24 students and international medical graduates and their participation
25 in U.S. medical schools, residency and fellowship training programs
26 and in the practice of medicine.
- 27 2. Our AMA will oppose laws and regulations that would broadly deny
28 entry or re-entry to the United States of persons who currently have
29 legal visas, including permanent resident status (green card) and
30 student visas, based on their country of origin and/or religion.
- 31 3. Our AMA will oppose policies that would broadly deny issuance of
32 legal visas to persons based on their country of origin and/or
33 religion.
- 34 4. Our AMA will advocate for the immediate reinstatement of
35 premium processing of H-1B visas for physicians and trainees to
36 prevent any negative impact on patient care.
- 37 5. Our AMA will advocate for the timely processing of visas for all
38 physicians, including residents, fellows, and physicians in
39 independent practice.
- 40 6. Our AMA will work with other stakeholders to study the current
41 impact of immigration reform efforts on residency and fellowship
42 programs, physician supply, and timely access of patients to health
43 care throughout the U.S

44
45 [Ensuring Timely J-1 Visa Processing to Protect IMG Participation in
46 Residency Programs D-255.966](#)

47
48 Our American Medical Association will work with all relevant federal
49 agencies to support timely J-1 visa appointments and expedited processing

1 for international medical graduates matched into U. S. residency and
2 fellowship programs.

3
4 [Expedited H-1B Pathways for International Medical Graduate Physicians](#)
5 [in the USA H-255.961](#)
6

7 Our American Medical Association supports the continuance of premium
8 processing and other mechanisms that expedite H-1B visa applications and
9 renewals for International Medical Graduate physicians.

10
11
12 (20) RESOLUTION 208 - INCORPORATING CRITICAL
13 MEDICAL TREATMENT PLANNING INTO
14 EMERGENCY/DISASTER PREPAREDNESS

15
16 RECOMMENDATION A:

17
18 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
19 resolve of Resolution 208 be amended by addition and
20 deletion to read as follows:

21
22 RESOLVED, that our American Medical
23 Association support the development of development
24 state legislation and/or and guidelines that for incorporate in
25 g critical medical treatment planning into
26 emergency/disaster preparedness plans (Directive to Take
27 Action); and be it further

28
29 RECOMMENDATION B:

30
31 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
32 208 be adopted as amended.

33

34
35 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 208 is adopted as amended.**

36
37 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

38
39 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association support the development of**
40 **legislation and/or guidelines that incorporate critical medical treatment planning**
41 **into emergency/disaster preparedness plans (Directive to Take Action); and be it**
42 **further**

43
44 **RESOLVED, that our AMA support interdisciplinary cooperative planning**
45 **agreements to ensure continuity of critical medical treatments during emergencies.**
46 **(New HOD Policy)**
47

1 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association develop model state legislation and
2 guidelines for incorporating critical medical treatment planning into emergency/disaster
3 preparedness plans (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

4
5 RESOLVED, that our AMA support interdisciplinary cooperative planning agreements to
6 ensure continuity of critical medical treatments during emergencies. (New HOD Policy)

7
8 Your Reference Committee heard testimony from numerous commenters supporting
9 Resolution 208, including testimony that emphasized the importance of ensuring
10 continuity of critical medical treatments such as dialysis, chemotherapy, and advanced
11 therapies during disasters and emergencies. Several comments highlighted the value of
12 interdisciplinary and cooperative planning agreements to maintain access to care for
13 medically vulnerable populations.

14
15 Online testimony raised substantive concerns regarding the directive for our AMA to
16 develop model state legislation. Multiple commenters stressed that disaster and
17 emergency management is a specialized field with highly localized needs, regulatory
18 frameworks, and technical standards that vary widely across jurisdictions. While the intent
19 to support continuity of care is broadly supported, testimony found the model legislation
20 directive overly prescriptive and outside our AMA's core expertise.

21
22 Your Reference Committee agrees that continuity of critical medical treatments during
23 disasters and emergencies is an important priority for our AMA. However, your Reference
24 Committee believes our AMA can make the greatest contribution by supporting guidance,
25 best practices, and cooperative planning efforts that can be adapted to differing state and
26 local circumstances, rather than by developing prescriptive model legislation. Therefore,
27 your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 208 be adopted as amended.

1 (21) RESOLUTION 212 - PROTECTING PATIENT ACCESS
2 TO CLINICAL TRIALS AND MITIGATING
3 ADMINISTRATIVE DISRUPTIONS TO NIH FUNDING
4

5 RECOMMENDATION A:
6

7 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
8 resolve of Resolution 212 be amended by addition and
9 deletion to read as follows:

10
11 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association amend
12 Policy D-460.960 by addition and deletion to read as follows:
13

14 Our AMA advocates against reorganization, or
15 consolidation or re-prioritization of the NIH when such
16 action:

- 17 a. lacks transparency or is implemented without
18 meaningful input from the biomedical research and
19 physician communities; ~~and~~
- 20 b. results in a reduction of funding that jeopardizes
21 ongoing or long-term research through premature
22 cancellation of grants, contracts, or programs
23 essential to public health, biomedical innovation, or
24 patient care; ~~and or~~
- 25 c. is driven by frameworks that bypass validated, merit-
26 based scientific peer-review processes or violate
27 ethical obligations to human subjects. (Modify
28 Current HOD Policy); and be it further
29

30 RECOMMENDATION B:
31

32 Your Reference Committee recommends that the second
33 resolve of Resolution 212 be amended by addition and
34 deletion to read as follows:
35

36 RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate against (1) any delay
37 or inappropriate interference by the Office of Management
38 and Budget (OMB), or any other entity within the Executive
39 Branch, in the approval, apportionment, or distribution of
40 funds appropriated to the NIH, and (2) any other
41 administrative actions that for the immediate approval of the
42 NIH spend plan and the full apportionment of
43 congressionally appropriated funds by the Office of
44 Management and Budget (OMB), and advocate against any
45 future use of administrative apportionment delays
46 to artificially restrict or impound biomedical research funding
47 (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

1 RECOMMENDATION C:
2

3 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
4 212 be adopted as amended.
5

6
7 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 212 is adopted as amended.**
8

9 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

10
11 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association amend Policy D-460.960 by**
12 **addition and deletion to read as follows:**

13
14 **2. Our AMA advocates against reorganization, or consolidation or re-prioritization**
15 **of the NIH when such action:**

- 16
17 a. **lacks transparency or is implemented without meaningful input from the**
18 **biomedical research and physician communities;**
19 b. **results in a reduction of funding that jeopardizes ongoing or long-term**
20 **research through premature cancellation of grants, contracts, or programs**
21 **essential to public health, biomedical innovation, or patient care; or**
22 c. **is driven by frameworks that bypass validated, merit-based scientific peer-**
23 **review processes or violate ethical obligations to human subjects. (Modify**
24 **Current HOD Policy); and be it further**
25

26 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate against (1) any delay or inappropriate**
27 **interference by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB), or any other entity**
28 **within the Executive Branch, in the approval, apportionment, or distribution of**
29 **funds appropriated to the NIH, and (2) any other administrative actions that restrict**
30 **or impound biomedical research funding (Directive to Take Action); and be it**
31 **further**
32

33 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate against the mandatory "forward-funding" or**
34 **"front-loading" of multi-year NIH grants, which is the practice of distributing the**
35 **entire multi-year total value of a grant upfront out of a single fiscal year's limited**
36 **appropriation rather than the historical practice of disbursing annual grant**
37 **allowances from the appropriations of those individual years, to prevent drastic**
38 **reductions to the total number of potential new grants and clinical trials that can be**
39 **awarded (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**
40

41 **RESOLVED, that our AMA reaffirm Policy D-460.961, which opposes arbitrary and**
42 **unilateral caps on indirect costs in federal grants. (Directive to Take Action)**
43

44
45 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association amend Policy D-460.960 by addition**
46 **and deletion to read as follows:**

47
48 **2. Our AMA advocates against reorganization, ~~or~~ consolidation or re-prioritization of the**
49 **NIH when such action:**

- 1 a. lacks transparency or is implemented without meaningful input from the biomedical
- 2 research and physician communities; and
- 3 b. results in a reduction of funding that jeopardizes ongoing or long-term research through
- 4 premature cancellation of grants, contracts, or programs essential to public health,
- 5 biomedical innovation, or patient care; and
- 6 c. is driven by frameworks that bypass validated, merit-based scientific peer-review
- 7 processes or violate ethical obligations to human subjects. (Modify Current HOD
- 8 Policy); and be it further

9
10 RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for the immediate approval of the NIH spend plan
11 and the full apportionment of congressionally appropriated funds by the Office of
12 Management and Budget (OMB), and advocate against any future use of administrative
13 apportionment delays to artificially restrict or impound biomedical research funding
14 (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

15
16 RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate against the mandatory "forward-funding" or "front-
17 loading" of multi-year NIH grants, which is the practice of distributing the entire multi-year
18 total value of a grant upfront out of a single fiscal year's limited appropriation rather than
19 the historical practice of disbursing annual grant allowances from the appropriations of
20 those individual years, to prevent drastic reductions to the total number of potential new
21 grants and clinical trials that can be awarded (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

22
23 RESOLVED, that our AMA reaffirm Policy D-460.961, which opposes arbitrary and
24 unilateral caps on indirect costs in federal grants. (Directive to Take Action)

25
26 Your Reference Committee heard extensive testimony in favor of Resolution 212's core
27 goal of safeguarding funding for the National Institutes of Health (NIH). Our AMA has
28 actively supported funding for NIH research, including through [letters](#) to Congressional
29 appropriators seeking adequate NIH funding levels, letters [opposing](#) caps on indirect cost
30 recovery for NIH grants, and public [statements](#) on the importance of NIH funding for
31 medical research. Your Reference Committee heard testimony that Resolution 212 would
32 expand on our AMA's existing body of policy in this area, allowing for continued effective
33 advocacy.

34
35 A friendly amendment, which received support, was offered and would clarify that our AMA
36 will advocate against a reorganization, consolidation, or reprioritization of NIH funding that
37 meets any of the listed criteria (as opposed to all three), and would change the second
38 resolved clause to accurately reflect recent developments to the status of 2026 NIH
39 funding and generalize the policy to allow our AMA to oppose future administrative actions
40 that interfere with NIH or biomedical research funding. Your Reference Committee agrees
41 that this amendment captures the spirit of the original resolution while making useful
42 modifications to update and expand the language. Therefore, your Reference Committee
43 recommends that Resolution 212 be adopted as amended.

1 (22) RESOLUTION 216 - PROTECTING HEALTHCARE AS A
2 SENSITIVE LOCATION

3
4 RECOMMENDATION A:

5
6 Your Reference Committee recommends that the second
7 resolve of Resolution 216 be amended by deletion to read
8 as follows:

9
10 RESOLVED that our AMA collaborate with state societies
11 where immigration enforcement in health care facility
12 guidance has been developed, and with the AMA Advocacy
13 Resource Center, to develop model legislation and
14 regulation for states to adopt to better protect patients and
15 health care workers from ~~inappropriate~~ intrusion of federal
16 immigration agents in health care facilities (Directive to Take
17 Action); and be it further

18
19 RECOMMENDATION B:

20
21 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
22 216 be adopted as amended.

23
24
25 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 216 is adopted as amended.**

26
27 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

28
29 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association reaffirm its policies Presence**
30 **and Enforcement Actions of Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) in**
31 **Healthcare (D-160.921), Opposition to Criminalization of Medical Care Provided to**
32 **Undocumented Immigrant Patients (H-440.876), Mass Deportation as a Public**
33 **Health Issue (H-440.793), and Patient and Physician Rights Regarding Immigration**
34 **Status (H-315.966) (Reaffirm HOD Policy); and be it further**

35
36 **RESOLVED that our AMA collaborate with state societies where immigration**
37 **enforcement in health care facility guidance has been developed, and with the AMA**
38 **Advocacy Resource Center, to develop model legislation and regulation for states**
39 **to adopt to better protect patients and health care workers from intrusion of federal**
40 **immigration agents in health care facilities (Directive to Take Action); and be it**
41 **further**

42
43 **RESOLVED, that our AMA collaborate with relevant stakeholders, including**
44 **accrediting bodies, to develop health care facility standards related to immigration**
45 **enforcement. (Directive to Take Action)**
46

1 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association reaffirm its policies Presence and
2 Enforcement Actions of Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) in Healthcare (D-
3 160.921), Opposition to Criminalization of Medical Care Provided to Undocumented
4 Immigrant Patients (H-440.876), Mass Deportation as a Public Health Issue (H-440.793),
5 and Patient and Physician Rights Regarding Immigration Status (H-315.966) (Reaffirm
6 HOD Policy); and be it further

7
8 RESOLVED that our AMA collaborate with state societies where immigration enforcement
9 in health care facility guidance has been developed, and with the AMA Advocacy
10 Resource Center, to develop model legislation and regulation for states to adopt to better
11 protect patients and health care workers from inappropriate intrusion of federal
12 immigration agents in health care facilities (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

13
14 RESOLVED, that our AMA collaborate with relevant stakeholders, including accrediting
15 bodies, to develop health care facility standards related to immigration
16 enforcement. (Directive to Take Action)

17
18 Your Reference Committee heard extensive testimony in strong support of Resolution
19 216. Testimony highlighted the negative impact of federal immigration enforcement
20 activities in healthcare facilities on patient and clinician safety, trust, and public health
21 outcomes.

22
23 Multiple commenters supported amending the second resolved clause by removing the
24 word “inappropriate,” arguing that its inclusion introduces ambiguity and legal uncertainty.
25 Your Reference Committee agrees that the deletion of “inappropriate” clarifies the
26 resolution, preventing subjective interpretation and avoiding the need for referral for further
27 definition. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 216 be
28 adopted as amended.

29
30
31 (23) RESOLUTION 219 - INCORPORATING EVIDENCE-
32 BASED LIFESTYLE MEDICINE INTO RURAL HEALTH
33 TRANSFORMATION PROGRAMS

34
35 RECOMMENDATION A:

36
37 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
38 resolve of Resolution 219 be amended by addition and
39 deletion to read as follows:

40
41 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association
42 encourage State Constituent Medical Associations to work
43 collaboratively with their respective State Departments of
44 Health to incorporate ~~implementation~~ of the principles and
45 practices of lifestyle medicine into within the design
46 of their respective State's Rural Health Transformation
47 Program initiatives, ~~thereby satisfying some of the scored~~
48 ~~requirements/categories of the Rural Health Transformation~~
49 ~~Program application~~; and be it further

1 RECOMMENDATION B:
2

3 Your Reference Committee recommends that the second
4 resolve of Resolution 219 be amended by addition and
5 deletion to read as follows:
6

7 RESOLVED, that our AMA encourage
8 State ~~Constituent~~ Medical Associations to work
9 collaboratively with their ~~respective~~ State Departments of
10 Health to ~~offer include~~ nutrition continuing medical
11 education as part of an effective strategy to satisfy one of
12 ~~the scored requirements/categories of the~~ Rural Health
13 Transformation Program application.
14

15 RECOMMENDATION C:
16

17 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
18 219 be adopted as amended.
19

20
21 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 219 is adopted as amended.**
22

23 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
24

25 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association encourage State Medical**
26 **Associations to work collaboratively with their State Departments of Health to**
27 **incorporate the principles and practices of lifestyle medicine into their State's Rural**
28 **Health Transformation Program initiatives (New HOD Policy); and be it further**
29

30 **RESOLVED, that our AMA encourage State Medical Associations to work**
31 **collaboratively with their respective State Departments of Health to offer nutrition**
32 **continuing medical education as part of the Rural Health Transformation Program.**
33 **(New HOD Policy)**
34

35
36 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association encourage State Constituent Medical
37 Associations to work collaboratively with their respective State Departments of Health to
38 incorporate implementation of the principles and practices of lifestyle medicine within the
39 design of their respective State's Rural Health Transformation Program, thereby satisfying
40 some of the scored requirements/categories of the Rural Health Transformation Program
41 application (New HOD Policy); and be it further
42

43 RESOLVED, that our AMA encourage State Constituent Medical Associations to work
44 collaboratively with their respective State Departments of Health to include nutrition
45 continuing medical education as an effective strategy to satisfy one of the scored
46 requirements/categories of the Rural Health Transformation Program application. (New
47 HOD Policy)

1 Your Reference Committee heard testimony from many commenters supporting
2 Resolution 219. Your Reference Committee heard that addressing chronic disease and
3 health disparities in rural communities through evidence-based lifestyle medicine and
4 enhanced nutrition education is urgently needed, and that lifestyle medicine aligns closely
5 with preventive health strategies and the core goals of Rural Health Transformation
6 Program (RHTP) initiatives, with testimony citing direct benefits for patient outcomes,
7 clinician preparedness, and rural system sustainability.

8
9 A friendly amendment was offered to clarify the resolution by encouraging collaboration
10 with state departments of health and the inclusion of lifestyle medicine in RHTP
11 implementation, rather than prescribing mandatory continuing education requirements or
12 targeting already submitted state applications. Testimony argued that the proposed
13 amendment ensures the resolution is consistent with current program realities, provides
14 flexibility for state associations, while maintaining the resolution's focus on supporting
15 evidence-based and scalable approaches without creating new mandates.

16
17 Your Reference Committee favors adopting Resolution 219 with this amendment, as it
18 preserves the resolution's intent to strengthen rural health and promote evidence-based
19 preventive care while clarifying the resolution's language and supporting our AMA's
20 ongoing state-level collaboration in RHTP implementation. Therefore, your Reference
21 Committee recommends that Resolution 219 be adopted as amended.

1 (24) RESOLUTION 229 - PHYSICIANS ARE NOT
2 PROVIDERS

3
4 RECOMMENDATION A:

5
6 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
7 resolve of Resolution 229 be amended by deletion to read
8 as follows:

9
10 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association take
11 further advocacy actions to implement Policy H-405.968
12 which prioritizes the use of the term “physician” when
13 discussing those with an MD or DO, ~~and either “clinician” or~~
14 ~~“health care professional” as appropriate to describe those~~
15 ~~with other varying credentials (Directive to Take Action); and~~
16 be it further

17
18 RECOMMENDATION B:

19
20 Your Reference Committee recommends that the third
21 resolve of Resolution 229 be amended by addition and
22 deletion to read as follows:

23
24 RESOLVED, that our AMA believes that the use of the term
25 “provider” when used to include physicians negatively
26 impacts evaluate the issue of overbroad terminology using
27 Provider for Physician and others be evaluated for effect on
28 patient education/ and awareness, transparency and the
29 ethical responsibilities of physicians to patient safety and
30 professionalism (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

31
32 RECOMMENDATION C:

33
34 Your Reference Committee recommends that the fourth
35 resolve of Resolution 229 be amended by addition and
36 deletion to read as follows:

37
38 RESOLVED, that our AMA refer the issue of “Physicians are
39 not Providers” ~~to the board for study and report back~~
40 including for possible consideration by the American
41 Medical Association’s Council on Ethical and Judicial Affairs
42 (CEJA).

43
44 RECOMMENDATION D:

45
46 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
47 229 be adopted as amended.

1
2 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 229 is adopted as amended.**

3
4 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

5
6 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association take further advocacy actions**
7 **to implement Policy H-405.968 which prioritizes the use of the term “physician”**
8 **when discussing those with an MD or DO (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**

9
10 **RESOLVED, that our AMA Oppose the use of the term “provider” when used to**
11 **include physicians (New HOD Policy); and be it further**

12
13 **RESOLVED, that our AMA believes that the use of the term “provider” when used**
14 **to include physicians negatively impacts patient education and awareness,**
15 **transparency and the ethical responsibilities of physicians to patient safety and**
16 **professionalism (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**

17
18 **RESOLVED, that our AMA refer the issue of “Physicians are not Providers” for**
19 **possible consideration by the American Medical Association’s Council on Ethical**
20 **and Judicial Affairs (CEJA). (Directive to Take Action)**

21
22
23 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association take further advocacy actions to**
24 **implement Policy H-405.968 which prioritizes the use of the term “physician” when**
25 **discussing those with an MD or DO, and either “clinician” or “health care professional” as**
26 **appropriate to describe those with other varying credentials (Directive to Take Action); and**
27 **be it further**

28
29 **RESOLVED, that our AMA Oppose the use of the term “provider” when used to include**
30 **physicians (New HOD Policy); and be it further**

31
32 **RESOLVED, that our AMA evaluate the issue of overbroad terminology using Provider for**
33 **Physician and others be evaluated for effect on patient education/awareness,**
34 **transparency and ethical responsibilities of physicians to patient safety and**
35 **professionalism (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**

36
37 **RESOLVED, that our AMA refer the issue of “Physicians are not Providers” to the board**
38 **for study and report back including possible consideration by the American Medical**
39 **Association’s Council on Ethical and Judicial Affairs (CEJA). (Directive to Take Action)**

40
41 Your Reference Committee heard extensive testimony in support of Resolution 229.
42 Commenters noted that using the term “provider” to refer to physicians minimizes the
43 education, training, expertise, and licensure of physicians and can be misleading to
44 patients.

45
46 Multiple friendly amendments were offered, including one that would strengthen the
47 resolution by positively stating, in the third resolved clause, that our AMA believes that
48 referring to physicians as “providers” has negative impacts, rather than calling on our AMA
49 to study the issue, and by directing our AMA, in the fourth resolved clause, to immediately

1 refer the issue for possible consideration by the AMA Council on Ethical and Judicial
2 Affairs (CEJA). Testimony noted that these amendments fell in line with our existing scope
3 of practice work and gave the resolution immediate and direct effect as adopted policy
4 rather than framing it as an evaluation, as these concerns are already well established.
5 However, testimony highlighted that this issue has not been fully assessed from an ethical
6 perspective and may warrant further consideration by the Council on Ethical and Judicial
7 Affairs.

8
9 Your Reference Committee agrees with the goals of Resolution 229 and believes that
10 these proposed amendments do strengthen the resolution. Your Reference Committee
11 would further amend the resolution, in the first resolved clause, by removing the language
12 calling for the use of the term “clinician” or “health care professional” to refer to non-
13 physicians with other credentials, as your Reference Committee believes that it is not
14 necessary for our AMA to take a position on this question.

15
16 Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 229 be adopted as
17 amended.

18
19
20 (25) RESOLUTION 232 - BANNING FLAVORED CANNABIS
21 E-CIGARETTES

22
23 RECOMMENDATION A:

24
25 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
26 resolve of Resolution 232 be amended by addition and
27 deletion to read as follows:

28
29 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association
30 advocate and support a complete ban on the production,
31 marketing, and sale of Cannabis based ECIG flavored
32 devices and cartridges throughout all regulated cannabis
33 dispensaries (medical and adult-use) along with any outlet
34 selling intoxicating hemp products and public health entities
35 (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

36
37 RECOMMENDATION B:

38
39 Your Reference Committee recommends that the second
40 resolve of Resolution 232 be amended by addition and
41 deletion to read as follows:

42
43 RESOLVED, that our AMA pursue legislative changes
44 supporting concerning a comprehensive ban on the
45 production, marketing and sale of cannabis-based ECIG
46 flavored devices and cartridges in the United States.

1 RECOMMENDATION C:
2

3 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
4 232 be adopted as amended.
5

6
7 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 232 is adopted as amended.**
8

9 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
10

11 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate and support a**
12 **complete ban on the production, marketing, and sale of Cannabis based ECIG**
13 **flavored devices and cartridges throughout all regulated cannabis dispensaries**
14 **(medical and adult-use) along with any outlet selling intoxicating hemp products**
15 **(Directive to Take Action); and be it further**
16

17 **RESOLVED, that our AMA pursue legislative changes supporting a comprehensive**
18 **ban on the production, marketing and sale of cannabis-based ECIG flavored**
19 **devices and cartridges in the United States. (Directive to Take Action)**
20

21
22 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate and support a complete**
23 **ban on the production, marketing, and sale of Cannabis based ECIG flavored devices and**
24 **cartridges throughout all regulated cannabis dispensaries (medical and adult-use) along**
25 **with any outlet selling hemp products and public health entities (Directive to Take Action);**
26 **and be it further**
27

28 **RESOLVED, that our AMA pursue legislative changes concerning a comprehensive ban**
29 **on the production, marketing and sale of cannabis-based ECIG flavored devices and**
30 **cartridges in the United States. (Directive to Take Action)**
31

32 Your Reference Committee heard unanimous testimony in support of Resolution 232. One
33 commenter offered a friendly amendment with minor technical corrections to improve the
34 clarity of the resolution. Your Reference Committee agrees with the offered amendment
35 and, therefore, recommends that Resolution 232 be adopted as amended.

1 (26) RESOLUTION 239 - MEDICARE ADMINISTRATIVE
2 CONTRACTOR POLICY MODIFICATION
3

4 RECOMMENDATION A:
5

6 Your Reference Committee recommends that the new sixth
7 bullet of Policy D-330.897 in the first resolve clause be
8 amended by addition to read as follows:
9

10 Our AMA will advocate and work with CMS to require MACs
11 to provide an explanation for the removal of diagnostic
12 codes from the list of diagnoses included as medically
13 necessary for any procedure in a proposed new or revised
14 LCA, LCD Reference Article, or Billing and Coding Article,
15 and to require MACs to allow a 90-day public comment
16 period after this explanation has been provided (Modify
17 Current HOD Policy); and be it further
18

19 RECOMMENDATION B:
20

21 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
22 resolve clause of Policy D-330.987 be amended by addition
23 of the following new seventh bullet:
24

25 7. Our AMA will support federal legislation to improve the
26 LCD process, including to make the LCD process more
27 transparent and responsive to stakeholders such as
28 providers with subject matter expertise so that patients
29 can receive medically necessary and appropriate care.
30

31 RECOMMENDATION C:
32

33 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
34 239 be adopted as amended.
35

36
37 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 239 is adopted as amended.**
38

39 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
40

41 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association amend Policy D-330.897,**
42 **Stakeholder Engagement in Medicare Administrative Contractor Policy, by addition**
43 **to read:**
44

- 45 1. **Our American Medical Association opposes Medicare Administrative**
46 **Contractors (MACs) using Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) that could have**
47 **the effect of restricting coverage or access without providing data and**
48 **evidentiary review or without issuing associated Local Coverage**
49 **Determinations (LCDs) and following required stakeholder processes.**

- 1 **2. Our AMA will advocate and work with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid**
2 **Services (CMS) to improve the instructions to MACs regarding development**
3 **of local coverage policies in such a manner as to prevent LCAs that could**
4 **have the effect of restricting coverage or access from being adopted without**
5 **the MAC providing public data, decision criteria, and evidentiary review and**
6 **allowing comment, or without an associated LCD and the required LCD**
7 **stakeholder review and input process.**
- 8 **3. Our AMA will work with specialty and state medical societies and other**
9 **interested stakeholders to identify LCAs that potentially restrict coverage or**
10 **access and that were issued without the MACs providing opportunities for**
11 **stakeholder input, public data, decision criteria, and evidentiary review and**
12 **advocate that CMS require MACs to revise the policies by taking any such**
13 **proposed changes through an appropriate stakeholder engagement, public**
14 **data, and evidentiary review.**
- 15 **4. Our AMA will advocate and work with CMS to require a minimum 90-day**
16 **public comment period for new or revised LCDs.**
- 17 **5. Our AMA will advocate and work with CMS to require expedited**
18 **reconsideration timelines for new or revised LCDs that involve patient**
19 **access to an intervention that may preserve life and/or function.**
- 20 **6. Our AMA will advocate and work with CMS to require MACs to provide an**
21 **explanation for the removal of diagnostic codes from the list of diagnoses**
22 **included as medically necessary for any procedure in a proposed new or**
23 **revised LCA, LCD Reference Article, or Billing and Coding Article, and to**
24 **require MACs to allow a 90-day public comment period after this explanation**
25 **has been provided (Modify Current HOD Policy); and be it further**
- 26 **7. Our AMA will support federal legislation to improve the LCD process,**
27 **including to make the LCD process more transparent and responsive to**
28 **stakeholders such as providers with subject matter expertise so that**
29 **patients can receive medically necessary and appropriate care.**

30
31 **RESOLVED, that our AMA reaffirm policy D-330.918, Appropriateness of National**
32 **Coverage Decisions (Reaffirm HOD Policy); and be it further**

33
34 **RESOLVED, that our AMA reaffirm policy D-330.908, Improving the Local Coverage**
35 **Determination Process. (Reaffirm HOD Policy)**

36
37
38 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association amend Policy D-330.897,**
39 **Stakeholder Engagement in Medicare Administrative Contractor Policy, by addition to**
40 **read:**

- 41
42 1. Our American Medical Association opposes Medicare Administrative Contractors
43 (MACs) using Local Coverage Articles (LCAs) that could have the effect of
44 restricting coverage or access without providing data and evidentiary review or
45 without issuing associated Local Coverage Determinations (LCDs) and following
46 required stakeholder processes.
- 47 2. Our AMA will advocate and work with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
48 Services (CMS) to improve the instructions to MACs regarding development of
49 local coverage policies in such a manner as to prevent LCAs that could have the

1 effect of restricting coverage or access from being adopted without the MAC
2 providing public data, decision criteria, and evidentiary review and allowing
3 comment, or without an associated LCD and the required LCD stakeholder review
4 and input process.

5 3. Our AMA will work with specialty and state medical societies and other interested
6 stakeholders to identify LCAs that potentially restrict coverage or access and that
7 were issued without the MACs providing opportunities for stakeholder input, public
8 data, decision criteria, and evidentiary review and advocate that CMS require
9 MACs to revise the policies by taking any such proposed changes through an
10 appropriate stakeholder engagement, public data, and evidentiary review.

11 4. Our AMA will advocate and work with CMS to require a minimum 90-day public
12 comment period for new or revised LCDs.

13 5. Our AMA will advocate and work with CMS to require expedited reconsideration
14 timelines for new or revised LCDs that involve patient access to an intervention
15 that may preserve life and/or function.

16 6. Our AMA will advocate and work with CMS to require MACs to provide an
17 explanation for the removal of diagnostic codes from the list of diagnoses included
18 as medically necessary for any procedure in a proposed new or revised
19 LCA (Modify Current HOD Policy); and be it further

20
21 RESOLVED, that our AMA reaffirm policy D-330.918, Appropriateness of National
22 Coverage Decisions (Reaffirm HOD Policy); and be it further

23
24 RESOLVED, that our AMA reaffirm policy D-330.908, Improving the Local Coverage
25 Determination Process. (Reaffirm HOD Policy)

26
27 Your Reference Committee heard uniformly supportive testimony for Resolution 239
28 including support for a minimum 90-day public comment period for new or revised LCDs,
29 expedited reconsideration timelines, and explanations for the removal of diagnostic codes
30 from LCAs. An amendment was offered requiring a medical explanation for diagnostic
31 code removal and a 90-day comment period before such a removal takes effect.

32
33 Your Reference Committee believes Resolution 239 would bolster our AMA's policies on
34 Medicare Administrative Contractors. The amendment's "medical explanation"
35 requirement may be overly restrictive, as there are often legitimate non-medical reasons
36 for removing diagnostic codes, but the additional amendment offered strengthens the
37 resolution by adding a 90-day comment period before removal takes effect. An additional
38 amendment, which your Reference Committee accepted, supports federal legislation that
39 would improve the LCD process. Additional testimony supported this amendment which
40 your Committee adopted. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that
41 Resolution 239 be adopted as amended.

1 (27) RESOLUTION 240 - ENDING PRIVATE EQUITY
2 DIVIDEND RECAPITALIZATION IN HEALTHCARE
3

4 RECOMMENDATION A:
5

6 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
7 resolve of Resolution 240 be amended by addition to read
8 as follows:
9

10 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association will
11 advocate that the practice of Dividend Recapitalization must
12 be banned in all acquisitions of health care enterprises by
13 Private Equity firms or other investors that permit any non-
14 physician licensed entities to exercise control over the
15 practice of medicine (Directive to Take Action); and be it
16 further
17

18 RECOMMENDATION B:
19

20 Your Reference Committee recommends that the second
21 resolve of Resolution 240 be amended by deletion to read
22 as follows:
23

24 RESOLVED, that our AMA will develop model ~~federal and~~
25 state legislation that would prohibit the practice of Dividend
26 Recapitalization when health care enterprises are acquired
27 by PE and other corporations.
28

29 RECOMMENDATION C:
30

31 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
32 240 be adopted as amended.
33

34 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 240 is adopted as amended.**
35

36 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
37

38 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association will advocate that the practice**
39 **of Dividend Recapitalization must be banned in all acquisitions of health care**
40 **enterprises by Private Equity firms or other investors that permit any non-physician**
41 **licensed entities to exercise control over the practice of medicine (Directive to Take**
42 **Action); and be it further**
43

44 **RESOLVED, that our AMA will develop model state legislation that would prohibit**
45 **the practice of Dividend Recapitalization when health care enterprises are acquired**
46 **by PE and other corporations. (Directive to Take Action)**
47
48

1 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association will advocate that the practice of
2 Dividend Recapitalization must be banned in all acquisitions of health care enterprises by
3 Private Equity firms or other investors (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

4
5 RESOLVED, that our AMA will develop model federal and state legislation that would
6 prohibit the practice of Dividend Recapitalization when health care enterprises are
7 acquired by PE and other corporations. (Directive to Take Action)

8
9 Testimony on Resolution 240 was limited but generally favorable. An amendment was
10 offered to broaden the scope of the policy's opposition to dividend recapitalization to
11 encompass all non-physician investors, not private equity firms alone. Your Reference
12 Committee appreciates this amendment and notes that the model bill that our AMA will
13 develop based on this policy, pursuant to the second Resolved clause, will be friendly to
14 physician practices. Your Reference Committee therefore recommends that Resolution
15 240 be adopted as amended.

1 (28) RESOLUTION 243 - STANDARDIZING MEDICAL
2 FRAILITY TO STREAMLINE MEDICAID COMMUNITY
3 ENGAGEMENT & WORK EXEMPTIONS
4

5 RECOMMENDATION A:
6

7 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
8 resolve of Resolution 243 be amended by addition and
9 deletion to read as follows:
10

11 RESOLVED, that our American Medical
12 Association continue to work with ~~advocate~~ that the Centers
13 for Medicare & Medicaid Services ~~and~~ state Medicaid
14 agencies, and state and specialty medical associations
15 to establish medical frailty exemptions from Medicaid work
16 and community engagement requirements, that are
17 clinically grounded and protective of all individuals who are
18 medically frail, while preserving state flexibility to build upon
19 federal definitions and to design clinically appropriate,
20 accessible, and locally tailored exemption processes a
21 standard with which to define "medical frailty" and "complex
22 medical conditions" to be adopted by state Medicaid
23 agencies; this definition shall explicitly include, at a
24 minimum, any individual currently undergoing diagnostic
25 testing for, receiving treatment for, or under active
26 surveillance or monitoring for a life-threatening or complex
27 chronic medical condition, as well as conditions in which the
28 disease or its treatment results in functional limitation or an
29 ongoing need for medical care, while preserving the
30 authority of states to expand these protections to additional
31 populations (Directive to Take Action); and be it further
32

33 RECOMMENDATION B:
34

35 Your Reference Committee recommends that the second
36 resolve clause of Resolution 243 be amended by addition
37 and deletion to read as follows:
38

39 RESOLVED, that our AMA continue to ~~advocate~~ for ~~federal~~
40 ~~and state Medicaid guidance to~~ provide automatic
41 exemptions from community engagement and work
42 requirements for patients and ~~primary~~ caregivers of patients
43 with complex medical conditions, utilizing ~~evidence-based~~
44 clinical data and claims-based algorithms ~~existing data~~ to
45 ensure treatment adherence and continuity of care
46 (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

1 RECOMMENDATION C:
2

3 Your Reference Committee recommends that the third
4 resolve clause of Resolution 243 be amended by addition to
5 read as follows:
6

7 RESOLVED, that our AMA continue to advocate for
8 streamlined Medicaid community engagement and work
9 requirement exemption verification by minimizing
10 administrative burden for patients and physicians-; and be it
11 further
12

13 RECOMMENDATION D:
14

15 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
16 243 be amended by addition of a new fourth resolve to read
17 as follows:
18

19 RESOLVED, that our AMA continue to urge policymakers,
20 in defining and operationalizing medical frailty exemptions,
21 to adopt policies that encompass the full range of serious
22 and complex conditions, including conditions associated
23 with functional impairment, that are life-threatening, chronic,
24 episodic, relapsing, co-occurring, not yet diagnosed but
25 evidenced by significant healthcare utilization, or that
26 require significant, ongoing interaction with the health care
27 system.
28

29 RECOMMENDATION E:
30

31 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
32 243 be adopted as amended.
33

34 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 243 is adopted as amended.**
35

36 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
37

38 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association work the Centers for Medicare**
39 **& Medicaid Services, state Medicaid agencies, and state and specialty medical**
40 **associations to establish medical frailty exemptions from Medicaid work and**
41 **community engagement requirements, that are clinically grounded and protective**
42 **of all individuals who are medically frail, while preserving state flexibility to build**
43 **upon federal definitions and to design clinically appropriate, accessible, and locally**
44 **tailored exemption processes(Directive to Take Action); and be it further**
45

46 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for automatic exemptions from community**
47 **engagement and work requirements for patients and primary caregivers of patients**
48

1 **with complex medical conditions, existing data to ensure treatment adherence and**
2 **continuity of care (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**

3
4 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for streamlined Medicaid community**
5 **engagement and work requirement exemption verification by minimizing**
6 **administrative burden for patients and physicians; and be it further**

7
8 **RESOLVED, that our AMA urge policymakers, in defining and operationalizing**
9 **medical frailty exemptions, to adopt policies that encompass the full range of**
10 **serious and complex conditions, including conditions associated with functional**
11 **impairment, that are life-threatening, chronic, episodic, relapsing, co-occurring, not**
12 **yet diagnosed but evidenced by significant healthcare utilization, or that require**
13 **significant, ongoing interaction with the health care system.**

14
15
16 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate that the Centers for**
17 **Medicare & Medicaid Services and state Medicaid agencies establish a standard with**
18 **which to define "medical frailty" and "complex medical conditions" to be adopted by state**
19 **Medicaid agencies; this definition shall explicitly include, at a minimum, any individual**
20 **currently undergoing diagnostic testing for, receiving treatment for, or under active**
21 **surveillance or monitoring for a life-threatening or complex chronic medical condition, as**
22 **well as conditions in which the disease or its treatment results in functional limitation or an**
23 **ongoing need for medical care, while preserving the authority of states to expand these**
24 **protections to additional populations (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**

25
26 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for federal and state Medicaid guidance to provide**
27 **automatic exemptions from community engagement and work requirements for patients**
28 **and primary caregivers of patients with complex medical conditions, utilizing evidence-**
29 **based clinical data and claims-based algorithms to ensure treatment adherence and**
30 **continuity of care (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**

31
32 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for streamlined Medicaid community engagement**
33 **and work requirement exemption verification by minimizing administrative burden for**
34 **patients and physicians. (Directive to Take Action)**

35
36 Your Reference Committee heard support for the intent of Resolution 243 and agrees that
37 individuals who are medically frail should be protected from losing Medicaid coverage due
38 to work and community engagement requirements. Testimony emphasized the
39 importance of ensuring that medical frailty exemptions are sufficiently broad and clinically
40 grounded while minimizing administrative and other burdens on patients and physicians.

41
42 Since issuance of the preliminary report, additional testimony and amendment language
43 were offered that sought to further clarify the types of conditions and circumstances that
44 should qualify an individual for protection. Your Reference Committee appreciates these
45 efforts and agrees that individuals undergoing diagnostic evaluation, treatment, active
46 surveillance, or ongoing monitoring for serious health conditions may have substantial
47 health care needs that warrant protection. The Committee also recognizes that serious
48 medical conditions do not always fit neatly into diagnostic categories and that individuals
49 may experience significant health care needs, functional limitations, or intensive

1 interaction with the health care system even before a definitive diagnosis has been
2 established.

3
4 Your Reference Committee combined aspects of different amendments it received into
5 our recommendation for Resolution 243, and believes this language incorporates the
6 strongest elements of the various proposals presented during the hearing. The
7 amendment establishes a broad framework that encompasses the full range of serious
8 and complex conditions. This approach positions our AMA to advocate for comprehensive
9 protections for medically vulnerable individuals as federal and state policies continue to
10 evolve.

11
12 Accordingly, your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 243 be adopted as
13 amended.

14
15
16 (29) RESOLUTION 244 - ELIMINATE ADMINISTRATIVE
17 BARRIERS TO APPEAL WRONGFUL DENIALS

18
19 RECOMMENDATION A:

20
21 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
22 resolve of Resolution 244 be amended by addition and
23 deletion to read as follows:

24
25 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association
26 advocates to the United States Department of Labor to issue
27 regulations to require that health plans honor signed
28 patients' designations to submit and appeal denials-plans
29 without requiring plan-specific forms (Directive to Take
30 Action); and be it further

31
32 RECOMMENDATION B:

33
34 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
35 244 be adopted as amended.

36

37
38 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 244 is adopted as amended.**

39
40 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

41
42 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocates to the United States**
43 **Department of Labor to issue regulations to require that health plans honor signed**
44 **patients' designations to submit and appeal denials without requiring plan-specific**
45 **forms (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**

46
47 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocates that the US Department of Labor does not**
48 **require additional and separate consent from the patient in order for a physician**
49 **practice to file a complaint with the US Department of Labor against self-funded**

1 **ERISA plans once the patient has assigned benefits to the physician. (Directive to**
2 **Take Action)**
3

4
5 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocates to the United States
6 Department of Labor to issue regulations to require that health plans honor signed
7 patients' designations to submit and appeal plans without requiring plan-specific forms
8 (Directive to Take Action); and be it further
9

10 RESOLVED, that our AMA advocates that the US Department of Labor does not require
11 additional and separate consent from the patient in order for a physician practice to file a
12 complaint with the US Department of Labor against self-funded ERISA plans once the
13 patient has assigned benefits to the physician. (Directive to Take Action)
14

15 Your Reference Committee heard substantial testimony in favor of Resolution 244.
16 Commenters widely view the resolution as consistent with existing AMA policy and a
17 necessary step to reduce administrative barriers, protect patient choice, and empower
18 physicians. A friendly amendment was offered to correct a typo in the language and was
19 endorsed by the author of the resolution. Therefore, your Reference Committee
20 recommends that Resolution 244 be adopted as amended.
21
22

23 (30) RESOLUTION 247 - COMPREHENSIVE ERISA REFORM
24

25 RECOMMENDATION A:
26

27 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
28 247 be amended by addition and deletion to read as follows:
29

30 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association
31 support federal regulation and/or legislation under ERISA to
32 establish rules for prompt payment, refund and recoupment
33 timelines, prepayment claims audits, penalties, and related
34 matters, and that such be modeled after states' ~~the~~ Texas
35 Prompt Pay laws and rules, requiring a report back at the
36 following annual meeting.
37

38 RECOMMENDATION B:
39

40 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
41 247 be adopted as amended.
42

43
44 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 247 is adopted as amended.**
45

46 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
47

48 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association support federal regulation**
49 **and/or legislation under ERISA to establish rules for prompt payment, refund and**

1 **recoupment timelines, prepayment claims audits, penalties, and related matters,**
2 **and that such be modeled after states' Prompt Pay laws and rules, requiring a report**
3 **back at the following annual meeting.**
4

5
6 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association support federal regulation and/or
7 legislation under ERISA to establish rules for prompt payment, refund and recoupment
8 timelines, prepayment claims audits, penalties, and related matters, and that such be
9 modeled after the Texas Prompt Pay laws and rules, requiring a report back at the
10 following annual meeting. (New HOD Policy)

11
12 Your Reference Committee received mixed testimony for Resolution 247. Though a
13 strong argument was made for reaffirmation of existing AMA policy, the majority of
14 testifiers supported adoption of the resolution. However, testimony also highlighted that
15 with our House of Delegates having debated and adopted extensive policy addressing
16 prompt payment, refund and recoupment timelines, prepayment claims audits, penalties,
17 and other related issues, it is important that our advocacy relies on such AMA policy and
18 not Texas law. While Texas law may currently align with AMA policy, laws regularly
19 change. Testimony noted concerns that the resolution could potentially circumvent AMA
20 policy on these issues by tethering our advocacy to Texas law. Accordingly,
21 amendments were offered to mitigate this issue, and to remove the reference to Texas
22 law. Your Reference Committee agrees with this amendment. Therefore, your Reference
23 Committee recommends that Resolution 247 be adopted as amended.
24

25
26 (31) RESOLUTION 248 - MEDICAL STAFF OVERSIGHT OF
27 HOSPITAL AUGMENTED INTELLIGENCE

28
29 RECOMMENDATION A:

30
31 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
32 248 be amended by addition and deletion to read as follows:
33

34 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association
35 recommends medical staffs of hospitals and
36 other healthcare facilities include physician
37 oversight reviews of all augmented intelligence tools and
38 applications, including but not limited
39 to recommendations that impact patient care (Directive
40 to Take Action).
41

42 RECOMMENDATION B:

43
44 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
45 248 be adopted as amended.

1
2 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 248 is adopted as amended.**

3
4 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

5
6 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association recommends medical staffs of**
7 **hospitals and other healthcare facilities include physician oversight of**
8 **augmented intelligence tools and applications, including but not limited**
9 **to recommendations that impact patient care (Directive to Take Action).**

10
11
12 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association recommends medical staffs of
13 hospitals and other healthcare facilities include physician reviews of all
14 augmented intelligence tools and applications, including but not limited
15 to recommendations that impact patient care (Directive to Take Action).

16
17 Your Reference Committee heard testimony largely in support of Resolution 248. Isolated
18 testimony expressed concern that language in the resolution requiring medical staff at
19 hospitals and health systems to review all AI tools and applications may be impractical if
20 interpreted literally. Testimony therefore recommended amending this language to make
21 it less absolute, while still preserving the important intent of physician oversight of an AI
22 tool's application and implementation. Your Reference Committee agrees with these
23 amendments. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 248 be
24 adopted as amended.

25
26
27 (32) RESOLUTION 250 - PROTECTING RESIDENT
28 PHYSICIANS WITH PENDING IMMIGRATION STATUS
29 AND ENSURING SAFE PARTICIPATION IN
30 PROFESSIONAL ACTIVITIES

31
32 RECOMMENDATION A:

33
34 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
35 resolve clause of Resolution 250 be amended by deletion to
36 read as follows:

37
38 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association (AMA)
39 urgently advocate on behalf of ~~for the Department of~~
40 ~~Homeland Security (DHS) and other relevant federal~~
41 ~~agencies to temporarily cease immigration enforcement for~~
42 non-US citizen physicians and trainees with pending visa
43 adjudication, including those who have recently matched;
44 and be it further

1 RECOMMENDATION B:
2

3 Your Reference Committee recommends that the second
4 resolve clause of Resolution 250 be amended by addition
5 and deletion to read as follows:
6

7 RESOLVED, that our AMA support the development and
8 dissemination of ~~develop and disseminate~~ a list of federal
9 and national resources for medical schools and residency
10 and fellowship programs in helping medical students,
11 residents, and fellows with indeterminate visa statuses.
12

13 RECOMMENDATION C:
14

15 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
16 250 be adopted as amended.
17

18 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 250 is adopted as amended.**
19

20 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
21

22 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association (AMA) urgently advocate on**
23 **behalf of non-US citizen physicians and trainees with pending visa adjudication,**
24 **including those who have recently matched; and be it further**
25

26 **RESOLVED, that our AMA support the development and dissemination of a list of**
27 **federal and national resources for medical schools and residency and fellowship**
28 **programs in helping medical students, residents, and fellows with indeterminate**
29 **visa statuses.**
30

31 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association (AMA) urgently advocate for the**
32 **Department of Homeland Security (DHS) and other relevant federal agencies to**
33 **temporarily cease immigration enforcement for non-US citizen physicians and trainees**
34 **with pending visa adjudication, including those who have recently matched; and be it**
35 **further**
36

37 **RESOLVED, that our AMA develop and disseminate a list of federal and national**
38 **resources for medical schools and residency and fellowship programs in helping medical**
39 **students, residents, and fellows with indeterminate visa statuses.**
40

41
42
43 Your Reference Committee heard mixed testimony on Resolution 250. Your Reference
44 Committee heard about the rapidly shifting immigration landscape which has caused some
45 international medical graduates (IMGs) to lose valid visa status and to be detained by the
46 Department of Homeland Security (DHS). Your Reference Committee appreciates how
47 difficult visa processing has been under this current Administration. However, your
48 Reference Committee also heard that advocating for the complete cessation of
49 immigration enforcement or physicians was too broad of an ask that would undermine our

1 AMA's credibility with the Administration and decrease our chances of success in
2 advocating on immigration issues in general. The complete cessation of enforcement
3 would be seen as a security risk for our country.

4
5 Moreover, testimony highlighted that our AMA should support the development of
6 resources for IMGs since there are other leading entities in this space (such as InTealth)
7 that can and do create these resources. These entities, as the primary sponsors of
8 physicians with J-1 visas, have additional information and subject matter expertise that
9 should be respected, and our AMA should allow these entities to take the lead and
10 continue to work with them. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that
11 Resolution 250 be adopted as amended.

12
13
14 (33) RESOLUTION 252 - IMMEDIATE ACTION TO PREVENT
15 FURTHER IMMIGRANT DEATHS

16
17 RECOMMENDATION A:

18
19 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first
20 resolve be amended by addition and deletion to read as
21 follows:

22
23 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association (AMA)
24 support efforts to ensure health care facilities effectively
25 serve as sensitive locations, without deterring immigrants
26 seeking care, by supporting actively and vocally advocating
27 ~~for and endorsing~~ policies that:

- 28
29
- 30 • make immigration status and place of birth protected
31 health information
 - 32 • prohibit immigration agents from entering nonpublic,
33 patient-sensitive areas of health care facilities
34 without a warrant signed by a judge
 - 35 • ~~require~~ encourage health care facilities to
36 adopt minimum enforceable guidelines for
37 interactions with immigration enforcement
38 authorities
 - 39 • oppose mandated inquiries about patient
40 immigration status in health care facilities; and be it
41 further

42 RECOMMENDATION B:

43
44 Your Reference Committee recommends that the third
45 resolve be amended by deletion to read as follows:

46
47 RESOLVED, that our AMA reaffirm policies H-440.793, D-
48 350.983, H-65.932, D-160.921 and H-315.966, ~~and will~~
49 ~~advocate in an urgent, timely manner all HOD policies~~
50 ~~related to the deportation, detention, and health and safety~~

1 for all immigrants, migrants, refugees, detainees, and
2 asylum seekers.

3
4 RECOMMENDATION C:

5
6 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
7 252 be adopted as amended.

9
10 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 252 is adopted as amended.**

11
12 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

13
14 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association (AMA) support efforts to ensure**
15 **health care facilities effectively serve as sensitive locations, without deterring**
16 **immigrants seeking care, by supporting policies that:**

- 17
18 • **make immigration status and place of birth protected health information**
19 • **prohibit immigration agents from entering nonpublic, patient-sensitive areas**
20 • **of health care facilities without a warrant signed by a judge**
21 • **encourage health care facilities to adopt minimum enforceable guidelines for**
22 • **interactions with immigration enforcement authorities**
23 • **oppose mandated inquiries about patient immigration status in health care**
24 • **facilities; and be it further**

25
26 **RESOLVED, that our AMA reaffirm policies H-440.793, D-350.983, H-65.932, D-**
27 **160.921 and H-315.966.**

28
29 **RESOLVED, That AMA advocate in an urgent, timely manner to protect immigrant**
30 **health, safety, and access to care as directed by HOD policies related to the**
31 **deportation, detention, and health and safety for all immigrants, migrants, refugees,**
32 **detainees, and asylum seekers.**

34
35 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association (AMA) support efforts to ensure
36 health care facilities effectively serve as sensitive locations, without deterring immigrants
37 seeking care, by actively and vocally advocating for and endorsing policies that:

- 38
39 • make immigration status and place of birth protected health information
40 • prohibit immigration agents from entering nonpublic, patient-sensitive areas of
41 • health care facilities without a warrant signed by a judge
42 • require health care facilities to adopt minimum enforceable guidelines for
43 • interactions with immigration enforcement authorities
44 • oppose mandated inquiries about patient immigration status in health care
45 • facilities; and be it further

46
47 RESOLVED, that our AMA supports physician and other health care worker efforts to
48 organize in support of immigrants' right to safe and high-quality health care in medical
49 settings; and be it further

1 RESOLVED, that our AMA reaffirm policies H-440.793, D-350.983, H-65.932, D-
2 160.921 and H-315.966, and will advocate in an urgent, timely manner all HOD policies
3 related to the deportation, detention, and health and safety for all immigrants, migrants,
4 refugees, detainees, and asylum seekers.

5
6 Your Reference Committee heard testimony on the importance of ensuring that
7 immigrants can safely seek and receive health care. Testimony highlighted the importance
8 of immigrant patients feeling safe while seeking health care and noted that ensuring that
9 medical facilities are identified as sensitive locations will help in this effort. Amendments
10 were offered. Testimony noted that the language should be broadened to allow our AMA
11 to support the protection of sensitive locations while still being able to aid other
12 organizations, like the National Immigration Law Center, in areas where they should
13 rightfully take the lead as they are the subject matter experts. Testimony further noted that
14 our AMA cannot require health care facilities to adopt these guidelines but that our AMA
15 can and should encourage adoption of these standards. Testimony additionally noted that
16 our AMA will always work in an expeditious manner to ensure the implementation of our
17 policy. Your Reference Committee notes that the offered amendments address these
18 concerns and believes that with the amended language this Resolution will nicely support
19 Resolution 216. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 252
20 be adopted as amended.

1 (34) RESOLUTION 254 - OMB PROPOSED RULE:
2 REGULATION FOR FEDERAL FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE
3

4 RECOMMENDATION A:
5

6 Your Reference Committee recommends that the second
7 clause of Resolution 254 be amended by addition to read as
8 follows:
9

10 RESOLVED, that our AMA submit comments during the
11 public comment period expressing our strong concerns with
12 the proposed rule titled "Regulation for Federal Financial
13 Assistance" (91 Federal Register 32198) issued on May 29,
14 2026; and be it further

15 RECOMMENDATION B:
16

17 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
18 254 be adopted as amended.
19

20
21 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 254 is adopted as amended.**
22

23 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
24

25 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association expresses its strong support**
26 **for the scientific peer review process, academic journal independence and the**
27 **immense value of merit-based scientific investments unimpeded by political**
28 **interference; and be it further**
29

30 **RESOLVED, that our AMA submit comments during the public comment period**
31 **expressing our strong concerns with the proposed rule titled "Regulation for**
32 **Federal Financial Assistance" (91 Federal Register 32198) issued on May 29, 2026;**
33 **and be it further**
34

35 **RESOLVED, that our AMA consider taking legal action to challenge implementation**
36 **of the proposed Office of Management and Budget (OMB) rule titled "Regulation for**
37 **Federal Financial Assistance" (91 Federal Register 32198) issued on May 29, 2026.**
38

1 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association expresses its strong support for the
2 scientific peer review process, academic journal independence and the immense value of
3 merit-based scientific investments unimpeded by political interference; and be it further
4

5 RESOLVED, that our AMA submit comments during the public comment period
6 expressing our strong concerns with the proposed rule; and be it further
7

8 RESOLVED, that our AMA consider taking legal action to challenge implementation of the
9 proposed OMB rule.

10
11 Your Reference Committee heard strong supportive testimony for Resolution 254.
12 Testimony noted the hardships that would ensue if this proposed rule were to be passed.
13 Your Reference Committee agrees that scientific peer review, academic independence,
14 and merit-based research funding are foundational to medical progress and the
15 development of biomedical innovations and public health interventions. The resolution
16 raises valid concerns that the proposed Office of Management and Budget rule could
17 introduce inappropriate political considerations into federal research funding decisions,
18 grant administration, scientific dissemination, and other critical health research activities.
19

20 Your Reference Committee believes that preserving the integrity and independence of the
21 scientific enterprise is essential to advancing patient care and protecting the nation's
22 biomedical research infrastructure. Your Reference Committee is proposing a minor
23 technical amendment to add the title and Federal Register citation for the proposed rule
24 referenced in the first and second Resolved clauses. Therefore, your Reference
25 Committee recommends that Resolution 254 be adopted as amended.

1 **RECOMMENDED FOR ADOPTION IN LIEU OF**

2
3 (35) **RESOLUTION 201 - PROHIBIT AND REGULATE 7-**
4 **HYDROXYMITRAGYNINE (7-OH) KRATOM PRODUCTS**
5 **TO PROTECT PUBLIC HEALTH AND YOUTH SAFETY**

6
7 **RESOLUTION 233 - BANNING SYNTHESIZED,**
8 **PURIFIED OR DERIVATIVE PRODUCTS FROM**
9 **KRATOM**

10
11 **RECOMMENDATION:**

12
13 Your Reference Committee recommends that Alternate
14 Resolution 201 be adopted in lieu of Resolutions 201 and
15 233.

16
17 **PROHIBIT AND REGULATE 7-HYDROXYMITRAGYNINE**
18 **(7-OH) KRATOM PRODUCTS TO PROTECT PUBLIC**
19 **HEALTH AND YOUTH SAFETY**

20
21 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association our
22 AMA amend policy H-95.903 Regulate Kratom and Ban
23 Over-The-Counter Sales, by addition to read:

- 24
25 1. Our American Medical Association recommends the
26 safety and efficacy of kratom, and its
27 derivatives, should be determined through
28 research and clinical trials and subsequently
29 evaluated by the relevant regulatory entities for its
30 appropriateness for sale and potential oversight via
31 the Controlled Substances Act, before it can be
32 marketed, purchased, or prescribed.
- 33 2. Our AMA recommends individuals who are currently
34 using kratom, and its derivatives, for pain
35 management or other conditions should have
36 access to appropriate medical care to manage
37 their conditions and withdrawal symptoms, if
38 needed.
- 39 3. Our AMA recommends individuals who are
40 using kratom, and its derivatives, only for personal
41 use should not face criminal consequences.
- 42 4. Our AMA recommends kratom, and its
43 derivatives, should be regulated by the FDA, and its
44 safety and efficacy should be determined through
45 clinical trials before it can be marketed or prescribed
46 as treatment for any condition; (Modify Current HOD
47 Policy); and be it further

1 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association pursue
2 legislation banning synthesized, purified or derivative
3 products from kratom for marketing, distribution, promotion
4 and sale including but not limited to the unregulated
5 mitragynine along with the 7-hydroxymitragynine and MGM-
6 15 market. (Directive to Take Action)
7

8 RESOLVED, that our AMA urges the FDA and state
9 legislatures to classify 7-OH kratom products as adulterated
10 or misbranded when sold in child-appealing forms, prohibit
11 their availability in physical retail stores and online platforms
12 accessible to minors (Directive to Take Action); and be it
13 further
14

15 RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for public education
16 campaigns by physicians warning parents and youth of 7-
17 OH kratom risks, including adverse cutaneous effects, and
18 support research into pediatric exposures and optimal
19 regulatory frameworks. (Directive to Take Action)
20

21
22 **HOD ACTION: Alternate Resolution 201 is adopted in lieu of Resolutions 201 and**
23 **233.**

24
25 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

26
27 **PROHIBIT AND REGULATE 7-HYDROXYMITRAGYNINE (7-OH) KRATOM**
28 **PRODUCTS TO PROTECT PUBLIC HEALTH AND YOUTH SAFETY**
29

30 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association our AMA amend policy H-**
31 **95.903 Regulate Kratom and Ban Over-The-Counter Sales, by addition to read:**
32

- 33 **1. Our American Medical Association recommends the safety and efficacy**
34 **of kratom, and its derivatives, should be determined through**
35 **research and clinical trials and subsequently evaluated by the relevant**
36 **regulatory entities for its appropriateness for sale and potential oversight via**
37 **the Controlled Substances Act, before it can be marketed, purchased, or**
38 **prescribed.**
- 39 **2. Our AMA recommends individuals who are currently using kratom, and its**
40 **derivatives, for pain management or other conditions should have access to**
41 **appropriate medical care to manage their conditions and withdrawal**
42 **symptoms, if needed.**
- 43 **3. Our AMA recommends individuals who are using kratom, and its**
44 **derivatives, only for personal use should not face criminal consequences.**
- 45 **4. Our AMA recommends kratom, and its derivatives, should be regulated by**
46 **the FDA, and its safety and efficacy should be determined through clinical**
47 **trials before it can be marketed or prescribed as treatment for any condition;**
48 **(Modify Current HOD Policy); and be it further**

1 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association pursue legislation banning**
2 **synthesized, purified or derivative products from kratom for marketing, distribution,**
3 **promotion and sale including but not limited to the unregulated mitragynine along**
4 **with the 7-hydroxymitragynine and MGM-15 market. (Directive to Take Action)**
5

6 **RESOLVED, that our AMA urges the FDA and state legislatures to classify 7-OH**
7 **kratom products as adulterated or misbranded when sold in child-appealing forms,**
8 **prohibit their availability in physical retail stores and online platforms accessible to**
9 **minors (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**

10
11 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for public education campaigns by physicians**
12 **warning parents and youth of 7-OH kratom risks, including adverse cutaneous**
13 **effects, and support research into pediatric exposures and optimal regulatory**
14 **frameworks. (Directive to Take Action)**
15

16
17 **RESOLUTION 201 - PROHIBIT AND REGULATE 7-HYDROXYMITRAGYNINE (7-OH)**
18 **KRATOM PRODUCTS TO PROTECT PUBLIC HEALTH AND YOUTH SAFETY**
19

20 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association our AMA amend policy H-95.903 by**
21 **addition, Regulate Kratom and Ban Over-The-Counter Sales, to read:**
22

- 23 1. Our American Medical Association recommends the safety and efficacy
24 of kratom, and its derivatives, should be determined through research and clinical
25 trials and subsequently evaluated by the relevant regulatory entities for its
26 appropriateness for sale and potential oversight via the Controlled Substances Act,
27 before it can be marketed, purchased, or prescribed.
- 28 2. Our AMA recommends individuals who are currently using kratom for pain
29 management or other conditions should have access to appropriate medical care
30 to manage their conditions and withdrawal symptoms, if needed.
- 31 3. Our AMA recommends individuals who are using kratom only for personal use
32 should not face criminal consequences.
- 33 4. Our AMA recommends kratom, and its derivatives, should be regulated by the
34 FDA, and its safety and efficacy should be determined through clinical trials before
35 it can be marketed or prescribed as treatment for any condition; (Modify Current
36 HOD Policy); and be it further
37

38 **RESOLVED, that our AMA adopt a policy to ban the sale, distribution, or marketing of 7-**
39 **hydroxymitragynine (7-OH) concentrated kratom products (New HOD Policy); and be it**
40 **further**
41

42 **RESOLVED, that our AMA urges the FDA and state legislatures to classify 7-OH kratom**
43 **products as adulterated or misbranded when sold in child-appealing forms, prohibit their**
44 **availability in physical retail stores and online platforms accessible to minors (Directive to**
45 **Take Action); and be it further**
46

47 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for public education campaigns by physicians**
48 **warning parents and youth of 7-OH kratom risks, and support research into pediatric**
49 **exposures and optimal regulatory frameworks. (Directive to Take Action)**

1 **RESOLUTION 233 - BANNING SYNTHESIZED, PURIFIED OR DERIVATIVE**
2 **PRODUCTS FROM KRATOM**

3
4 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association pursue legislation banning
5 synthesized, purified or derivative products from kratom for marketing, distribution,
6 promotion and sale including but not limited to the unregulated mitragynine along with the
7 7-hydroxymitragynine and MGM-15 market. (Directive to Take Action)

8
9 Your Reference Committee agrees with the overwhelming online testimony in support of
10 Resolution 201 and Resolution 233, which both relate to the dangers of unregulated
11 kratom products, including 7-hydroxymitragynine (7-OH) kratom products and other
12 synthesized, purified, or derivative kratom products. However, your Reference Committee
13 does not agree with the proposed amendment to limit the resolution only to “commercial”
14 entities. Your Reference Committee notes that current policies (See H-95.901 and H-
15 95.903) emphasize that individuals using kratom or other substances for personal use
16 should not face criminal charges. Additional testimony noted that since the Resolutions
17 covered very similar issues, they should be combined. Your Reference Committee agrees.

18
19 Your Reference Committee further supports an amendment proffered during the
20 Reference Committee hearing to include adverse cutaneous effects. Therefore, your
21 Reference Committee recommends that Alternate Resolution 201, a combination of
22 Resolutions 201 and 233, be adopted in lieu of Resolutions 201 and 233.

23
24
25 (36) **RESOLUTION 222 - ADVOCATING FOR A**
26 **CENTRALIZED MEDICARE ENROLLMENT PLATFORM**
27 **TO PRESERVE PATIENT CHOICE BETWEEN**
28 **TRADITIONAL MEDICARE AND MEDICARE**
29 **ADVANTAGE**

30
31 **RECOMMENDATION:**

32
33 Your Reference Committee recommends that Alternate
34 Resolution 222 be adopted in lieu of Resolution 222.

35
36 **ADVOCATING FOR A CENTRALIZED MEDICARE**
37 **ENROLLMENT PLATFORM TO PRESERVE PATIENT**
38 **CHOICE**

39
40 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association
41 advocate for the development and maintenance of a
42 centralized, official Medicare enrollment platform overseen
43 by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services that
44 provides clear, neutral, accurate, and easily understandable
45 comparisons of coverage options under Traditional
46 Medicare, Medicare Advantage, and supplemental
47 coverage, including information on provider networks, prior
48 authorization requirements, benefits, and out-of-pocket
49 costs (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

1 RESOLVED, that existing AMA policies D-330.930, H-
2 330.862, H-330.878, H-285.902, H-330.913, and H-315.983
3 be reaffirmed.
4

5
6 **HOD ACTION: Alternate Resolution 222 is adopted in lieu of Resolution 222.**
7

8 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**
9

10 **ADVOCATING FOR A CENTRALIZED MEDICARE ENROLLMENT PLATFORM TO**
11 **PRESERVE PATIENT CHOICE**
12

13 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate for the development**
14 **and maintenance of a centralized, official Medicare enrollment platform overseen**
15 **by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services that provides clear, neutral,**
16 **accurate, and easily understandable comparisons of coverage options under**
17 **Traditional Medicare, Medicare Advantage, and supplemental coverage, including**
18 **information on provider networks, prior authorization requirements, benefits, and**
19 **out-of-pocket costs (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**
20

21 **RESOLVED, that existing AMA policies D-330.930, H-330.862, H-330.878, H-285.902,**
22 **H-330.913, and H-315.983 be reaffirmed.**
23

24
25 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate for the development and**
26 **maintenance overseen by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services of a centralized,**
27 **official Medicare enrollment platform that provides clear, neutral, accurate, and easily**
28 **understandable comparisons of coverage options under Traditional Medicare, Medicare**
29 **Advantage, and supplemental coverage, including information on provider networks, prior**
30 **authorization requirements, benefits, and out-of-pocket costs (Directive to Take Action);**
31 **and be it further**
32

33 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for ongoing oversight and evaluation of such platform**
34 **to ensure the accuracy of plan and directory information, neutrality, usability, accessibility,**
35 **and protection of beneficiaries from deceptive or coercive practices (Directive to Take**
36 **Action); and be it further**
37

38 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for federal policies that prohibit telemarketing firms**
39 **and third-party marketing organizations from directly enrolling Medicare beneficiaries, and**
40 **instead require that beneficiaries be directed to the official Medicare enrollment platform**
41 **for plan enrollment (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**
42

43 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for robust privacy and data security safeguards,**
44 **including disclosure of data breaches, within any official Medicare enrollment platform,**
45 **including protections against unauthorized access, misuse, or commercial exploitation of**
46 **beneficiary information and prohibitions on the sale, transfer, or sharing of beneficiary**
47 **enrollment data with third parties for commercial purposes (Directive to Take Action); and**
48 **be it further**

1 RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for comprehensive outreach, education, and
2 accessibility initiatives to ensure that beneficiaries and physicians, including those in rural,
3 elderly, disabled, underserved, and technologically disadvantaged populations, can
4 effectively use the official Medicare enrollment platform (Directive to Take Action); and be
5 it further
6

7 RESOLVED, that our AMA oppose legislative, regulatory, or administrative actions that
8 would reduce access to, limit funding for, or otherwise disadvantage either Traditional
9 Medicare or Medicare Advantage. (New HOD Policy)

10
11 Your Reference Committee heard testimony reflecting genuine concern about Medicare
12 Advantage marketing and enrollment, including that older beneficiaries are frequently
13 misled by aggressive advertising and inducements and often do not understand the
14 coverage they select. Other testimony supported reaffirmation, noting that our AMA
15 maintains an extensive body of policy addressing Medicare Advantage transparency,
16 marketing, directory accuracy, and beneficiary privacy. An informational statement on
17 behalf of CMS confirmed that existing federal rules already prohibit misleading marketing
18 and inducements, require accurate provider directories, and provide enrollment
19 protections, with recent rulemaking and legislation further strengthening directory
20 accuracy. Testimony also distinguished the first resolved clause, which calls for a unified,
21 official online Medicare enrollment platform that incorporates education and clear
22 presentation of provider networks, prior authorization requirements, and out-of-pocket
23 costs, as new policy not fully captured by existing AMA policy.
24

25 Your Reference Committee agrees that the concerns raised by the resolution are highly
26 concerning. With respect to the first resolved clause, your Reference Committee finds that
27 the call for a unified, official Medicare enrollment platform represents new policy worthy of
28 adoption. As to the remaining resolved clauses, your Reference Committee finds that our
29 AMA already maintains strong and broad policy addressing each concern, and that
30 reaffirmation preserves our AMA's flexibility to continue advocating aggressively for
31 Medicare Advantage accountability across prior authorization reform, denial transparency,
32 marketing oversight, and payment integrity. Therefore, your Reference Committee
33 recommends that the first resolved of Resolution 222 be adopted and that existing AMA
34 policies D-330.930, H-330.862, H-330.878, H-285.902, H-330.913, and H-315.983 be
35 reaffirmed.
36

37 [Deemed Participation and Misleading Marketing by Medicare Advantage](#)
38 [Private Fee for Service Plans D-330.930](#)
39

40 Our AMA will continue its efforts to educate physicians and the general
41 public on the implications of participating in programs offered under
42 Medicare Advantage and educate physicians and the public about the lack
43 of secondary coverage (Medigap policies) with Medicare Advantage plans
44 and how this may affect enrollees.
45

46 [Increasing Transparency Surrounding Medicare Advantage Plans H-](#)
47 [330.862](#)
48

49 Our AMA supports policy to increase financial transparency of Medicare
50 Advantage plans, including mandated public reporting of prior authorization

1 practices, claim denials, marketing expenses, supplemental benefits, and
2 provider networks.

3
4 [Medicare Advantage Policies H-330.878](#)

- 5
6 1. Our American Medical Association supports that Medicare
7 Advantage plans must provide enrollees with coverage for, at a
8 minimum, all Part A and Part B original Medicare services, if the
9 enrollee is entitled to benefits under both parts.
10 2. Our AMA will advocate:
11 a. for better enforcement of Medicare Advantage regulations
12 to hold the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS)
13 accountable for presenting transparency of minimum
14 standards and to determine if those standards are being met
15 for physicians and their patients.
16 b. that Medicare Advantage plans be required to post all
17 components of Medicare covered and not covered in all
18 plans across the US on their website along with the
19 additional benefits provided.
20 c. that CMS maintain a publicly available database of
21 physicians in network under Medicare Advantage and the
22 status of each of these physicians in regard to accepting
23 new patients in a manner least burdensome to physicians.
24

25 [Ban on Medicare Advantage "No Cause" Network Terminations H-285.902](#)

- 26
27 1. Our American Medical Association urges the Centers for Medicare
28 & Medicaid Services (CMS) to further enhance the agency's efforts
29 to ensure directory accuracy by:
30 a. Requiring Medicare Advantage (MA) plans to submit
31 accurate provider directories to CMS every year prior to the
32 Medicare open enrollment period and whenever there is a
33 significant change in the physicians included in the network;
34 b. Conducting accuracy reviews on provider directories more
35 frequently for plans that have had deficiencies;
36 c. Publicly reporting the most recent accuracy score for each
37 plan on Medicare Plan Finder;
38 d. Indicating to plans that failure to maintain complete and
39 accurate directories, as well as failure to have a sufficient
40 number of physician practices open and accepting new
41 patients, may subject the MA plans to one of the following:
42 i. civil monetary penalties;
43 ii. enrollment sanctions; or
44 iii. incorporating the accuracy score into the Stars
45 rating for each plan; e. Requiring MA plans
46 immediately remove from provider directories
47 providers who no longer participate in their network.
48 2. Our AMA urges CMS to ensure that network adequacy standards
49 provide adequate access for beneficiaries and support coordinated
50 care delivery by:

- 1 a. requiring plans to report the percentage of the physicians,
2 broken down by specialty and subspecialty, in the network
3 who actually provided services to plan members during the
4 prior year;
- 5 b. publishing the research supporting the adequacy of the
6 ratios and distance requirements CMS currently uses to
7 determine network adequacy;
- 8 c. conducting a study of the extent to which networks maintain
9 or disrupt teams of physicians and hospitals that work
10 together; and
- 11 d. evaluating alternative/additional measures of adequacy.
- 12 3. Our AMA urges CMS to ensure lists of contracted physicians are
13 made more easily accessible by:
 - 14 a. Requiring that MA plans submit their contracted provider list
15 to CMS annually and whenever changes occur, and post the
16 lists on the Medicare Plan Finder website in both a web-
17 friendly and downloadable spreadsheet form;
 - 18 b. Linking the provider lists to Physician Compare so that a
19 patient can first find a physician and then find which health
20 plans contract with that physician. Our AMA urges CMS to
21 simplify the process for beneficiaries to compare network
22 size and accessibility by expanding the information for each
23 MA plan on Medicare Plan Finder to include:
 - 24 i. the number of contracted physicians in each
25 specialty and county;
 - 26 ii. the extent to which a plan's network exceeds
27 minimum standards in each specialty, subspecialty,
28 and county; and
 - 29 iii. the percentage of the physicians in each specialty
30 and county participating in Medicare who are
31 included in the plan's network.
- 32 4. Our AMA urges CMS to measure the stability of networks by
33 calculating the percentage change in the physicians in each
34 specialty and subspecialty in an MA plan's network compared to the
35 previous year and over several years and post that information on
36 Plan Finder.
- 37 5. Our AMA urges CMS to develop a marketing/communication plan
38 to effectively communicate with patients about network access and
39 any changes to the network that may directly or indirectly impact
40 patients; including updating the Medicare Plan Finder website.
- 41 6. Our AMA urges CMS to develop process improvements for
42 recurring input from in-network physicians regarding network
43 policies by creating a network adequacy task force that includes
44 multiple stakeholders including patients.
- 45 7. Our AMA urges CMS to ban "no cause" terminations of MA network
46 physicians during the initial term or any subsequent renewal term
47 of a physician's participation contract with a MA plan.

1 [Medicare Advantage Opt Out Rules H-330.913](#)
2

3 Our AMA: (1) opposes managed care "bait and switch" practices, whereby
4 a plan entices patients to enroll by advertising large physician panels
5 and/or generous patient benefits, then reduces physician reimbursement
6 and/or patient benefits, so that physicians leave the plan, but patients who
7 can't must choose new doctors; (2) supports current proposals to extend
8 the 30 day waiting period that limits when Medicare recipients may opt out
9 of managed care plans, if such proposals can be amended to create an
10 exemption to protect patients whenever a plan alters benefits or whenever
11 a patient's physician leaves the plan; and (3) supports changes in CMS
12 regulations which would require Medicare Advantage plans to immediately
13 notify patients, whenever such a plan alters benefits or whenever a
14 patient's physician leaves the plan, and to give affected patients a
15 reasonable opportunity to switch plans.
16

17 [Patient Privacy and Confidentiality H-315.983](#)
18

- 19 1. Our American Medical Association affirms the following key
20 principles that should be consistently implemented to evaluate any
21 proposal regarding patient privacy and the confidentiality of medical
22 information:
23 a. that there exists a basic right of patients to privacy of their
24 medical information and records, and that this right should
25 be explicitly acknowledged;
26 b. that patients' privacy should be honored unless waived by
27 the patient in a meaningful way or in rare instances when
28 strong countervailing interests in public health or safety
29 justify invasions of patient privacy or breaches of
30 confidentiality, and then only when such invasions or
31 breaches are subject to stringent safeguards enforced by
32 appropriate standards of accountability;
33 c. that patients' privacy should be honored in the context of
34 gathering and disclosing information for clinical research
35 and quality improvement activities, and that any necessary
36 departures from the preferred practices of obtaining
37 patients' informed consent and of de-identifying all data be
38 strictly controlled;
39 d. that any information disclosed should be limited to that
40 information, portion of the medical record, or abstract
41 necessary to fulfill the immediate and specific purpose of
42 disclosure; and
43 e. that the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
44 of 1996 (HIPAA) be the minimal standard for protecting
45 clinician-patient privilege, regardless of where care is
46 received.
47 2. Our AMA affirms:
48 a. that physicians and medical students who are patients are
49 entitled to the same right to privacy and confidentiality of

- 1 personal medical information and medical records as other
2 patients;
- 3 b. that when patients exercise their right to keep their personal
4 medical histories confidential, such action should not be
5 regarded as fraudulent or inappropriate concealment and;
- 6 c. that physicians and medical students should not be required
7 to report any aspects of their patients' medical history to
8 governmental agencies or other entities, beyond that which
9 would be required by law.
- 10 3. Employers and insurers should be barred from unconsented access
11 to identifiable medical information lest knowledge of sensitive facts
12 form the basis of adverse decisions against individuals.
 - 13 a. Release forms that authorize access should be explicit
14 about to whom access is being granted and for what
15 purpose, and should be as narrowly tailored as possible.
 - 16 b. Patients, physicians, and medical students should be
17 educated about the consequences of signing overly-broad
18 consent forms.
 - 19 c. Employers and insurers should adopt explicit and public
20 policies to assure the security and confidentiality of patients'
21 medical information.
 - 22 d. A patient's ability to join or a physician's participation in an
23 insurance plan should not be contingent on signing a broad
24 and indefinite consent for release and disclosure.
- 25 4. Whenever possible, medical records should be de-identified for
26 purposes of use in connection with utilization review, panel
27 credentialing, quality assurance, and peer review.
- 28 5. The fundamental values and duties that guide the safekeeping of
29 medical information should remain constant in this era of
30 computerization. Whether they are in computerized or paper form,
31 it is critical that medical information be accurate, secure, and free
32 from unauthorized access and improper use.
- 33 6. Our AMA recommends that the confidentiality of data collected by
34 race and ethnicity as part of the medical record, be maintained.
- 35 7. Genetic information should be kept confidential and should not be
36 disclosed to third parties without the explicit informed consent of the
37 tested individual.
- 38 8. When breaches of confidentiality are compelled by concerns for
39 public health and safety, those breaches must be as narrow in
40 scope and content as possible, must contain the least identifiable
41 and sensitive information possible, and must be disclosed to the
42 fewest possible to achieve the necessary end.
- 43 9. Law enforcement agencies requesting private medical information
44 should be given access to such information only through a court
45 order. This court order for disclosure should be granted only if the
46 law enforcement entity has shown, by clear and convincing
47 evidence, that the information sought is necessary to a legitimate
48 law enforcement inquiry; that the needs of the law enforcement
49 authority cannot be satisfied by non-identifiable health information
50 or by any other information; and that the law enforcement need for

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- the information outweighs the privacy interest of the individual to whom the information pertains. These records should be subject to stringent security measures.
10. Our AMA must guard against the imposition of unduly restrictive barriers to patient records that would impede or prevent access to data needed for medical or public health research or quality improvement and accreditation activities. Whenever possible, de-identified data should be used for these purposes. In those contexts where personal identification is essential for the collation of data, review of identifiable data should not take place without an institutional review board (IRB) approved justification for the retention of identifiers and the consent of the patient. In those cases where obtaining patient consent for disclosure is impracticable, our AMA endorses the oversight and accountability provided by an IRB.
 11. Marketing and commercial uses of identifiable patients' medical information may violate principles of informed consent and patient confidentiality. Patients divulge information to their physicians only for purposes of diagnosis and treatment. If other uses are to be made of the information, patients must first give their uncoerced permission after being fully informed about the purpose of such disclosures
 12. Our AMA, in collaboration with other professional organizations, patient advocacy groups and the public health community, should continue its advocacy for privacy and confidentiality regulations, including:
 - a. the establishment of rules allocating liability for disclosure of identifiable patient medical information between physicians and the health plans of which they are a part, and securing appropriate physicians' control over the disposition of information from their patients' medical records;
 - b. the establishment of rules to prevent disclosure of identifiable patient medical information for commercial and marketing purposes;
 - c. the establishment of penalties for negligent or deliberate breach of confidentiality or violation of patient privacy rights.
 13. Our AMA will pursue an aggressive agenda to educate patients, the public, physicians and policymakers at all levels of government about concerns and complexities of patient privacy and confidentiality in the variety of contexts mentioned.
 14. Disclosure of personally identifiable patient information to public health physicians and departments is appropriate for the purpose of addressing public health emergencies or to comply with laws regarding public health reporting for the purpose of disease surveillance.
 15. In the event of the sale or discontinuation of a medical practice, patients should be notified whenever possible and asked for authorization to transfer the medical record to a new physician or care provider. Only de-identified and/or aggregate data should be used for "business decisions," including sales, mergers, and similar

- 1 business transactions when ownership or control of medical
2 records changes hands.
- 3 16. The most appropriate jurisdiction for considering physician
4 breaches of patient confidentiality is the relevant state medical
5 practice act. Knowing and intentional breaches of patient
6 confidentiality, particularly under false pretenses, for malicious
7 harm, or for monetary gain, represents a violation of the
8 professional practice of medicine.
- 9 17. Our AMA Board of Trustees will actively monitor and support
10 legislation at the federal level that will afford patients protection
11 against discrimination on the basis of genetic testing.
- 12 18. Our AMA supports privacy standards that would require
13 pharmacies to obtain a prior written and signed consent from
14 patients to use their personal data for marketing purposes.
- 15 19. Our AMA supports privacy standards that require pharmacies and
16 drug store chains to disclose the source of financial support for drug
17 mailings or phone calls.
- 18 20. Our AMA supports privacy standards that would prohibit
19 pharmacies from using prescription refill reminders or disease
20 management programs as an opportunity for marketing purposes.
- 21 21. Our AMA will draft model state legislation requiring consent of all
22 parties to the recording of a physician-patient conversation.

1 (37) RESOLUTION 226 - IMPACT OF A PROPOSED \$100,000
2 H-1B VISA FEE ON THE NRMP MATCH, THE
3 PHYSICIAN WORKFORCE, AND THE U.S. HEALTH
4 CARE SYSTEM

5
6 RESOLUTION 230 - EXEMPTION OF INTERNATIONAL
7 MEDICAL GRADUATES FROM PRESIDENTIAL
8 PROCLAMATIONS RESTRICTING ENTRY INTO THE
9 UNITED STATES

10
11 RECOMMENDATION A:

12
13 Your Reference Committee recommends that Alternate
14 Resolution 226 be adopted in lieu of Resolutions 226 and
15 230.

16
17 **EXEMPTION OF INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL
18 GRADUATES FROM PRESIDENTIAL PROCLAMATIONS
19 RESTRICTING ENTRY INTO THE UNITED STATES**

20
21 RESOLVED, that our AMA monitor and report on the impact
22 of Presidential Proclamations restricting entry into the
23 United States and how such policies affect International
24 Medical Graduate participation, physician workforce supply,
25 and patient access to care; and develop recommendations
26 for ongoing advocacy. (Directive to Take Action)

27
28 RESOLVED, that existing AMA policies D-255.967, D-
29 255.991, H-255.961, D-255.980, D-255.966, H-255.988 be
30 reaffirmed.

31
32
33 **HOD ACTION: Alternate Resolution 226 is adopted in lieu of Resolutions 226 and**
34 **230.**

35
36 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

37
38 **EXEMPTION OF INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL GRADUATES FROM PRESIDENTIAL
39 PROCLAMATIONS RESTRICTING ENTRY INTO THE UNITED STATES**

40
41 **RESOLVED, that our AMA monitor and report on the impact of Presidential**
42 **Proclamations restricting entry into the United States and how such policies affect**
43 **International Medical Graduate participation, physician workforce supply, and**
44 **patient access to care; and develop recommendations for ongoing advocacy.**
45 **(Directive to Take Action)**

46
47 **RESOLVED, that existing AMA policies D-255.967, D-255.991, H-255.961, D-255.980,**
48 **D-255.966, H-255.988 be reaffirmed.**

1 **RESOLUTION 226 - IMPACT OF A PROPOSED \$100,000 H-1B VISA FEE ON THE**
2 **NRMP MATCH, THE PHYSICIAN WORKFORCE, AND THE U.S. HEALTH CARE**
3 **SYSTEM**

4
5 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association, in conjunction with other key
6 organizations, study the potential impact of a proposed \$100,000 employment-based visa
7 fee on:

- 8
9 • International Medical Graduates participation in the National Resident Matching
10 Program (NRMP) Match; and
11 • Graduate medical education programs; and
12 • Critical access hospitals; and
13 • Waiver and non-waiver recruitment into all specialties; and
14 • Physician workforce development and access to care in communities across all 50
15 states and U.S. territories. (Directive to Take Action)

16
17 **RESOLUTION 230 - EXEMPTION OF INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL GRADUATES**
18 **FROM PRESIDENTIAL PROCLAMATIONS RESTRICTING ENTRY INTO THE UNITED**
19 **STATES**

20
21 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate for policies that ensure
22 appropriate consideration and avoidance of undue delays in visa processing, issuance,
23 and entry into the United States for fully vetted international medical graduates entering
24 to participate in accredited graduate medical education or provide patient care, while
25 maintaining necessary security and vetting procedures (Directive to Take Action); and be
26 it further

27
28 RESOLVED, that our AMA monitor and report on the impact of such policies on
29 International Medical Graduate participation, physician workforce supply, patient access
30 to care; and develop recommendations for ongoing advocacy. (Directive to Take Action)

31
32 Mixed testimony was received for Resolutions 226 and 230. Your Reference Committee
33 noted that these two resolutions covered the same topic areas and had very similar asks,
34 that of a study that explores the impact of the recent immigration changes in the United
35 States on International Medical Graduates (IMGs) in addition to asking for advocacy
36 surrounding visa delays. Given the overlapping asks your Reference Committee combined
37 Resolutions 226 and 230.

38
39 Testimony highlighted the existing policy that our AMA has in this space and the extensive
40 work that has already been done to help mitigate the \$100,000 fee, address visa issues,
41 and generally advocate for our IMG colleagues. This extensive work can be seen in the
42 extensive work our AMA has done in this space including:

- 43
44 • The AMA continues to push for an exception to this proclamation for physicians
45 and has worked intimately with Congress to get [H.R. 7961, the “H-1Bs for the](#)
46 [Physician and Healthcare Workforce Act”](#) introduced. This bill would exempt
47 physicians and health care workers from the \$100,000 fee implemented by the
48 Proclamation and would tie future fees to the Immigration and Nationality Act levels
49 to ensure that this does not happen again. The legislation was introduced by

1 Representatives Mike Lawler (R-NY), Sanford D. Bishop, Jr. (D-GA), Maria Elvira
2 Salazar (R-FL), and Yvette Clarke (D-NY) and is already garnering bipartisan
3 cosponsors. AMA grassroots have been activated, and the House bill generated
4 solid press coverage, including an article in the New York Times featuring a quote
5 from Dr. Mukkamala. AMA is working on introducing a companion bill in the
6 Senate.

- 7 ○ On April 13, 2026, the AMA [sent a letter](#) strongly supporting H.R. 7961, the
8 “H-1Bs for Physicians and Healthcare Workforce Act.” This legislation
9 would exempt physicians and health care workers involved in direct patient
10 care from the \$100,000 fee implemented by the Proclamation entitled,
11 “Restriction on Entry of Certain Nonimmigrant Workers.” The legislation
12 would also prevent future fees from exceeding limits
13 previously established by Congress following enactment of the Immigration
14 and Nationality Act, thus ensuring greater predictability for employers
15 looking to hire physicians and other health care workers via H-1B visas.
- 16 ○ On April 15, 2026, the AMA [signed onto a letter](#) in support of the “H-1Bs for
17 the Physicians and Healthcare Workforce Act” (H.R. 7961).
- 18 • The AMA [led a sign on letter](#) to the Department of Homeland Security (DHS)
19 concerning the Proclamation entitled, “Restriction on Entry of Certain
20 Nonimmigrant Workers.” The letter urged DHS to issue clarifying
21 guidance stating that H-1B physicians’ entry into the U.S. is in the national interest
22 of the country thereby exempting them from the Proclamation and the \$100,000
23 fee.
- 24 • Responses were received to both the AMA [led sign on letter](#) as well as to a private
25 Congressional letter that the AMA helped to orchestrate concerning the H-1B filing
26 fees. Additionally, the AMA initiated conversations which resulted in the [New Dems](#)
27 [letter](#) concerning the H-1B filing fee. In addition, Reps. Yvette Clarke (D-NY) and
28 Mike Lawler (R-NY), as well as [Reps. Jill Tokuda \(D-HI\) and Don Bacon \(R-NE\)](#),
29 have released two other letters for members of Congress to sign requesting a
30 blanket exemption for all health care workers from the new, higher \$100K filing
31 fee.
- 32 • The AMA has created a grassroots campaign on this issue. You can find that
33 information here: [Be Heard | Physicians Grassroots Network](#).
- 34 • On March 24th the AMA sent two letters advocating on behalf of international
35 medical graduates. [The first letter was](#) to the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration
36 Services (USCIS) in which the AMA urged USCIS to reconsider its suspension of
37 premium processing and instead expand the premium processing option to H-1B
38 visas so that H-1B physicians can continue to provide invaluable health care to
39 U.S. patients. [The second letter was](#) sent to the U.S. Department of State (DoS)
40 and the U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS) requesting that they open
41 visa processing at embassies and consulates worldwide for physicians seeking to
42 enter the U.S. to join residency programs on July 1, 2020.
- 43 • On April 3, 2020, the AMA [wrote a letter](#) to Vice President Pence and USCIS
44 urging the Administration to permit IMG physicians currently practicing in the U.S.
45 with an active license and an approved immigrant petition, to apply and quickly
46 receive authorization, to work at multiple locations and facilities with a broader
47 range of medical services for the duration of the COVID-19 pandemic. We also
48 urged the Administration to expedite work permits and renewal applications for all
49 IMG physicians who are beginning their residency or a fellowship or are currently
50 in training.

- 1 • On April 14, 2020, the AMA [sent a letter](#) urging USCIS to recognize COVID-19 as
2 an extraordinary circumstance beyond the control of the non-U.S. citizen IMG
3 applicant or their employer and thus, expedite approvals of extensions and
4 changes of status for non-U.S. citizen IMGs practicing, or otherwise lawfully
5 present, in the U.S. In addition, the AMA urged the Administration to extend the
6 current 60-day maximum grace period to a 180-day grace period to allow any non-
7 U.S. citizen IMG who has been furloughed or laid-off as a result of the pandemic
8 to remain in the U.S. and find new employment.
- 9 • On May 4, 2020, the AMA [sent a letter](#) to Vice President Pence urging the
10 Administration to allow J-1, H-1B, and O-1 International Medical Graduates (IMGs)
11 to be exempt from any future immigration bans or limitations, so that these
12 physicians can maintain their lawful non-immigrant status while responding to the
13 urgent COVID-19 pandemic.
- 14 • On June 26, 2020, the AMA [sent a letter](#) to the Department of State and the
15 Department of Homeland Security urging the Administration to consider J-1 and
16 H-1B International Medical Graduates (IMGs) and their families' entry into the U.S.
17 to be in the national interest of the country.
- 18 • On July 8, 2020, the AMA [authored and coordinated a sign-on letter](#) urging DOS
19 and DHS to issue clarifying guidance pertaining to the Proclamation by directing
20 Consular Affairs to advise embassies and consulates that H-1B physicians and
21 their dependent family members' entry into the U.S. is in the national interest of
22 the country.
- 23 • On October 23, 2020, the [AMA commented](#) on the U.S. Department of Homeland
24 Security's proposed rule concerning "Establishing a Fixed Time Period of
25 Admission and an Extension of Stay Procedure for Nonimmigrant Academic
26 Students, Exchange Visitors, and Representatives of Foreign Information Media."
27 The proposed rule would have eliminated "duration of status" as an authorized
28 period of stay.
- 29 • On February 15, 2022, the AMA [submitted a statement for the record](#) to the U.S.
30 House of Representatives Committee on the Judiciary Subcommittee on
31 Immigration and Citizenship as part of the hearing entitled, "Is there a Doctor in the
32 House? The Role of Immigrant Physicians in the US Healthcare System."
- 33 • On July 1, 2022, the AMA [submitted comments](#) on the Temporary Increase of the
34 Automatic Extension Period of Employment Authorization and Documentation for
35 Certain Renewal Applicants temporary final rule.
- 36 • On September 14, 2022, the [AMA submitted a Statement for the Record](#) to the
37 U.S. Senate Subcommittee on Immigration, Citizenship, and Border Safety as part
38 of the hearing entitled, "Flatlining Care: Why Immigrants Are Crucial to Bolstering
39 Our Health Care Workforce."
- 40 • On June 18, 2025, the AMA [sent a letter urging](#) the Department of State
41 to immediately resume the scheduling of new visa appointments, especially J-1
42 appointments, for foreign national physicians which were paused by the U.S.
43 Department of State in May 2025.
- 44 • On September 24, 2025, the AMA [offered comments](#) to the Department of
45 Homeland Security (DHS) concerning DHS Docket No. ICEB-2025-
46 0001: Establishing a Fixed Time Period of Admission and an Extension of Stay
47 Procedure for Nonimmigrant Academic Students, Exchange Visitors, and
48 Representatives of Foreign Information Media. This proposed rule would eliminate
49 "duration of status" for F, J, and I visa recipients, and their dependents, and instead
50 would require adherence to an admission for a fixed time period disrupting the

- 1 medical specialty and subspecialty training of thousands of foreign national
2 physicians and in turn negatively impacting patient care in the United States.
- 3 • On February 27, 2026, the AMA [sent a letter](#) to the U.S. Department of Homeland
4 Security and the U.S. Department of State urging for the exemption of physicians
5 from the partial and complete suspension of entry into the U.S., as indicated in
6 Proclamation 10998 entitled “Restricting and Limiting the Entry of Foreign
7 Nationals to Protect the Security of the United States.” In alignment with this
8 request, the AMA asked that the adjudicative hold for physicians’ pending benefit
9 applications be lifted, and that reliable timelines for application review and approval
10 be implemented, so that these individuals can continue providing much needed
11 medical care in the U.S.
 - 12 • On March 10, 2026, the AMA [sent a letter](#) to HHS concerning the U.S. Exchange
13 Visitor Program. The letter highlighted communications that the AMA received
14 from physicians expressing their deep concern about the current HHS
15 administrative hold and their projected inability to meet their contractually obligated
16 start date. Therefore, due to the current administrative delay within the Waiver
17 Program, the AMA urged HHS to utilize emergency batch processing for
18 physicians with July 1 start dates.

19
20 However, despite the extensive work and policy in this space, your Reference Committee
21 acknowledges that a study was requested in both resolutions. Therefore, your Reference
22 Committee recommends that Alternate Resolution 226 be adopted in lieu of Resolutions
23 226 and 230 and that existing AMA policies D-255.967, D-255.991, H-255.961, D-
24 255.980, D-255.966, H-255.988 be reaffirmed.

25
26 [Physician Visa Protection and Pathway to U.S. Permanent Residency D-
27 255.967](#)

- 28
- 29 1. Our American Medical Association advocates for a viable,
30 expedited, and separate pathway for physicians to obtain
31 permanent residence in the United States.
 - 32 2. Our AMA advocates for the federal government to work to ensure
33 physicians are exempt from unreasonable increases in H-1B visa
34 fees.
 - 35 3. Our AMA advocates for the creation of a dedicated visa pathway
36 specifically for physicians.

37
38 [Visa Complications for IMGs in GME D-255.991](#)

- 39
- 40 1. Our American Medical Association will
 - 41 a. work with the ECFMG to minimize delays in
42 the visa process for International Medical Graduates
43 applying for visas to enter the US for postgraduate medical
44 training and/or medical practice.
 - 45 b. promote regular communication between the Department
46 of Homeland Security and AMA IMG representatives to
47 address and discuss existing and evolving issues related
48 to the immigration and registration process required for
49 International Medical Graduates.

- 1 c. work through the appropriate channels to assist residency
2 program directors, as a group or individually, to establish
3 effective contacts with the State Department and the
4 Department of Homeland Security, in order to prioritize and
5 expedite the necessary procedures for qualified residency
6 applicants to reduce the uncertainty associated with
7 considering a non-citizen or permanent resident IMG for a
8 residency position.
- 9 2. Our AMA International Medical Graduates Section will continue
10 to monitor any H-1B visa denials as they relate to IMGs inability to
11 complete accredited GME programs.
- 12 3. Our AMA will study, in collaboration with the Educational
13 Commission on Foreign Medical Graduates and the Accreditation
14 Council for Graduate Medical Education, the frequency of such J-
15 1 Visa reentry denials and its impact on patient care and
16 residency training.
- 17 4. Our AMA will, in collaboration with other stakeholders, advocate
18 for unfettered travel for IMGs for the duration of their legal stay in
19 the US in order to complete their residency or fellowship training
20 to prevent disruption of patient care.

21
22 [Expedited H-1B Pathways for International Medical Graduate Physicians](#)
23 [in the USA H-255.961](#)
24

25 Our American Medical Association supports the continuance of premium
26 processing and other mechanisms that expedite H-1B visa applications
27 and renewals for International Medical Graduate physicians.
28

29 [Impact of Immigration Barriers on the Nation's Health D-255.980](#)
30

- 31 1. Our American Medical Association recognizes the valuable
32 contributions and affirms our support of international medical
33 students and international medical graduates and their
34 participation in U.S. medical schools, residency and fellowship
35 training programs and in the practice of medicine.
- 36 2. Our AMA will oppose laws and regulations that would broadly
37 deny entry or re-entry to the United States of persons who
38 currently have legal visas, including permanent resident status
39 (green card) and student visas, based on their country of origin
40 and/or religion.
- 41 3. Our AMA will oppose policies that would broadly deny issuance of
42 legal visas to persons based on their country of origin and/or
43 religion.
- 44 4. Our AMA will advocate for the immediate reinstatement of
45 premium processing of H-1B visas for physicians and trainees to
46 prevent any negative impact on patient care.
- 47 5. Our AMA will advocate for the timely processing of visas for all
48 physicians, including residents, fellows, and physicians in
49 independent practice.

6. Our AMA will work with other stakeholders to study the current impact of immigration reform efforts on residency and fellowship programs, physician supply, and timely access of patients to health care throughout the U.S.

[Ensuring Timely J-1 Visa Processing to Protect IMG Participation in Residency Programs D-255.966](#)

Our American Medical Association will work with all relevant federal agencies to support timely J-1 visa appointments and expedited processing for international medical graduates matched into U. S. residency and fellowship programs.

[AMA Principles on International Medical Graduates H-255.988](#)

1. Our AMA supports current U.S. visa and immigration requirements applicable to foreign national physicians who are graduates of medical schools other than those in the United States and Canada.
2. Our AMA supports current regulations governing the issuance of exchange visitor visas to foreign national IMGs, including the requirements for successful completion of the USMLE.
3. Our AMA reaffirms its policy that the U.S. and Canada medical schools be accredited by a nongovernmental accrediting body.
4. Our AMA supports cooperation in the collection and analysis of information on medical schools in nations other than the U.S. and Canada.
5. Our AMA supports continued cooperation with the ECFMG and other appropriate organizations to disseminate information to prospective and current students in foreign medical schools. An AMA member, who is an IMG, should be appointed regularly as one of the AMA's representatives to the ECFMG Board of Trustees.
6. Our AMA supports working with the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) and the Federation of State Medical Boards (FSMB) to assure that institutions offering accredited residencies, residency program directors, and U.S. licensing authorities do not deviate from established standards when evaluating graduates of foreign medical schools.
7. In cooperation with the ACGME and the FSMB, our AMA supports only those modifications in established graduate medical education or licensing standards designed to enhance the quality of medical education and patient care.
8. Our AMA continues to support the activities of the ECFMG related to verification of education credentials and testing of IMGs.
9. Our AMA supports that special consideration be given to the limited number of IMGs who are refugees from foreign governments that refuse to provide pertinent information usually required to establish eligibility for residency training or licensure.

- 1 10. Our AMA supports that accreditation standards enhance the
2 quality of patient care and medical education and not be used for
3 purposes of regulating physician manpower.
- 4 11. Our AMA representatives to the ACGME, residency review
5 committees and to the ECFMG should support AMA policy
6 opposing discrimination. Medical school admissions officers and
7 directors of residency programs should select applicants on the
8 basis of merit, without considering status as an IMG or an ethnic
9 name as a negative factor.
- 10 12. Our AMA supports the requirement that all medical school
11 graduates complete at least one year of graduate medical
12 education in an accredited U.S. program in order to qualify for full
13 and unrestricted licensure. State medical licensing boards are
14 encouraged to allow an alternate set of criteria for granting
15 licensure in lieu of this requirement:
 - 16 a. completion of medical school and residency training
17 outside the U.S.;
 - 18 b. extensive U.S. medical practice; and
 - 19 c. evidence of good standing within the local medical
20 community.
- 21 13. Our AMA supports publicizing existing policy concerning the
22 granting of staff and clinical privileges in hospitals and other health
23 facilities.
- 24 14. Our AMA supports the participation of all physicians, including
25 graduates of foreign as well as U.S. and Canadian medical
26 schools, in organized medicine. Our AMA offers encouragement
27 and assistance to state, county, and specialty medical societies in
28 fostering greater membership among IMGs and their participation
29 in leadership positions at all levels of organized medicine,
30 including AMA committees and councils, the Accreditation Council
31 for Graduate Medical Education and its review committees, the
32 American Board of Medical Specialties and its specialty boards,
33 and state boards of medicine, by providing guidelines and non-
34 financial incentives, such as recognition for outstanding
35 achievements by either individuals or organizations in promoting
36 leadership among IMGs.
- 37 15. Our AMA supports studying the feasibility of conducting peer-to-
38 peer membership recruitment efforts aimed at IMGs who are not
39 AMA members.
- 40 16. Our AMA membership outreach to IMGs to include
 - 41 a. using its existing publications to highlight policies and
42 activities of interest to IMGs, stressing the common
43 concerns of all physicians;
 - 44 b. publicizing its many relevant resources to all physicians,
45 especially to nonmember IMGs;
 - 46 c. identifying and publicizing AMA resources to respond to
47 inquiries from IMGs; and
 - 48 d. expansion of its efforts to prepare and disseminate
49 information about requirements for admission to accredited
50 residency programs, the availability of positions, and the

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problems of becoming licensed and entering full and unrestricted medical practice in the U.S. that face IMGs. This information should be addressed to college students, high school and college advisors, and students in foreign medical schools.

17. Our AMA supports recognition of the common aims and goals of all physicians, particularly those practicing in the U.S., and support for including all physicians who are permanent residents of the U.S. in the mainstream of American medicine.
18. Our AMA supports its leadership role to promote the international exchange of medical knowledge as well as cultural understanding between the U.S. and other nations.
19. Our AMA supports institutions that sponsor exchange visitor programs in medical education, clinical medicine and public health to tailor programs for the individual visiting scholar that will meet the needs of the scholar, the institution, and the nation to which he will return.
20. Our AMA supports informing foreign national IMGs that the availability of training and practice opportunities in the U.S. is limited by the availability of fiscal and human resources to maintain the quality of medical education and patient care in the U.S., and that those IMGs who plan to return to their country of origin have the opportunity to obtain GME in the United States.
21. Our AMA supports U.S. medical schools offering admission with advanced standing, within the capabilities determined by each institution, to international medical students who satisfy the requirements of the institution for matriculation.
22. Our AMA supports the Federation of State Medical Boards, its member boards, and the ECFMG in their willingness to adjust their administrative procedures in processing IMG applications so that original documents do not have to be recertified in home countries when physicians apply for licenses in a second state.
23. Our AMA supports continued efforts to protect the rights and privileges of all physicians duly licensed in the U.S. regardless of ethnic or educational background and opposes any legislative efforts to discriminate against duly licensed physicians on the basis of ethnic or educational background.
24. Our AMA supports continued study of challenges and issues pertinent to IMGs as they affect our country's health care system and our physician workforce.
25. Our AMA supports advocacy to Congress to fund studies through appropriate agencies, such as the Department of Health and Human Services, to examine issues and experiences of IMGs and make recommendations for improvements.
26. Our AMA will uphold its commitment to opposing discrimination against IMGs in all aspects of medical education and training.

1 (38) RESOLUTION 238 - PROHIBITING THE INDEPENDENT
2 PRACTICE OF MEDICINE BY ARTIFICIAL
3 INTELLIGENCE

4
5 RESOLUTION 246 - ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SCOPE
6 OF PRACTICE

7
8 RESOLUTION 249 - BRINGING PHYSICIANS' VOICES TO
9 THE IMPLEMENTATION OF AI PRESCRIBERS

10
11 RECOMMENDATION:

12
13 Your Reference Committee recommends that Alternate
14 Resolution 238 be adopted in lieu of Resolution 238, 246,
15 and 249.

16
17 **PROHIBITING THE INDEPENDENT PRACTICE OF**
18 **MEDICINE BY ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**

19
20 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association
21 advocate for legislation and regulation prohibiting the use of
22 artificial intelligence (AI) as an independent diagnostic or
23 prescriptive tool or as a care management substitute for a
24 physician.

25
26 RESOLVED, that our AMA will study emerging concepts
27 around the regulation and licensure of autonomous artificial
28 intelligence performing clinical functions. (Directive to Take
29 Action).

30

31
32 **HOD ACTION: Alternate Resolution 238 is adopted in lieu of Resolution 238, 246,**
33 **and 249.**

34
35 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

36
37 **PROHIBITING THE INDEPENDENT PRACTICE OF MEDICINE BY ARTIFICIAL**
38 **INTELLIGENCE**

39
40 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate for legislation and**
41 **regulation related to the use of augmented and/or artificial intelligence (AI) in**
42 **autonomous or semiautonomous circumstances in healthcare (including**
43 **diagnostics, prescriptions, care management, or other functions) requiring that**
44 **such tools must:**

- 45
46 **1. integrate with the physician-led team and be used at the direction of the**
47 **treating physician,**
48 **2. respect the continuity of care and best practices related to transitions of**
49 **care,**

- 1 3. have transparent, auditable data demonstrating safety and efficacy,
- 2 4. be subject to relevant and appropriate regulations (including but not limited
- 3 to those related to liability and documentation), and
- 4 5. adhere to our AMA policy on Augmented Intelligence in Health Care; and be
- 5 it further

6
7 **RESOLVED**, that our AMA will study emerging concepts around the regulation and
8 licensure of autonomous and semiautonomous augmented and/or artificial
9 intelligence performing clinical functions, and their potential impact on the
10 profession and the physician-patient relationship

11
12
13 **RESOLUTION 238 - PROHIBITING THE INDEPENDENT PRACTICE OF MEDICINE BY**
14 **ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE**

15
16 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate for legislation and
17 regulation prohibiting the use of artificial intelligence (AI) as an independent diagnostic or
18 prescriptive tool or as a care management substitute for a physician. (Directive to Take
19 Action)

20
21 **RESOLUTION 246 - ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SCOPE OF PRACTICE**

22
23 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association will develop model legislation
24 declaring that artificial intelligence will not be used as a prescriptive or care management
25 substitute for a physician (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

26
27 RESOLVED, that our AMA will develop model legislation prohibiting the Federation of
28 State Medical Boards from enabling independent licensure be granted to artificial
29 intelligence “providers.” (Directive to Take Action)

30
31 **RESOLUTION 249 - BRINGING PHYSICIANS' VOICES TO THE IMPLEMENTATION**
32 **OF AI PRESCRIBERS**

33
34 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association (AMA) advocate that autonomous
35 clinical artificial/augmented intelligence (AI) including AI prescription services, be
36 regulated and licensed by an appropriate body, as well as be developed with physician
37 input and operated under direct physician supervision.

38
39 Your Reference Committee heard mixed testimony on Resolutions 238, 246, and 249.
40 Testimony was largely supportive of the intent of these resolutions and opposed referral
41 on the grounds that it would delay action on this important issue. Testimony also strongly
42 underscored that AI should augment, not replace, the physician. Testimony noted that this
43 issue is directly relevant to patient care, that physician oversight is essential, and that
44 evidence should support the use of AI in clinical settings. Other testimony supported
45 referral, noting that the issue is complex and warrants further study. Your Reference
46 Committee also considered amendments proffered in relation to each of the resolutions.
47 However, there was substantial support for the alternate resolution that was proposed,
48 which preserved original language prohibiting the use of autonomous AI as an
49 independent diagnostic or prescriptive tool or as a care management substitute for a

1 physician, while preserving our AMA's ability to continue studying issues related to
2 licensure and to engage in ongoing discussions with appropriate interested parties.
3 Testimony emphasized the complexity and evolving nature of this issue and indicated that
4 the alternate resolution offers a balanced approach by establishing policy in part, while
5 also allowing continued study by AMA staff. Therefore, your Reference Committee
6 recommends that Alternate Resolution 238 be adopted in lieu of Resolutions 238, 246,
7 and 249.

8
9
10 (39) RESOLUTION 251 - MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR
11 PUBLIC HEALTH LEADERS

12
13 RECOMMENDATION:

14
15 Your Reference Committee recommends that Alternate
16 Resolution 251 be adopted in lieu of Resolution 251.

17
18 **MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR PUBLIC HEALTH**
19 **LEADERS**

20
21 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association solely
22 support the appointment and retention of federal health
23 policy leaders with medical, scientific, public health,
24 administrative, or health policy expertise relevant to their
25 respective roles; whose official actions and policy
26 leadership are consistent with AMA policy, evidence-based
27 medical practice, evidence-informed public health practice,
28 scientific integrity, transparent decision-making, vaccine
29 confidence, disease surveillance; and who support the
30 independence of federal scientific advisory processes; and
31 be it further

32
33 RESOLVED, that our AMA work with relevant entities to
34 provide education, counseling, and informational resources
35 that align with AMA policy to federal candidates, nominees,
36 or appointees for health policy leadership positions.

37
38
39 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 251 is referred.**

40
41
42 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association (AMA) vocally oppose federal
43 government nominees or appointees to health policy leadership positions who
44 demonstrate a pattern of nonadherence to high-quality scientific evidence, including
45 evidence-based vaccination policy, or who do not have appropriate medical or scientific
46 qualifications; and be it further

1 RESOLVED, that our AMA work with relevant entities to provide good faith vaccine
2 education, counseling, and informational resources to federal candidates, nominees, or
3 appointees for health policy leadership positions who do not openly take evidence-based
4 positions on vaccination.

5
6 Your Reference Committee heard mixed testimony for Resolution 251, with many
7 speakers rising in support of adoption while a smaller, but still significant, number of
8 speakers recommended that the resolution not be adopted, or that it be adopted with
9 amendments. Your Reference Committee heard strong support from those who favored
10 adoption for our AMA to take a more vocal stance against nominees and appointees to
11 federal health policy leadership positions who lack necessary qualifications or espouse
12 positions that are unsupported by science. Those who disagreed, while in some cases
13 expressing their appreciation for the spirit of the resolution, argued that our AMA should
14 focus on supporting the principles of science-based health policy, and that adopting a
15 policy that calls on our AMA to take positions on individual nominees or candidates risks
16 exposing our AMA to accusations of bias or partisanship, and could undermine our ability
17 to work with officials whose candidacy we opposed. Proposed amendments included
18 striking the first Resolved clause altogether, amending the first Resolved clause to frame
19 the issue in terms of our AMA supporting candidates rather than opposing them, and
20 adding a new Resolved clause calling on our AMA to develop minimum standards for
21 federal officials.

22
23 Your Reference Committee appreciates the thoughtful testimony it received from both
24 sides of this issue and considered Resolution 251 at length. Your Reference Committee
25 notes that our AMA is a nonpartisan, issues-based organization. At the same time, it is
26 undeniable that high-ranking federal health policymakers impact the issues we are
27 concerned with. Ultimately, your Reference Committee determined that adopting
28 Resolution 251 with amendments addressing some of the problems identified by
29 opponents of the resolution is the best course of action.

30
31 The amended language for the first Resolved clause proposed by your Reference
32 Committee would establish that our AMA only support the appointment and retention of
33 federal health policy leaders who have the requisite expertise for their expected roles and
34 whose official actions are consistent with AMA policy and sound principles of science-
35 based public health. This approach acknowledges the key role of federal officials in
36 shaping public health policy without committing our AMA to advocacy practices that would
37 often be counterproductive. The amended language for the second Resolved clause
38 proposed by your Reference Committee clarifies and broadens the original language,
39 while preserving the spirit of the original.

40
41 Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Alternate Resolution 251 be
42 adopted in lieu of Resolution 251.

1 (40) RESOLUTION 253 — PROTECTION OF MEDICAID
2 BENEFICIARIES FROM POLITICALLY MOTIVATED
3 AND PROCEDURALLY DEFICIENT FEDERAL FUNDING
4 DEFERRALS
5

6 RECOMMENDATION:
7

8 Your Reference Committee recommends that Alternate
9 Resolution 253 be adopted in lieu of Resolution 253.
10

11 **PROTECTION OF MEDICAID BENEFICIARIES FROM**
12 **FEDERAL FUNDING DEFERRALS**
13

14 RESOLVED, that our AMA opposes withholding or deferral
15 of Medicaid funding and other financial enforcement
16 mechanisms in a manner that is arbitrary, disproportionate,
17 inconsistent with established legal and administrative
18 processes, or likely to cause undue disruption to patient
19 care or state Medicaid program operations; and be it further
20

21 RESOLVED, that our AMA advocates that 1) federal
22 enforcement actions utilize deferral or withholding of state
23 Medicaid funding only after a thorough and transparent
24 administrative process, in accordance with federal laws and
25 regulations, that provides states with meaningful notice and
26 opportunity for corrective action and administrative and
27 judicial review protections; 2) CMS restore or release
28 withheld or deferred Medicaid funds when such
29 administrative processes have not been followed; and 3)
30 CMS carefully balance the benefits and harms of new
31 program integrity actions and minimize harm to Medicaid
32 beneficiaries, participating physicians, hospitals and other
33 providers, and state program operations; and be it further
34

35 RESOLVED, that our AMA requests that the relevant
36 congressional committees conduct timely and appropriate
37 oversight of the Administration's use of the Medicaid
38 deferral mechanism. (Directive to Take Action)

1
2 **HOD ACTION: Alternate Resolution 253 is adopted in lieu of Resolution 253.**

3
4 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

5
6 **PROTECTION OF MEDICAID BENEFICIARIES FROM FEDERAL FUNDING**
7 **DEFERRALS**

8
9 **RESOLVED, that our AMA opposes withholding or deferral of Medicaid funding and**
10 **other financial enforcement mechanisms in a manner that is arbitrary,**
11 **disproportionate, inconsistent with established legal and administrative processes,**
12 **or likely to cause undue disruption to patient care or state Medicaid program**
13 **operations; and be it further**

14
15 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocates that 1) federal enforcement actions utilize**
16 **deferral or withholding of state Medicaid funding only after a thorough and**
17 **transparent administrative process, in accordance with federal laws and**
18 **regulations, that provides states with meaningful notice and opportunity for**
19 **corrective action and administrative and judicial review protections; 2) CMS restore**
20 **or release withheld or deferred Medicaid funds when such administrative processes**
21 **have not been followed; and 3) CMS carefully balance the benefits and harms of**
22 **new program integrity actions and minimize harm to Medicaid beneficiaries,**
23 **participating physicians, hospitals and other providers, and state program**
24 **operations; and be it further**

25
26 **RESOLVED, that our AMA requests that the relevant congressional committees**
27 **conduct timely and appropriate oversight of the Administration's use of the**
28 **Medicaid deferral mechanism. (Directive to Take Action)**
29

30
31 **RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association oppose any policy or practice,**
32 **regardless of stated justification, that employs the withholding of Medicaid funds as a**
33 **coercive instrument directed at state governments in ways that predictably injure patients**
34 **and disrupt the continuity of care for vulnerable beneficiaries (New HOD Policy); and be it**
35 **further**

36
37 **RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate that CMS immediately restore withheld Medicaid**
38 **funds to affected states pending the completion of any proper administrative or judicial**
39 **review process, in order to prevent irreparable harm to patients currently dependent on**
40 **Medicaid-funded services (Directive to Take Action); and be it further**

41 **RESOLVED, that our AMA request that the relevant congressional committees**
42 **conduct immediate oversight of the Administration's use of the Medicaid deferral**
43 **mechanism. (Directive to Take Action)**
44

45 Your Reference Committee heard strong testimony on Resolution 253, which was
46 proposed in response to the punitive withholding of large amounts of federal Medicaid
47 funds in multiple states without due process. Commenters noted that in some cases
48 federal funding has been withheld despite state compliance with federal requirements,
49 and that there is a stark absence of process behind these federal actions. Some

1 commenters characterized the withholdings as coercive and potentially politically
2 motivated. While most speakers supported the resolution as written, an amendment was
3 offered on the grounds that the original language is overly broad and could prevent the
4 Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) from enforcing legitimate program
5 integrity requirements.

6
7 Your Reference Committee agrees that the withholding of federal Medicaid funding
8 without appropriate process, or in a disproportionate manner, causes substantial harm to
9 state Medicaid programs and, consequently, to patients and physicians. At the same time,
10 your Reference Committee is concerned that overly broad policy could be read as
11 dismissing the need for enforcement mechanisms to combat fraud and abuse in Medicaid.
12 As supporters of the original resolution noted, ensuring program integrity and fighting
13 genuine fraud in Medicaid is not what they are opposed to, but rather the improper use of
14 enforcement mechanisms.

15
16 Your Reference Committee is proposing alternate language to clarify that arbitrary,
17 disproportionate, or procedurally deficient withholding of federal Medicaid funding—which
18 include the cases cited by supporters of the resolution—is what our AMA opposes, rather
19 than program integrity enforcement or anti-fraud initiatives more broadly. Your Reference
20 Committee believes this language is responsive to the urgency of the current situation and
21 establishes a cogent policy for when it is appropriate for CMS to utilize its statutory
22 authority to withhold or defer funding. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends
23 that Alternate Resolution 253 be adopted in lieu of Resolution 253.

RECOMMENDED FOR REFERRAL

(41) RESOLUTION 202 - USING AND DEFINING
“UNSUPERVISED PRACTICE OF MEDICINE”

RECOMMENDATION:

Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
202 be referred.

HOD ACTION: Resolution 202 is referred.

RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association use the term “Unsupervised Practice of Medicine” (UPM) when describing statutory or regulatory efforts that allow nonphysician practitioners to diagnose, treat, and prescribe without physician oversight, and reaffirm that physician-led, team-based care with appropriate physician supervision remains the gold standard for patient safety and quality care (New HOD Policy); and be it further

RESOLVED, that our AMA incorporate the term “Unsupervised Practice of Medicine” in its advocacy materials, public communications, testimony, and educational resources, where appropriate, to clarify the distinction between physician licensure and nonphysician scope expansion (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

RESOLVED, that our AMA continue to advocate for truth in advertising, transparency in professional identification, and clear communication to patients regarding differences in education, training, and licensure between physicians and nonphysician practitioners. (Directive to Take Action)

Your Reference Committee heard mostly supportive testimony for Resolution 202, with many commenters claiming that the term “unsupervised practice of medicine” improves clarity and accuracy in our AMA’s advocacy on scope of practice issues. However, persuasive testimony for referral was also heard. Proponents of referring the resolution noted that the resolution raises many complicated and nuanced issues and would apply broadly across all of our AMA’s advocacy efforts, public relations, and communications. Your Reference Committee agrees. The terminology used by the resolution is not universal and may mean different things in different jurisdictions. Furthermore, scope of practice issues are always evolving, and enshrining a single term could hamper our AMA’s advocacy and community efforts with respect to emergent issues. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 202 be referred for study.

1 (42) RESOLUTION 206 - OVERALL HOSPITAL QUALITY
2 STAR RATINGS / CMS STAR RATINGS
3

4 RECOMMENDATION:
5

6 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
7 206 be referred.
8

9
10 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 206 is referred.**
11

12
13 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate to CMS that the Overall
14 Hospital Quality Star Ratings (CMS Star Ratings) include a 6th measured group defined
15 as *Physician Experience* which would include those physicians who have membership on
16 the hospital medical staff. (Directive to Take Action)
17

18 Your Reference Committee heard substantial testimony on Resolution 206 that was
19 largely in favor of referral. Supporters of the resolution, including the author, felt that
20 physician experience and clinical autonomy are important aspects of hospital quality not
21 reflected in existing measures, and called for our AMA to develop physician-experience
22 metrics that elevate physician voices. Several delegations, while supportive of the
23 underlying goal, noted that issues in the resolution still need to be worked out and that
24 referral would allow our AMA to get it right. Supporters of reaffirmation pointed to existing
25 AMA policy calling for quality measures to be developed, evaluated, and implemented with
26 input from our AMA and actively practicing physicians, and noted that there is currently no
27 validated metric for measuring physician experience in the hospital setting, raising
28 questions about how the resolution's proposals would be operationalized.
29

30 Your Reference Committee agrees that physician experience is a crucial factor in hospital
31 quality, and that hospitals should create positive work environments that value physicians
32 and prioritize their clinical judgment to avoid burnout and negative impacts on patient care.
33 Given the strong interest in developing the physician-experience concept further, and the
34 absence of an existing measure of physician experience in the hospital setting, your
35 Reference Committee believes this issue would benefit from further study. Therefore, your
36 Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 206 be referred.

1 (43) RESOLUTION 221 - UNIVERSAL NEWBORN
2 CONGENITAL CYTOMEGALOVIRUS SCREENING
3

4 RECOMMENDATION:
5

6 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
7 221 be referred.
8

9
10 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 221 is referred.**
11

12
13 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association support state legislation and policies
14 requiring universal newborn screening for congenital cytomegalovirus (cCMV) (New HOD
15 Policy); and be it further
16 RESOLVED, that our AMA support federal legislation and policies that expand newborn
17 screening for congenital cytomegalovirus (cCMV) and increase funding for public
18 awareness, prevention, and research related to congenital cytomegalovirus infection.
19 (New HOD Policy)
20

21 Your Reference Committee heard mixed testimony on Resolution 221. Some commenters
22 supported adoption, emphasizing the significance of early cCMV detection in enabling
23 timely interventions, improving outcomes, and preventing missed opportunities for hearing
24 loss surveillance and therapeutic treatment.
25

26 Other commenters questioned whether universal screening meets the established criteria
27 for population-wide testing and raised issues regarding test accuracy, the management of
28 asymptomatic cases, and uncertainties about the benefit of early identification in some
29 infants. Testimony also urged support for and deference to existing processes for
30 evaluating and implementing additions to newborn screening programs. Your Reference
31 Committee also heard testimony supporting referral of the resolution for additional study,
32 as well as suggestions that a science-based, inclusive policy for nationwide newborn
33 screening—rather than disease-specific mandates—may be preferable.
34

35 Given the mixed testimony, the scientific and policy questions raised, and the need for
36 further evaluation of the appropriate role of our AMA in newborn screening
37 recommendations, your Reference Committee agrees that further study is warranted.
38 Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 221 be referred.

1 (44) RESOLUTION 223 - ENSURING DUE PROCESS,
2 TRANSPARENCY, AND HUMAN CLINICAL OVERSIGHT
3 IN THE USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE FOR
4 HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE AND ELIGIBILITY
5 DETERMINATIONS
6

7 RECOMMENDATION:
8

9 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
10 223 be referred.
11

12
13 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 223 is referred.**
14

15
16 **RESOLUTION 223 - ENSURING DUE PROCESS, TRANSPARENCY, AND HUMAN**
17 **CLINICAL OVERSIGHT IN THE USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE FOR HEALTH**
18 **INSURANCE COVERAGE AND ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATIONS**
19

20 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association oppose the use of artificial
21 intelligence, algorithms, or automated decision-making systems as the sole basis for any
22 adverse health insurance determination, including denials, delays, or limitations of
23 coverage and adverse eligibility, underwriting, or enrollment determinations affecting
24 health insurance applicants or insured patients (New HOD Policy); and be it further
25

26 RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate that when artificial intelligence or automated
27 decision-making systems are used in adverse health insurance determinations, any
28 required human review must be conducted through the independent judgment of a
29 licensed physician in accordance with existing AMA peer review policy, and must not be
30 overridden, dictated, or unduly influenced by the output of such systems (Directive to Take
31 Action); and be it further
32

33 RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for policies requiring that patients and physicians be
34 provided a clear and accessible explanation when artificial intelligence or automated
35 decision-making systems materially contributed to an adverse health insurance
36 determination, including an explanation of the role of the system in the decision, in both
37 coverage determinations and eligibility, underwriting, or enrollment decisions (Directive to
38 Take Action); and be it further
39

40 RESOLVED, that our AMA support and advocate for payer-specific regulatory standards
41 governing the use of artificial intelligence and automated decision-making systems in
42 adverse health insurance determinations, including requirements for auditable records of
43 AI-assisted decisions, independent validation, regular testing for accuracy, bias, and
44 clinical validity, and oversight by appropriate regulatory bodies (Directive to Take Action);
45 and be it further

1 RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for the uniform application of safeguards governing
2 artificial intelligence and automated decision-making systems across all payer types and
3 markets, including commercial insurance, individual and small-group markets, employer-
4 sponsored coverage, and government insurance, with particular attention to applicant-
5 facing eligibility, underwriting, and enrollment decisions. (Directive to Take Action)
6

7 Your Reference Committee heard minimal testimony on Resolution 223. An amendment
8 was proffered by the author and considered by the Reference Committee, but it was
9 ultimately found to be an issue that warranted further study. Therefore, Your Reference
10 Committee recommends that Resolution 223 be referred.
11

12
13 (45) RESOLUTION 225 - REQUIRING PERIODIC FACE-TO-
14 FACE VISITS BY BOARD-CERTIFIED SPECIALISTS
15 WHO DELEGATE VISITS TO NON-PHYSICIAN
16 PRACTITIONERS FOR NURSING HOME PATIENTS
17

18 RECOMMENDATION:

19
20 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
21 225 be referred.
22

23
24 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 225 is referred.**
25

26
27 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association support federal legislation or
28 regulation to require a minimal standard for specialist care for patients in nursing homes,
29 such that, when a board-certified medical specialist delegates visits to nonphysician
30 practitioners in a nursing home setting, the physician specialist must personally conduct
31 a face-to-face evaluation of the patient either in person or via telehealth no less than every
32 third visit. (New HOD Policy)
33

34 Your Reference Committee heard mixed testimony for Resolution 225. While some
35 testimony supported adoption of the resolution, opposing testimony noted that the
36 resolution as written raised concerns surrounding discouraging specialist participation in
37 nursing home coverage arrangements and creating operational and enforcement
38 difficulties and questioned the validity of required an evaluation every third visit. Further
39 testimony offered amendments, including expanding the resolution to physicians generally
40 rather than specialists, and still others recommending referral for further study. Given the
41 diversity of opinions on this resolution and the potential for unintended consequences of
42 adopting policy without due consideration, your Reference Committee favors referral.
43 Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 225 be referred.

1 (46) RESOLUTION 236 - EXTENDING AND EXPANDING THE
2 AMA TASK FORCE TO PRESERVE THE PATIENT-
3 PHYSICIAN RELATIONSHIP TO ENSURE ACCESS AND
4 REGULATORY CLARITY IN GENDER-AFFIRMING CARE
5

6 RECOMMENDATION A:

7
8 Your Reference Committee recommends that the second
9 resolve clause of Resolution 236 be referred with a report
10 back at I-26.

11
12 RECOMMENDATION B:

13
14 Your Reference Committee recommends that the first, third,
15 fourth, and fifth resolve clauses of Resolution 236 be
16 adopted.
17

18
19 **HOD ACTION:** The second resolve clause of Resolution 236 is referred with a report
20 back at I-26 and the first, third, fourth, and fifth resolve clauses of Resolution 236
21 are adopted.

22
23 **ADOPTED LANGUAGE:**

24
25 **RESOLVED**, that our American Medical Association extend and expand the work of
26 the Task Force to Preserve the Patient-Physician Relationship When Evidence-
27 Based, Appropriate Care Is Banned or Restricted to include a formalized and
28 sustained focus on legislative and regulatory actions to protect access to and
29 education in gender-affirming care (Directive to Take Action); and be it further
30

31 **RESOLVED**, that our AMA strengthen its advocacy efforts at the federal and state
32 levels to oppose criminalization and punitive actions against physicians providing
33 evidence-based gender-affirming care and to support legal protections
34 safeguarding the patient physician relationship, with guidance by the Task Force
35 (Directive to Take Action); and be it further
36

37 **RESOLVED**, that our AMA identify gaps in information and resources and develop
38 a comprehensive advocacy and policy blueprint to prevent, counter, and mitigate
39 restrictions on safe, evidence-based, and medically appropriate health care
40 (Directive to Take Action); and be it further
41

42 **RESOLVED**, that our AMA report annually to the House of Delegates regarding
43 progress on these deliverables, including metrics on resource utilization, physician
44 engagement, and identified advocacy outcomes. (Directive to Take Action)
45

1 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association extend and expand the work of the
2 Task Force to Preserve the Patient-Physician Relationship When Evidence-Based,
3 Appropriate Care Is Banned or Restricted to include a formalized and sustained focus on
4 legislative and regulatory actions to protect access to and education in gender-affirming
5 care (Directive to Take Action); and be it further
6

7 RESOLVED, that our AMA direct the Task Force to develop, launch, and maintain a
8 comprehensive, centralized digital resource hub—modeled on the Reproductive Health
9 Resource Navigator—specifically dedicated to gender-affirming care no later than the
10 2026 Interim Meeting, including but not limited to:

- 11
- 12 1. State-specific legal summaries and regulatory guidance;
- 13 2. Shield law analyses and cross-state practice considerations;
- 14 3. Privacy and HIPAA compliance best practices;
- 15 4. Risk-mitigation guidance addressing civil, criminal, and professional liability;
- 16 5. Documentation and informed consent templates consistent with evolving legal
17 standards;
- 18 6. Coding, billing, and reimbursement guidance;
- 19 7. Institutional policy templates and sample protocols;
- 20 8. Educational and training resources for undergraduate and graduate medical
21 education;
- 22 9. Telehealth and interstate licensure guidance; and
- 23 10. Information regarding legal assistance and physician defense resources (Directive
24 to Take Action); and be it further
25

26 RESOLVED, that our AMA strengthen its advocacy efforts at the federal and state levels
27 to oppose criminalization and punitive actions against physicians providing evidence-
28 based gender-affirming care and to support legal protections safeguarding the patient
29 physician relationship, with guidance by the Task Force (Directive to Take Action); and be
30 it further
31

32 RESOLVED, that our AMA identify gaps in information and resources and develop a
33 comprehensive advocacy and policy blueprint to prevent, counter, and mitigate restrictions
34 on safe, evidence-based, and medically appropriate health care (Directive to Take Action);
35 and be it further
36

37 RESOLVED, that our AMA report annually to the House of Delegates regarding progress
38 on these deliverables, including metrics on resource utilization, physician engagement,
39 and identified advocacy outcomes. (Directive to Take Action)
40

41 Your Reference Committee heard extensive testimony for Resolution 236. Your Reference
42 Committee heard that many delegations and specialty groups are concerned by urgent
43 and evolving threats to the patient-physician relationship posed by legislative and
44 regulatory actions targeting gender-affirming care. Your Reference Committee also heard
45 that supporters view the extension and expansion of the AMA Task Force—and creation
46 of centralized resources—as crucial steps to guide physicians, advance advocacy, and
47 support patient access to evidence-based care.
48

49 Your Reference Committee also heard that the landscape surrounding gender-affirming
50 care is rapidly changing, legally complex, and controversial. Your Reference Committee

1 heard various proposed amendments, including suggestions to restructure the Task Force
2 into an ad hoc advisory committee, and clarify reporting requirements. However, your
3 Reference Committee also heard from our Board of Trustees that they would like
4 additional time to study the asks contained in the second resolve and ensure that these
5 are in harmony with the existing recommendations from the Task Force, which your Board
6 has extended. Your Reference Committee appreciates the importance of allowing this
7 additional information to inform next steps.

8
9 Your Reference Committee appreciates that the issues raised by Resolution 236 are
10 incredibly important, complex, and sensitive. Furthermore, your Reference Committee
11 acknowledges that the resolution makes asks that require careful deliberation and
12 consideration and have significant implications for our AMA. Your Reference Committee
13 recognizes the complexity of the landscape, the variation in testimony, the multiple offered
14 amendments, the diversity in opinions for implementation, and the fact that a Task Force
15 on this issue could wade into topics, duties, and financial obligations that require further
16 study. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that the second resolve of
17 Resolution 236 be referred with a report due back at the 2026 Interim Meeting of the House
18 of Delegates, and the remainder of the Resolution be adopted.

19
20
21 (47) RESOLUTION 241 - STRENGTHENING OUR AMA
22 EFFORTS TOWARD CPOM PROHIBITION

23
24 RECOMMENDATION:

25
26 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
27 241 be referred for report back at I-26.

28
29
30 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 241 is adopted.**

31
32
33 **RESOLUTION 241 - STRENGTHENING OUR AMA EFFORTS TOWARD CPOM**
34 **PROHIBITION**

35
36 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association amend AMA Policy H-160.891 by
37 deletion and addition in section 1 as follows:

38
39 ~~“1. Our American Medical Association encourages physicians who are contemplating~~
40 ~~corporate investor partnerships or corporate entity relationships, including those under~~
41 ~~‘friendly’ physician professional corporation (PC) arrangements with Management Service~~
42 ~~Organizations (MSOs), to consider the following guidelines: supports policies that~~
43 ~~preserve physician ownership, governance, and independent medical judgment in~~
44 ~~physician practices and opposes corporate ownership or contractual arrangements that~~
45 ~~permit non-licensed entities to exercise control over the practice of medicine.” (Modify~~
46 ~~Current HOD Policy); and be it further~~

1 RESOLVED, that our AMA amend Policy H-160.891 by deletion and addition in the
2 introductory clause preceding subsections (a)–(c) as follows:

3
4 ~~“Physicians who are contemplating corporate investor partnerships or corporate entity~~
5 ~~relationships~~ Physicians and policymakers evaluating corporate investment in physician
6 practices should consider the following principles to ensure that any such
7 relationships remain subordinate to physician ownership, governance, and professional
8 medical judgment” (Modify Current HOD Policy); and be it further

9
10 RESOLVED, that our AMA amend Policy H-160.891 by deletion and addition in subsection
11 (d) as follows:

12
13 ~~“(d) Physicians should ensure that contractual arrangements preserve physician~~
14 ~~autonomy in clinical decision making.~~ Physician practices delivering medical care should
15 be majority owned by licensed physicians who are actively practicing in the entity, and
16 those licensed physicians must retain final authority over clinical decision making and over
17 operational and administrative decisions that affect patient care, including clinical staffing,
18 scope of services, clinical policies and standards, compensation structures tied to clinical
19 services, coding and billing policies, payer contracting, and practice governance.” (Modify
20 Current HOD Policy); and be it further

21
22 RESOLVED, that our AMA amend Policy H-160.891 by deletion and addition in subsection
23 (e) as follows:

24
25 ~~“(e) Physicians should carefully review contractual provisions governing governance~~
26 ~~structures, compensation arrangements, and management responsibilities when entering~~
27 ~~relationships with corporate investors.~~ Our AMA opposes stock transfer restriction
28 agreements, “friendly PC” arrangements, succession rights, compelled sale provisions,
29 management agreements, or other contractual mechanisms that permit non-licensed
30 entities to exercise direct or de facto control over physician practices or over physicians’
31 professional medical judgment. Physicians should review contractual provisions
32 governing governance structures, compensation arrangements, and management
33 responsibilities to ensure that such arrangements do not transfer control of clinical
34 decision making, physician employment conditions affecting patient care, or other core
35 professional functions to non-licensed entities.” (Modify Current HOD Policy); and be it
36 further

37
38 RESOLVED, that our AMA amend Policy H-160.891 by addition by inserting a new
39 subsection (f) to read as follows, and renumbering the subsequent subsections
40 accordingly:

41
42 “(f) Our AMA opposes management services organizations, private equity firms, and other
43 non-licensed entities, and their owners, officers, directors, employees, or agents, from
44 exercising governance authority or management control within a professional medical
45 entity in a manner that directs, controls, or unduly influences clinical decision making,
46 physician employment conditions affecting patient care, or other decisions reserved to
47 licensed physicians.” (Modify Current HOD Policy); and be it further

1 RESOLVED, that our AMA amend Policy H-160.891 by addition by inserting a new
2 subsection (g) to read as follows, and renumbering the subsequent subsections
3 accordingly:

4
5 “(g) Our AMA opposes noncompetition, nondisclosure, non-disparagement, and non-
6 interference clauses that restrict a physician’s ability to exercise independent professional
7 judgment, advocate for patients, report unsafe or unethical conditions, or continue caring
8 for patients consistent with ethical and legal obligations.” (Modify Current HOD Policy);
9 and be it further

10
11 RESOLVED, that our AMA amend Policy H-160.891 by deletion and addition in subsection
12 (h) as follows:

13
14 ~~“(h) Physicians should seek transparency regarding the financial and ownership structures~~
15 ~~associated with corporate investors and related entities. Our AMA supports clear~~
16 ~~disclosure of physician practice ownership, governance, management agreements, and~~
17 ~~contractual control rights so that physicians, patients, regulators, and policymakers can~~
18 ~~identify who holds financial and operational control over the practice entity.”~~ (Modify
19 Current HOD Policy); and be it further

20
21 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association amend AMA Policy H-160.891 by
22 deletion and addition in item 2 as follows:

23
24 “2. Physicians should understand and evaluate the financial and governance implications
25 of corporate investment in medical practices before entering such arrangements and
26 ensure that any such arrangements do not transfer ownership, governance authority, or
27 operational control over clinical decision making to non-licensed entities.” (Modify Current
28 HOD Policy)

29
30 Your Reference Committee heard testimony establishing that Board of Trustees Report
31 25 and Resolution 241 serve complementary but distinct purposes and accordingly
32 considered them separately. Testimony regarding Resolution 241 was generally
33 favorable, though commentors were divided between recommending adoption and
34 recommending referral. Those favoring referral emphasized that the corporate practice of
35 medicine policy proposed in Resolution 241, while important, is highly complex and
36 warrants careful deliberation prior to adoption, further noting that Resolution 241 would
37 make sweeping changes to existing AMA policy, portions of which may warrant retention.

38
39 Your Reference Committee concurs that corporate intrusion on the practice of medicine
40 is a matter of urgent concern. It likewise recognizes that Resolution 241 proposes
41 sweeping revisions to a policy that was designed to serve as guidance to physicians
42 navigating relationships with corporate entities, and that Resolution 241 is significant in
43 scope and considerable in nuance. Given the highly complex nature of physician practice
44 arrangements, before this policy is adopted, care must be taken to ensure that it does not
45 produce unintended consequences, for example by imposing undue restrictions on
46 practice arrangements that are functioning effectively and which preserve physician
47 autonomy. Your Reference Committee therefore recommends that Resolution 241 be
48 referred for report back at I-26.

1 (48) RESOLUTION 242 - REDUCING EMERGENCY
2 DEPARTMENT BOARDING THROUGH PAYMENT
3 REFORM

4
5 RECOMMENDATION:

6
7 Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
8 242 be referred.

9
10
11 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 242 is referred.**

12
13
14 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocates for the Centers for
15 Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and other payors to tie admitted patients' hospital
16 reimbursement to emergency department boarding performance, including payment
17 reductions or creation of a lower-reimbursed status when boarding of admitted patients
18 exceeds four hours (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

19
20 RESOLVED, that our AMA adopts policy and advocates for making emergency
21 department boarding metrics mandatory quality measures incorporated into value-based
22 payment programs, rather than reporting-only requirements without financial
23 consequence. (Directive to Take Action)

24
25 Your Reference Committee heard extensive testimony on Resolution 242, with strong
26 agreement that ED boarding is a serious and worsening problem that harms patients.
27 However, there was a clear split between those favoring adoption with an amendment and
28 those favoring referral. Supporters urged adoption, including a proposed amendment to
29 protect physicians from being pressured to alter medically appropriate admission, timing,
30 or disposition decisions to avoid boarding penalties, arguing that existing policy lacks
31 teeth. A substantial majority of testimony, however, supported referral.

32
33 Testimony favoring referral shared the concern about boarding harms but cautioned that
34 the resolution's central mechanism, tying hospital reimbursement to a boarding threshold,
35 is untested and could shift pressure onto physicians and reduce physician reimbursement
36 without addressing the system-wide drivers of boarding, including inpatient bed
37 availability, post-acute capacity, behavioral health infrastructure, and staffing. Testimony
38 noted that boarding is a hospital-wide and often community-wide problem. Further
39 testimony highlighted that behavioral health patients and rural and urban facilities face
40 distinct challenges, and that any payment-based approach would require careful
41 guardrails that the resolution does not contain.

42
43 Your Reference Committee further notes that our AMA is actively engaged on this issue
44 and that a Board of Trustees report on emergency department boarding, following Board
45 of Trustees Report 04-I-25, is due at the 2026 Interim Meeting. Your Reference Committee
46 believes the concerns raised by Resolution 242 are best addressed through that ongoing
47 work. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 242 be referred,
48 to be combined with the forthcoming report.

RECOMMENDED FOR NOT ADOPTION

(49) RESOLUTION 245 - STATE REGULATION OF NON-
PREEMPTED "NON-CENTRAL MATTERS" OF ERISA
PLANS—RUTLEDGE V. PCMA

RECOMMENDATION:

Your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution
245 be not adopted.

HOD ACTION: Resolution 245 is not adopted.

RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association will examine the strategic and operational opportunities physicians should consider under the U.S. Supreme Court holding in Rutledge v. PCMA as they pertain to the Employment Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) with a report back at the Annual 2027 meeting with recommendations for operational best practices (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

RESOLVED, that our AMA will explore and, as appropriate, provide related educational programming at Interim and/or Annual Meetings and through other appropriate venues, including potential educational modules, regarding ERISA and its practical implications for private practice physicians (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

RESOLVED, that our AMA with appropriate stakeholders will explore the possibilities of amending the Employment Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) to revise the law in ways that can eliminate problems that some independent physicians experience, including:

1. Interest payments on overdue "clean" health insurance claims not otherwise addressed by ERISA's statutory mandate;
2. Administrative issues surrounding prior authorization, including but not limited to timeliness of responses and duty to obtain data records available from sources other than the physician so as not to waste physician resources;
3. Payment for Medicare co-insurance and deductibles when Medicare is primary and another plan is secondary and the physician is a Medicare-participating physician but non-participating with the secondary plan;
4. Payment for the administrative burden of prior authorization and successful denial appeals;
5. Parity for telehealth-delivered services;
6. Timely payment of "clean claims" when the insurer's obligation to pay the claim is reasonably distinct from timely determination of claims;
7. Enforcement of evaluation & management modifier code 25 use/payments as articulated under AMA policies D-385.956 and D-70.971 as well as analogous state medical society policies;

1 8. Requiring that when health plan payment recovery or recoupment is due to
2 coordination of benefit failure, the health plan shall seek recovery from the patient
3 and/or the correct payor. (Directive to Take Action)
4

5 Your Reference Committee received mixed testimony for Resolution 245. Though some
6 supportive testimony was received, very convincing testimony noted the legal
7 inaccuracies that are espoused in Resolution 245. Testimony noted that the *Rutledge*
8 Supreme Court case mentioned in Resolution 245 did not fundamentally change ERISA
9 preemption and subsequent cases interpreting *Rutledge* have made this clear. Further
10 testimony noted that our AMA ERISA experts already gave the requested education
11 presentation to the PPPS earlier at this meeting and our AMA gave a similar educational
12 presentation to the entire Federation this year. Testimony also highlighted that our AMA
13 has also [developed an extensive issue brief](#) discussing *Rutledge*, subsequent cases
14 interpreting *Rutledge*, and how different state legislative strategies might be treated
15 under *Rutledge* and subsequent cases, including credentialing and recoupment. The
16 issue brief is available on the AMA website and the issue brief is regularly updated to
17 reflect new cases interpreting *Rutledge* and/or ERISA preemption of state law. The
18 issue brief was just updated in May. Given the legal precedence and the past and
19 ongoing work that our AMA has undertaken in this space your Reference Committee
20 agrees with the testimony that was provided in opposition to this Resolution. Therefore,
21 your Reference Committee recommends that Resolution 245 not be adopted.

RECOMMENDATION FOR REAFFIRMATION IN LIEU OF

(50) RESOLUTION 204 - D-400.982 REVISION

RECOMMENDATION:

Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA policies D-400.982, D-385.945, D-390.922, and D-400.981 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 204.

HOD ACTION: Resolution 204 is adopted as amended.

ADOPTED LANGUAGE:

RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association reaffirm D-400.982:

1. **Our American medical Association will increase media awareness around the 2024 AMA Annual Meeting about the need for Medicare payment reform eliminating budget neutrality reductions, and instituting annual cost of living increases.**
2. **Our AMA will step up it’s public relations campaign to get more buy-in from the general public about the need for Medicare payment reform.**
3. **Our AMA will increase awareness to all physicians about the efforts of our AMA on Medicare payment reform.**
4. **Our AMA will advocate for abolition of all MIPS penalties in light of current inadequacies of Medicare payments. (Reaffirm HOD Policy); and be it further**

RESOLVED, that our AMA will report back on a biannual basis to AMA members via open forum on Medicare Payment Reform initiatives and advocacy on Medicaid. (Directive to Take Action)

RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association reaffirm D-400.982:

1. Our American medical Association will increase media awareness around the 2024 AMA Annual Meeting about the need for Medicare payment reform eliminating budget neutrality reductions, and instituting annual cost of living increases.
2. Our AMA will step up it’s public relations campaign to get more buy-in from the general public about the need for Medicare payment reform.
3. Our AMA will increase awareness to all physicians about the efforts of our AMA on Medicare payment reform.
4. Our AMA will advocate for abolition of all MIPS penalties in light of current inadequacies of Medicare payments. (Reaffirm HOD Policy); and be it further

RESOLVED, that our AMA will report back quarterly to the House of Delegates via open forum on these Medicare Payment Reform initiatives. (Directive to Take Action)

1 Your Reference Committee heard mixed testimony on Resolution 204. Supporters of
2 adoption stressed the vital importance of Medicare physician payment reform and argued
3 that quarterly updates to the House of Delegates on our AMA's Medicare payment reform
4 initiatives will increase transparency. Supporters of reaffirmation note that our AMA has
5 extensive policy on Medicare payment reform and is heavily engaged in advocacy and
6 operational work on the issue. This work includes the [Fix Medicare Now](#) grassroots
7 campaign, the [Characteristics of a Rational Medicare Payment System](#) principles, and the
8 AMA National Advocacy Conference, and ongoing legislative advocacy on [permanent](#)
9 [MEI-based updates](#), [budget neutrality reform](#), [MIPS reform](#), and APM expansion. With
10 respect to transparency, the Board of Trustees provides biannual reports on our AMA's
11 efforts, as well as additional updates when events dictate. Multiple commenters question
12 whether quarterly reporting requirements will be overly burdensome without meaningfully
13 advancing transparency compared to the existing schedule.

14
15 Your Reference Committee believes that existing AMA policies already address the issues
16 raised by Resolution 204 and shares the concerns raised about a quarterly reporting
17 schedule. Your Reference Committee notes that reports take time to generate and are
18 subject to internal review processes, and notes that a quarterly schedule will not provide
19 sufficient turnaround time for the Board of Trustees and AMA staff to produce high quality
20 reports with new meaningful information. Our AMA maintains extensive policy and active
21 advocacy on Medicare physician payment reform, and the Board of Trustees already
22 reports to the House biannually, with additional updates as events dictate. Therefore, your
23 Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA policies D-400.982, D-385.945, D-
24 390.922, and D-400.981 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 204.

[AMA Efforts on Medicare Payment Reform D-400.982](#)

- 28 1. Our American Medical Association will increase media awareness
29 around the 2024 AMA Annual meeting about the need for Medicare
30 Payment Reform, eliminating budget neutrality reductions, and
31 instituting annual cost of living increases.
- 32 2. Our AMA will step up its public relations campaign to get more buy-
33 in from the general public about the need for Medicare payment
34 reform.
- 35 3. Our AMA will increase awareness to all physicians about the efforts
36 of our AMA on Medicare Payment Reform.
- 37 4. Our AMA will advocate for abolition of all MIPS penalties in light of
38 the current inadequacies of Medicare payments.

[Advocacy and Action for a Sustainable Medical Care System D-385.945](#)

- 42 1. Our American Medical Association will declare Medicare physician
43 payment reform as an urgent advocacy and legislative
44 priority for our AMA.
- 45 2. Our AMA will prioritize significant increases in
46 funding for federal and state advocacy budgets specifically
47 allocated to achieve Medicare physician payment reform to ensure
48 that physician payments are updated annually at least equal to the
49 annual percentage increase in the Medicare Economic Index.

- 1 3. Our AMA Board of Trustees will report back to the House of
2 Delegates at each annual and interim meeting on the progress of
3 our AMA in achieving Medicare payment reform until
4 predictable, sustainable, fair physician payment is achieved.
5

6 [Physician Payment Reform and Equity D-390.922](#)
7

8 Our American Medical Association will implement a comprehensive
9 advocacy campaign, including a sustained national media strategy
10 engaging patients and physicians in promoting Medicare physician
11 payment reform, to achieve enactment of reforms to the Medicare
12 physician payment system consistent with AMA policy and in accord with
13 the principles (Characteristics of a Rational Medicare Payment System)
14 endorsed by over 120 state and medical specialty Federation of Medicine
15 members.
16

17 [Increasing Transparency of AMA Medicare Payment Reform Strategy D-
18 400.981](#)
19

- 20 1. Our American Medical Association will provide a
21 summary of findings and actionable recommendations from both
22 internal and external advocacy consultants
23 regarding Medicare payment reform. The report must primarily
24 focus on barriers identified, gaps in the current strategy, and
25 specific recommendations for improving and accelerating advocacy
26 efforts.
27 2. Our AMA will share with its members comprehensive reports on
28 our Medicare payment reform advocacy efforts, including
29 consultant findings on major barriers, strategy gaps, and
30 recommendations for improvement, at both the Interim and Annual
31 Meetings beginning at I-25, and more frequently as legislative
32 dynamics dictate.
33

34
35 (51) RESOLUTION 205 - REPEAL OF THE MERIT-BASED
36 INCENTIVE PAYMENT SYSTEM (MIPS)

37
38 RECOMMENDATION:

39
40 Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA
41 policies D-400.982, H-385.905, H-390.838, H-478.986, D-
42 390.949, and D-395.999 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution
43 205.
44

45
46 **HOD ACTION: Existing AMA policies D-400.982, H-385.905, H-390.838, H-478.986, D-
47 390.949, and D-395.999 are reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 205.**
48

1 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association support full repeal of the Merit-Based
2 Incentive Payment System (MIPS) (New HOD Policy); and be it further

3
4 RESOLVED, that our AMA advocates for immediate administrative relief in MIPS,
5 including expanded low-volume and hardship exemptions for rural and small practices,
6 shortened/streamlined reporting requirements, and reduction of reporting complexity until
7 MIPS is repealed. (Directive to Take Action)

8
9 Your Reference Committee heard testimony for Resolution 205 that was split between
10 commenters supporting adoption and those supporting reaffirmation of existing AMA
11 policies. Supporters of adoption point to the harmful impacts of the Merit-based Incentive
12 Payment System (MIPS), which are disproportionately borne by small and rural practices.
13 However, supporters of reaffirmation argue that existing AMA policies adequately respond
14 to the harms of MIPS, and further argue that our AMA should maintain a flexible policy
15 that can accommodate advocacy for either the full repeal of MIPS or for [MIPS reform](#),
16 depending on the circumstances and the legislative environment.

17
18 Your Reference Committee believes that existing AMA policy adequately addresses the
19 concerns raised by Resolution 205. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends
20 that existing AMA policies D-400.982, H-385.905, H-390.838, H-478.986, D-390.949, and
21 D-395.999 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 205.

22 [AMA Efforts on Medicare Payment Reform D-400.982](#)

- 23 1. Our American Medical Association will increase media awareness
24 25 around the 2024 AMA Annual meeting about the need
26 27 for Medicare Payment Reform, eliminating budget neutrality
28 29 reductions, and instituting annual cost of living increases.
- 30 2. Our AMA will step up its public relations campaign to get more buy-
31 32 in from the general public about the need
33 34 for Medicare payment reform.
- 35 3. Our AMA will increase awareness to all physicians about
36 37 the efforts of our AMA on Medicare Payment Reform.
- 38 4. Our AMA will advocate for abolition of all MIPS penalties in light of
39 40 the current inadequacies of Medicare payments.

41 [Merit-based Incentive Payment System \(MIPS\) Update H-385.905](#)

42 Our American Medical Association supports legislation that ensures
43 Medicare physician payment is sufficient to safeguard beneficiary access
44 to care, replaces or supplements budget neutrality in (MIPS) with incentive
45 payments, or implements positive annual physician payment updates.

46 [MIPS and MACRA Exemption H-390.838](#)

47 Our American Medical Association will advocate for an exemption from the
48 Merit-Based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) and Medicare Access and
CHIP Reauthorization Act of 2015 (MACRA) for small practices.

1 [Merit-Based Incentive Programs H-478.986](#)

2
3 Our AMA will advocate to make the certified vendor-based EHRs
4 accountable for the provision of reports in a format suitable to satisfy
5 physician reporting requirements.
6

7 [Preserving Patient Access to Small Practices Under MACRA D-390.949](#)

- 8
9 1. Our AMA will urge the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
10 Services to protect access to care by significantly increasing the
11 low volume threshold to expand the MACRA MIPS exemptions
12 for small practices (on a voluntary basis), and to further reduce
13 the MACRA requirements for ALL physicians' practices to provide
14 additional flexibility, reduce the reporting burdens and
15 administrative hassles and costs.
16 2. Our AMA will advocate for additional exemptions or flexibilities for
17 physicians who practice in health professional shortage areas.
18 3. Our AMA will determine if there are other fragile practices that are
19 threatened by MACRA and seek additional exemptions or
20 flexibilities for those practices.
21

22 [Reducing MIPS Reporting Burden D-395.999](#)

23
24 Our American Medical Association will work with the Centers for Medicare
25 and Medicaid Services (CMS) to advocate for improvements to Merit-
26 Based Incentive Payment System (MIPS) that have significant input from
27 practicing physicians and reduce regulatory and paperwork burdens on
28 physicians. In the interim, our AMA will work with CMS to shorten the yearly
29 MIPS data reporting period from one-year to a minimum of 90-days (of the
30 physician's choosing) within the calendar year.
31

32
33 (52) RESOLUTION 210 - ELIMINATING PRESCRIPTION
34 DRUG ADHERENCE (PDA) AS A QUALITY METRIC
35 TIED TO PHYSICIAN RATINGS OR COMPENSATION
36

37 RECOMMENDATION:

38
39 Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA
40 policies D-180.976 and D-450.958 be reaffirmed in lieu of
41 Resolution 210.
42

43
44 **HOD ACTION: Existing AMA policies D-180.976 and D-450.958 are reaffirmed in lieu**
45 **of Resolution 210.**
46

1 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate against the use of patient
2 Prescription Drug Adherence (PDA) as a quality metric tied in any manner to physician
3 ratings or compensation. (Directive to Take Action)

4
5 Your Reference Committee heard support both for adoption of Resolution 210 and for
6 reaffirmation of existing policy. Supporters of adoption argued that this quality measure is
7 onerous and largely outside physician control, and that the existing cited policies are too
8 narrow, contending that the principles should apply broadly to all medications rather than
9 being limited to pain-related measures. Supporters of reaffirmation noted that existing
10 AMA policy already directs advocacy against the use of adherence-related measures in
11 physician assessment, payment, and survey programs, and supports quality metrics
12 based on factors that physicians and health plans can reasonably control. Testimony also
13 highlighted the strength and breadth of existing AMA policy in this area.

14
15 Your Reference Committee agrees that physicians should not be held accountable
16 through ratings or compensation for patient adherence, which is largely outside their
17 control, and finds that existing AMA policy is sufficient to allow our AMA to address the
18 concerns raised. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA
19 policies D-180.976 and D-450.958 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 210.

20
21 [Minimum Payer Communication Quality Standards D-180.976](#)

- 22
23 1. Our AMA advocates for payer minimum quality standards to include
24 immediate access to a live representative during business hours.
25 2. Our AMA advocates for the adoption of physician/provider
26 satisfaction quality metrics for Medicare Advantage plan star ratings
27 to measure the efficiency of health plan customer service,
28 addressing provider questions and concerns, payment efficiency,
29 and resolution of appeals.
30

31 [Pain Medicine and Patient Adherence in Quality Care Assessment D-](#)
32 [450.958](#)

- 33
34 1. Our AMA continues to advocate that the Centers for Medicare &
35 Medicaid Services not incorporate items linked to pain scores and
36 adherence to physician recommendations as part of the Consumer
37 Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems Clinician and
38 Group Surveys and the Hospital Consumer Assessment of
39 Healthcare Providers and Systems scores in future surveys.
40 2. Our AMA encourages hospitals, clinics, health plans, health
41 systems, and academic medical centers not to link physician
42 compensation, employment retention or promotion, faculty
43 retention or promotion, and provider network participation to patient
44 satisfaction scores relating to the evaluation and management of
45 pain and better adherence to physician recommendations.

1 (53) RESOLUTION 211 - PREVENTING HOSPITAL-BASED
2 340B PROGRAMS FROM UNFAIRLY COMPETING WITH
3 INDEPENDENT PHYSICIANS
4

5 RECOMMENDATION:
6

7 Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA
8 policy H-110.985 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 211.
9

10
11 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 211 is referred.**
12

13
14 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate for the patients of any
15 physician practicing in the same county (or equivalent region) that contains a covered
16 340B entity to receive reduced cost medications under the 340b program through the
17 covered entity's contracted pharmacy. (Directive to Take Action)
18

19 Your Reference Committee heard mixed testimony for Resolution 211. Testimony
20 provided by the author in opposition to reaffirmation emphasized the need for broader
21 340B reform and argued that the current structure has created an uneven playing field.
22 However, the majority of testimony supported reaffirmation of existing policy, expressing
23 concern that expanding the program in this manner would be impracticable and would not
24 address the underlying flaws of the 340B program. Testimony also noted concerns about
25 the assumptions underlying the resolution and whether the proposed approach would
26 meaningfully improve patient care. Testimony emphasized that our AMA already has
27 strong policy on 340B that broadly addresses these concerns. Your Reference Committee
28 agrees that, although 340B remains in need of reform, reaffirmation of existing AMA policy
29 is the most appropriate recommendation. Therefore, your Reference Committee
30 recommends that existing AMA policy H-110.985 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 211.
31

32 [340B Drug Discount Program H-110.985](#)
33

34 Our AMA: (1) will advocate for 340B Drug Discount Program (340B
35 program) transparency, including an accounting of covered entities' 340B
36 savings and the percentage of 340B savings used directly to care for
37 underinsured patients and patients living on low-incomes; (2) will support
38 recommendations to equip the Health Resources and Services
39 Administration (HRSA) with more authority, resources and staff to conduct
40 needed 340B program oversight; (3) recognizes the 340B program does
41 not support the extent of care provided by ineligible physician practices to
42 the medically indigent or underserved, and work with HRSA to establish
43 340B eligibility for all practices demonstrating a commitment to serving low-
44 income and underserved patients; (4) will support a revised 340B drug
45 discount program covered entity eligibility formula, which appropriately
46 captures the level of outpatient charity care provided by hospitals, as well
47 as standalone community practices; and (5) will confer with national
48 medical specialty societies on providing policymakers with specific
49 recommended covered entity criteria for the 340B drug discount program;

1 and (6) supports 340B programs funded by HRSA grants provided 340B
2 funds are utilized for the care of low-income and underserved patients as
3 legislatively intended.
4

5
6 (54) RESOLUTION 214 - MEDICAL STUDENT LOANS
7 SHOULD NOT BE CAPPED
8

9 RECOMMENDATION:

10
11 Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA
12 policies H-305.924 and H-305.925 should be reaffirmed in
13 lieu of Resolution 214.
14

15 **HOD ACTION: Existing AMA policies H-305.924 and H-305.925 are reaffirmed in lieu**
16 **of Resolution 214.**
17
18

19
20 **RESOLVED**, that our American Medical Association oppose the caps on medical student
21 debt as a result of the H. R. 1 - One Big Beautiful Bill Act. (New HOD Policy)
22

23 Your Reference Committee heard substantial testimony on Resolution 214, with many
24 commenters supporting adoption of the resolution or adoption with amendments to keep
25 the language broad and avoid tying it to a specific law. Most commenters agreed that
26 imposing arbitrary caps on federal student loans does not address the high costs of
27 medical education or the issue of student debt. However, others noted that increasing loan
28 amounts does not resolve the debt crisis either, and more structural changes, such as
29 shortening the duration of medical school, are needed.
30

31 Additional commenters also supported reaffirmation, noting that our AMA has already
32 actively opposed caps on federal student loans, sent multiple advocacy letters, and
33 engaged Congress and regulatory agencies to preserve student access to education
34 financing and flexible repayment programs.
35

36 Your Reference Committee agrees that our AMA is already engaged in substantial work
37 in the student loan space. Our AMA is actively engaged with Congress on the issue,
38 including through [comments](#) on proposed changes to federal student loans in H.R. 1 (the
39 “One Big Beautiful Bill Act”) and recommending that Congress exempt physicians from
40 student loan restrictions in a March 2026 [Statement for the Record](#) on “Advancing the
41 Next Generation of America’s Health Care Workforce.” Our AMA also has continued to
42 actively engage with the Department of Education, including by commenting on [proposed](#)
43 [changes](#) to the Public Service Loan Forgiveness (PSLF) Program and by responding to
44 [proposals](#) to cap federal student loans and minimize loan repayment pathways. These
45 examples demonstrate that existing policy already supports a positive advocacy approach
46 that is responsive to the concerns raised in Resolution 214.
47

48 Moreover, your Reference Committee notes that our existing AMA policy advocates for
49 “federal student loan limits that accurately reflect the cost of attendance of graduate

1 medical education programs.” This approach is desirable because a lack of loan limits
2 may remove medical school guardrails that prevent schools from arbitrarily and steeply
3 raising their tuition prices. Your Reference Committee notes that our AMA also supports
4 ensuring that tuition remains in check. Your Reference Committee wants to ensure that
5 as many people as possible can afford medical school. However, the Committee believes
6 that exiting policy better achieves this goal.

7
8 Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA policies H-305.924
9 and H-305.925 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 214.

10
11 [Restore and Enhance Federal Loan Programs for Medical Education H-](#)
12 [305.924](#)

- 13
14
- 15 1. Our American Medical Association will continue to advocate for
16 federal student loan limits that accurately reflect the cost of
17 attendance of graduate medical education programs.
 - 18 2. Our AMA will continue to support diverse and beneficial repayment
19 plans for federal student loans, including income-based repayment
20 plans that are favorable to individuals who took out loans for
21 graduate medical education.
 - 22 3. Our AMA will continue to advocate for the protection of the Public
23 Service Loan Forgiveness (PSLF) Program for physicians.

24 [Principles of and Actions to Address Medical Education Costs and Student](#)
25 [Debt H-305.925](#)

26
27 The costs of medical education should never be a barrier to the pursuit of
28 a career in medicine nor to the decision to practice in a given specialty. To
29 help address this issue, our American Medical Association (AMA) will:

- 30
- 31 1. Collaborate with members of the Federation and the medical
32 education community, and with other interested organizations, to
33 address the cost of medical education and medical student debt
34 through public- and private-sector advocacy.
 - 35 2. Vigorously advocate for and support expansion of and adequate
36 funding for federal scholarship and loan repayment programs--such
37 as those from the National Health Service Corps, Indian Health
38 Service, Armed Forces, and Department of Veterans Affairs, and
39 for comparable programs from states and the private sector--to
40 promote practice in underserved areas, the military, and academic
41 medicine or clinical research.
 - 42 3. Encourage the expansion of National Institutes of Health programs
43 that provide loan repayment in exchange for a commitment to
44 conduct targeted research.
 - 45 4. Advocate for increased funding for the National Health Service
46 Corps Loan Repayment Program to assure adequate funding of
47 primary care within the National Health Service Corps, as well as to
48 permit:
 - a. inclusion of all medical specialties in need, and

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- d. allow for flexible scheduling for medical students who encounter financial difficulties that can be remedied only by employment, and consider creating opportunities for paid employment for medical students;
 - e. counsel individual medical student borrowers on the status of their indebtedness and payment schedules prior to their graduation;
 - f. inform students of all government loan opportunities and disclose the reasons that preferred lenders were chosen;
 - g. ensure that all medical student fees are earmarked for specific and well-defined purposes, and avoid charging any overly broad and ill-defined fees, such as but not limited to professional fees;
 - h. use their collective purchasing power to obtain discounts for their students on necessary medical equipment, textbooks, and other educational supplies;
 - i. work to ensure stable funding, to eliminate the need for increases in tuition and fees to compensate for unanticipated decreases in other sources of revenue; mid-year and retroactive tuition increases should be opposed.
13. Support and encourage state medical societies to support further expansion of state loan repayment programs, particularly those that encompass physicians in non-primary care specialties.
 14. Take an active advocacy role during reauthorization of the Higher Education Act and similar legislation, to achieve the following goals:
 - a. Eliminating the single holder rule.
 - b. Making the availability of loan deferment more flexible, including broadening the definition of economic hardship and expanding the period for loan deferment to include the entire length of residency and fellowship training.
 - c. Retaining the option of loan forbearance for residents ineligible for loan deferment.
 - d. Including, explicitly, dependent care expenses in the definition of the “cost of attendance”.
 - e. Including room and board expenses in the definition of tax-exempt scholarship income.
 - f. Continuing the federal Direct Loan Consolidation program, including the ability to “lock in” a fixed interest rate, and giving consideration to grace periods in renewals of federal loan programs.
 - g. Adding the ability to refinance Federal Consolidation Loans.
 - h. Eliminating the cap on the student loan interest deduction.
 - i. Increasing the income limits for taking the interest deduction.
 - j. Making permanent the education tax incentives that our AMA successfully lobbied for as part of Economic Growth and Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001.
 - k. Ensuring that loan repayment programs do not place greater burdens upon married couples than for similarly situated couples who are cohabitating.

- 1 benefits of program appointment information on the
2 employer's PSLF program qualifying status.
- 3 f. Advocate that the profit status of a physician's training
4 institution not be a factor for PSLF eligibility,
- 5 g. Encourage medical school financial advisors to counsel
6 wise borrowing by medical students, in the event that the
7 PSLF program is eliminated or severely curtailed.
- 8 h. Encourage medical school financial advisors to increase
9 medical student engagement in service-based loan
10 repayment options, and other federal and military programs,
11 as an attractive alternative to the PSLF in terms of financial
12 prospects as well as providing the opportunity to provide
13 care in medically underserved areas.
- 14 i. Strongly advocate that the terms of the PSLF that existed at
15 the time of the agreement remain unchanged for any
16 program participant in the event of any future restrictive
17 changes.
- 18 j. Monitor the denial rates for physician applicants to the
19 PSLF.
- 20 k. Undertake expanded federal advocacy, in the event denial
21 rates for physician applicants are unexpectedly high, to
22 encourage release of information on the basis for the high
23 denial rates, increased transparency and streamlining of
24 program requirements, consistent and accurate
25 communication between loan servicers and borrowers, and
26 clear expectations regarding oversight and accountability of
27 the loan servicers responsible for the program.
- 28 l. Work with the United States Department of Education to
29 ensure that applicants to the PSLF and its supplemental
30 extensions, such as Temporary Expanded Public Service
31 Loan Forgiveness (TEPSLF), are provided with the
32 necessary information to successfully complete the
33 program(s) in a timely manner.
- 34 m. Work with the United States Department of Education to
35 ensure that individuals who would otherwise qualify for
36 PSLF and its supplemental extensions, such as TEPSLF,
37 are not disqualified from the program(s).
- 38 21. Advocate for continued funding of programs including Income-
39 Driven Repayment plans for the benefit of reducing
40 medical student load burden.
- 41 22. Strongly advocate for the passage of legislation to allow medical
42 students, residents and fellows who have education loans to qualify
43 for interest-free deferment on their student loans while serving in a
44 medical internship, residency, or fellowship program, as well as
45 permitting the conversion of currently unsubsidized Stafford and
46 Graduate Plus loans to interest free status for the duration of
47 undergraduate and graduate medical education.
- 48 23. Continue to monitor opportunities to reduce additional expense
49 burden upon medical students including reduced-cost or free
50 programs for residency applications, virtual or hybrid interviews,

1 and other cost-reduction initiatives aimed at reducing non-
2 educational debt.

3 24. Encourage medical students, residents, fellows and physicians in
4 practice to take advantage of available loan forgiveness programs
5 and grants and scholarships that have been historically
6 underutilized, as well as financial information and resources
7 available through the Association of American Medical Colleges
8 and American Association of Colleges of Osteopathic Medicine, as
9 required by the Liaison Committee on Medical Education and
10 Commission on Osteopathic College Accreditation, and resources
11 available at the federal, state and local levels.

12 25. Support federal efforts to forgive debt incurred during medical
13 school and other higher education by physicians and medical
14 students, including educational and cost of attendance debt.

15 26. Support that residency and fellowship application services grant fee
16 assistance to applicants who previously received fee assistance
17 from medical school application services or are determined to have
18 financial need through another formal mechanism.

19
20
21 (55) RESOLUTION 215 - OPPOSE MEDICARE EFFICIENCY
22 ADJUSTMENTS

23
24 RECOMMENDATION:

25
26 Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA
27 policies H-400. 972, H-390.849, and D-400.982 be
28 reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 215.

29
30
31 **HOD ACTION: Existing AMA policies H-400. 972, H-390.849, and D-400.982 are**
32 **reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 215.**

33
34
35 **RESOLVED**, that the American Medical Association support all efforts, whether by
36 legislation or regulation, to restrict the use of arbitrary new factors such as the efficiency
37 adjustment used in the 2026 Medicare Physician Payment Schedule. (New HOD Policy)

38
39 Your Reference Committee received testimony for Resolution 215 that noted strong
40 opposition to the newly introduced “efficiency adjustment” in the 2026 Medicare Physician
41 Fee Schedule, and support for strong AMA advocacy against such arbitrary payment
42 reductions. Though mixed testimony was received, multiple commenters noted support
43 for reaffirmation, with some emphasizing recent AMA advocacy efforts demonstrate that
44 existing policy already supports a strong response to the efficiency adjustment.

45
46 Your Reference Committee notes that our AMA has spoken out repeatedly against the
47 efficiency adjustment, including in a September 2025 [comment](#) letter to CMS
48 Administrator Mehmet Oz. More broadly, the [principles](#) espoused by our AMA in its
49 Medicare payment reform efforts effectively argue against the arbitrary efficiency

1 adjustment cuts. Given these efforts, your Reference Committee believes that existing
2 AMA policy is sufficient to allow for targeted advocacy against the efficiency adjustments
3 alongside support for structural Medicare payment reforms. Therefore, your Reference
4 Committee recommends that existing AMA policies H-400.972, H-390.849, and D-
5 400.982 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 215.

6 7 [Physician Payment Reform H-400.972](#)

- 8
9 1. It is the policy of our American Medical Association to take all
10 necessary legal, legislative, and other action to redress the
11 inequities in the implementation of the RBRVS, including, but not
12 limited to:
- 13 a. Reduction of allowances for new physicians.
 - 14 b. The non-payment of EKG interpretations.
 - 15 c. Defects in the Geographic Practice Cost Indices and
16 area designations.
 - 17 d. Inappropriate Resource-Based Relative Value Units.
 - 18 e. The deteriorating economic condition of physicians'
19 practices disproportionately affected by the
20 Medicare payment system.
 - 21 f. The need for restoration of the RBRVS conversion
22 factor to levels consistent with the statutory
23 requirement for budget neutrality.
 - 24 g. The inadequacy of payment for services of assistant
25 surgeons.
 - 26 h. The loss of surgical-tray benefit for many outpatient
27 procedures (Reaffirmed by Rules & Credentials
28 Cmt., A-96);
- 29 2. Seek an evaluation of:
- 30 a. Stress factors (i.e., intensity values) as they affect
31 the calculation of the Medicare Payment Schedule,
32 seeking appropriate, reasonable, and equitable
33 adjustments.
 - 34 b. Descriptors (i.e., vignettes) and other examples of
35 services used to determine RBRVS values
36 and payment levels and to seek adjustments so that
37 the resulting values and payment levels
38 appropriately pertain to the elderly and often infirm
39 patients.
- 40 3. Evaluate the use of the RBRVS on the calculation of the work
41 component of the Medicare Payment Schedule and to ascertain
42 that the concept for the work component continues to be an
43 appropriate part of a resource-based relative value system.
- 44 4. Seek to assure that all modifiers, including global descriptors, are
45 well publicized and include adequate descriptors.
- 46 5. Seek the establishment of a reasonable and consistent
47 interpretation of global fees, dealing specifically with preoperative
48 office visits, concomitant office procedures, and/or future
49 procedures.

- 1 6. Seek from CMS and/or Congress an additional comment period
- 2 beginning in the Fall of 1992.
- 3 7. Seek the elimination of regulations directing patients to points of
- 4 service.
- 5 8. Support further study of refinements in the practice cost
- 6 component of the RBRVS to ensure better reflection of both
- 7 absolute and relative costs associated with individual
- 8 services, physician practices, and medical specialties, considering
- 9 such issues as data adequacy, equity, and the degree of
- 10 disruption likely to be associated with any policy change.
- 11 9. Take steps to assure that relative value units in the
- 12 Medicare payment schedule, such as nursing home visits, are
- 13 adjusted to account for increased resources needed to deliver
- 14 care and comply with federal and state regulatory programs that
- 15 disproportionately affect these services and that the Medicare
- 16 conversion factor be adjusted and updated to reflect these
- 17 increased overall costs.
- 18 10. Support the concepts of HR 4393 (the Medicare Geographic Data
- 19 Accuracy Act of 1992), S 2680 (the Medicare Geographic Data
- 20 Accuracy Act of 1992), and S 2683 (Medicare Geographic Data
- 21 Accuracy Act) for improving the accuracy of the Medicare
- 22 geographic practice costs indices (GPCIs) and work with CMS
- 23 and the Congress to assure that GPCIs are updated in as timely a
- 24 manner as feasible and reflect actual physician costs, including
- 25 gross receipt taxes.
- 26 11. Request that CMS refine relative values for particular services on
- 27 the basis of valid and reliable data and that CMS rely upon the
- 28 work of the AMA/Specialty Society RVS Updating Committee
- 29 (RUC) for assignment of relative work values to new or revised
- 30 CPT codes and any other tasks for which the RUC can provide
- 31 credible recommendations.
- 32 12. Pursue aggressively recognition and CMS adoption for
- 33 Medicare payment schedule conversion factor updates of an index
- 34 providing the best assurance of increases in the monetary
- 35 conversion factor reflective of changes in physician practice costs,
- 36 and to this end, to consider seriously the development of a
- 37 "shadow" Medicare Economic Index.
- 38 13. Continue to implement and refine the Payment Reform Education
- 39 Project to provide member physicians with accurate and timely
- 40 information on developments in
- 41 Medicare physician payment reform.
- 42 14. Take steps to assure all relative value units contained in the
- 43 Medicare Fee Schedule are adjusted as needed to comply with
- 44 ever-increasing federal and state regulatory requirements.
- 45
- 46

[Physician Payment Reform H-390.849](#)

- 47
- 48 1. Our American Medical Association will advocate for the
- 49 development and adoption of physician payment reform. that
- 50 adhere to the following principles:

- 1 a. Promote improved patient access to high-quality, cost-
2 effective care.
- 3 b. Be designed with input from the physician community.
- 4 c. Ensure that physicians have an appropriate level of
5 decision-making authority over bonus or shared-savings
6 distributions.
- 7 d. Not require budget neutrality within Medicare Part B.
- 8 e. Be based on payment rates that are sufficient to cover the
9 full cost of sustainable medical practice.
- 10 f. Ensure reasonable implementation timeframes, with
11 adequate support available to assist physicians with the
12 implementation process.
- 13 g. Make participation options available for varying practice
14 sizes, patient mixes, specialties, and locales.
- 15 h. Use adequate risk adjustment methodologies.
- 16 i. Incorporate incentives large enough to merit additional
17 investments by physicians.
- 18 j. Provide patients with information and incentives to
19 encourage appropriate utilization of medical care, including
20 the use of preventive services and self-management
21 protocols.
- 22 k. Provide a mechanism to ensure that budget baselines are
23 reevaluated at regular intervals and are reflective of trends
24 in service utilization.
- 25 l. Attribution processes should emphasize voluntary
26 agreements between patients and physicians, minimize the
27 use of algorithms or formulas, provide attribution information
28 to physicians in a timely manner, and include formal
29 mechanisms to allow physicians to verify and correct
30 attribution data as necessary.
- 31 m. Include ongoing evaluation processes to monitor the
32 success of the reform. in achieving the goals of improving
33 patient care and increasing the value of health care
34 services.
- 35 2. Our AMA opposes bundling of payments in ways that limit medically
36 necessary care, including institutional post-acute care, or otherwise
37 interfere with a physician's ability to provide high quality care to
38 patients.
- 39 3. Our AMA supports payment methodologies that redistribute
40 Medicare payments among providers based on outcomes
41 (including functional improvements, if appropriate), quality and risk-
42 adjustment measures only if measures are scientifically valid,
43 reliable, and consistent with national medical specialty society-
44 developed clinical guidelines/standards.
- 45 4. Our AMA will continue to monitor health care delivery
46 and physician payment reform activities and provide resources to
47 help physicians understand and participate in these initiatives.
- 48 5. Our AMA supports the development of a public-private partnership
49 for the purpose of validating statistical models used for risk
50 adjustment.

[AMA Efforts on Medicare Payment Reform D-400.982](#)

1. Our American Medical Association will increase media awareness around the 2024 AMA Annual meeting about the need for Medicare Payment Reform, eliminating budget neutrality reductions, and instituting annual cost of living increases.
2. Our AMA will step up its public relations campaign to get more buy-in from the general public about the need for Medicare payment reform.
3. Our AMA will increase awareness to all physicians about the efforts of our AMA on Medicare Payment Reform.
4. Our AMA will advocate for abolition of all MIPS penalties in light of the current inadequacies of Medicare payments.

(56) RESOLUTION 217 - ENSURING PROPORTIONAL
ACCOUNTABILITY FOR HOSPITAL EXPENDITURES
ATTRIBUTED TO MEDICARE ACOS

RECOMMENDATION:

Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA policy H-160.915 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 217.

HOD ACTION: Existing AMA policy H-160.915 are reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 217.

RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association advocate that the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services establish policies requiring hospitals that receive substantial expenditures attributable to ACO-assigned beneficiaries to enter defined participation and financial accountability agreements with the relevant ACO contracting entity (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate that, absent such defined participation and accountability agreements, hospital expenditures for ACO-assigned beneficiaries not be included in total cost of care reconciliation calculations under the Medicare Shared Savings Program or other advanced alternative payment models (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

RESOLVED, that our AMA advocate for enhanced transparency of hospital facility spending attributable to ACO-assigned beneficiaries within benchmarking and reconciliation methodologies (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

RESOLVED, that our AMA to study and report on policy mechanisms to ensure equitable financial accountability for hospital expenditures attributed to Medicare ACOs, including mechanisms addressing site-of-service payment differentials and facility fee impacts. (Directive to Take Action)

1 Your Reference Committee heard mixed testimony on Resolution 217, with some
2 testimony supporting adoption, others supporting adoption with amendments, and still
3 others arguing for reaffirmation. The commenters supporting reaffirmation noted that our
4 AMA's Accountable Care Organization [Principles](#), established in existing AMA policy,
5 thoroughly address the concerns raised by Resolution 217.

6
7 Your Reference Committee heard additional testimony from the author, who argued that
8 existing policy leaves a specific gap as CMS moves to place more physicians in downside-
9 risk arrangements. The author's concern is that physicians in these arrangements are held
10 financially accountable for hospital expenditures, the largest component of total Medicare
11 spending, despite lacking direct governance authority or operational control over them.

12
13 Your Reference Committee appreciates the author's testimony but continues to believe
14 that existing AMA policy thoroughly addresses the concerns raised by Resolution 217.
15 The AMA's Accountable Care Organization Principles, establish that ACOs must be
16 physician-led with governance separate and independent from any hospital governing
17 board, that ACO spending benchmarks be risk-adjusted, that quality and cost
18 methodologies use appropriate attribution consistent with AMA quality reporting principles,
19 and that physicians retain decision-making authority over ACO operations and the
20 distribution of shared savings. These principles directly speak to the concern that
21 physicians should be held accountable only for spending and quality they can control.
22 Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA policy H-160.915
23 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 217.

[Accountable Care Organization Principles H-160.915](#)

24
25
26
27 Our American Medical Association adopts the following Accountable Care
28 Organization (ACO) principles:

- 29 1. Guiding Principle - The goal of an ACO is to increase access to
30 care, improve the quality of care and ensure the efficient delivery of
31 care. Within an ACO, a physician's primary ethical and professional
32 obligation is the well-being and safety of the patient.
- 33 2. ACO Governance - ACOs must be physician-led and encourage an
34 environment of collaboration among physicians. ACOs must be
35 physician-led to ensure that a physician's medical decisions are not
36 based on commercial interests but rather on professional medical
37 judgment that puts patients' interests first:
 - 38 a. Medical decisions should be made by physicians. ACOs
39 must be operationally structured and governed by an
40 appropriate number of physicians to ensure that medical
41 decisions are made by physicians (rather than lay entities)
42 and place patients' interests first. Physicians are the medical
43 professionals best qualified by training, education, and
44 experience to provide diagnosis and treatment of patients.
45 Clinical decisions must be made by the physician or
46 physician-controlled entity. The AMA supports true
47 collaborative efforts between physicians, hospitals and
48 other qualified providers to form ACOs as long as the
49 governance of those arrangements ensure that physicians
50 control medical issues.

- 1 program do not suddenly become illegal simply because the shared
2 savings program does not continue.
- 3 6. Additional resources should be provided up-front in order to
4 encourage ACO development. CMS's Center for Medicare and
5 Medicaid Innovation (CMI) should provide grants to physicians in
6 order to finance up-front costs of creating an ACO. ACO incentives
7 must be aligned with the physician or physician group's risks (e.g.,
8 start-up costs, systems investments, culture changes, and financial
9 uncertainty). Developing this capacity for physicians practicing in
10 rural communities and solo-small group practices requires time and
11 resources and the outcome is unknown. Providing additional
12 resources for the up-front costs will encourage the development of
13 ACOs since the 'shared savings' model only provides for potential
14 savings at the back-end, which may discourage the creation of
15 ACOs (particularly among independent physicians and in rural
16 communities).
- 17 7. The ACO spending benchmark should be adjusted for differences
18 in geographic practice costs and risk adjusted for individual patient
19 risk factors.
- 20 8. The ACO spending benchmark, which will be based on historical
21 spending patterns in the ACO's service area and negotiated
22 between Medicare and the ACO, must be risk-adjusted in order to
23 incentivize physicians with sicker patients to participate in ACOs
24 and incentivize ACOs to accept and treat sicker patients, such as
25 the chronically ill.
- 26 9. The ACO benchmark should be risk-adjusted for the
27 socioeconomic and health status of the patients that are assigned
28 to each ACO, such as income/poverty level, insurance status prior
29 to Medicare enrollment, race, and ethnicity and health status.
30 Studies show that patients with these factors have experienced
31 barriers to care and are more costly and difficult to treat once they
32 reach Medicare eligibility.
- 33 10. The ACO benchmark must be adjusted for differences in
34 geographic practice costs, such as physician office expenses
35 related to rent, wages paid to office staff and nurses, hospital
36 operating cost factors (i.e., hospital wage index) and physician HIT
37 costs.
- 38 11. The ACO benchmark should include a reasonable spending growth
39 rate based on the growth in physician and hospital practice
40 expenses as well as the patient socioeconomic and health status
41 factors.
- 42 12. In addition to the shared savings earned by ACOs, ACOs that
43 spend less than the national average per Medicare beneficiary
44 should be provided an additional bonus payment. Many physicians
45 and physician groups have worked hard over the years to establish
46 systems and practices to lower their costs below the national per
47 Medicare beneficiary expenditures. Accordingly, these practices
48 may not be able to achieve significant additional shared savings to
49 incentivize them to create or join ACOs. A bonus payment for
50 spending below the national average would encourage these

- 1 practices to create ACOs and continue to use resources
2 appropriately and efficiently.
- 3 13. The quality performance standards required to be established by
4 the Secretary must be consistent with AMA policy regarding quality.
5 The ACO quality reporting program must meet the AMA principles
6 for quality reporting, including the use of nationally-accepted,
7 physician specialty-validated clinical measures developed by the
8 AMA-specialty society quality consortium; the inclusion of a
9 sufficient number of patients to produce statistically valid quality
10 information; appropriate attribution methodology; risk adjustment;
11 and the right for physicians to appeal inaccurate quality reports and
12 have them corrected. There must also be timely notification and
13 feedback provided to physicians regarding the quality measures
14 and results.
- 15 14. An ACO must be afforded procedural due process with respect to
16 the Secretary's discretion to terminate an agreement with
17 an ACO for failure to meet the quality performance standards.
- 18 15. ACOs should be allowed to use different payment models. While
19 the ACO shared-savings program is limited to the traditional
20 Medicare fee-for-service reimbursement methodology, the
21 Secretary has discretion to establish ACO demonstration projects.
22 ACOs must be given a variety of payment options and allowed to
23 simultaneously employ different payment methods, including fee-
24 for-service, capitation, partial capitation, medical homes, care
25 management fees, and shared savings. Any capitation payments
26 must be risk-adjusted.
- 27 16. The Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and Systems
28 (CAHPS) Patient Satisfaction Survey should be used as a tool to
29 determine patient satisfaction and whether an ACO meets the
30 patient-centeredness criteria required by the ACO law.
- 31 17. Interoperable Health Information Technology and Electronic Health
32 Record Systems are key to the success of ACOs. Medicare must
33 ensure systems are interoperable to allow physicians and
34 institutions to effectively communicate and coordinate care and
35 report on quality.
- 36 18. If an ACO bears risk like a risk bearing organization, the ACO must
37 abide by the financial solvency standards pertaining to risk-bearing
38 organizations.

1 (57) RESOLUTION 220 - REVERSE CMS CUTS TO
2 FACILITY-BASED PRACTICE EXPENSE PAYMENTS
3 FOR PHYSICIANS
4

5 RECOMMENDATION:
6

7 Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA
8 policies H-400.972, H-390.849, D-400.982, D-330.891, H-
9 385.916, and D-405.965 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution
10 220.
11

12 **HOD ACTION: Existing AMA policies H-400.972, H-390.849, D-400.982, D-330.891, H-
13 385.916, and D-405.965 are reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 220.**
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16
17 **RESOLVED**, that our American Medical Association write and promote federal legislation
18 to reverse CY 2026 Physician Fee Schedule (CME-1832-F) reductions to facility-based
19 practice expenses payments for physicians – retroactive to 01/01/2026 – and codify future
20 payment updates by linking these payments to the Medicare Economic Index (MEI).
21 (Directive to Take Action)
22

23 Your Reference Committee received testimony for Resolution 220 that revealed strong
24 opposition to reductions to facility-based practice expenses payment for physicians
25 included in the 2026 Medicare Physician Fee Schedule. While many commenters
26 supported adoption on this basis, others noted that our AMA has extensive and robust
27 Medicare payment policy that encompasses the asks of this resolution, and that our AMA
28 is already actively engaged in advocacy efforts opposing this policy. An example of this
29 work can be seen in the September 2025 comment [letter](#) on the 2026 Medicare Physician
30 Fee Schedule proposed rule. Your Reference Committee believes that existing AMA
31 policy is sufficient to allow for advocacy against the specific cuts that are the focus of the
32 resolution alongside broader Medicare payment advocacy efforts. Therefore, your
33 Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA policies H-400.972, H-390.849,
34 and D-400.982, D-330.891, H-385.916, and D-405.965 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution
35 220.
36

37 [Physician Payment Reform H-400.972](#)
38

- 39 1. It is the policy of our American Medical Association to take all
40 necessary legal, legislative, and other action to redress the
41 inequities in the implementation of the RBRVS, including, but not
42 limited to:
43 a. Reduction of allowances for new physicians.
44 b. The non-payment of EKG interpretations.
45 c. Defects in the Geographic Practice Cost Indices and area
46 designations.
47 d. Inappropriate Resource-Based Relative Value Units.

- 1 e. The deteriorating economic condition of physicians'
 - 2 practices disproportionately affected by the
 - 3 Medicare payment system.
 - 4 f. The need for restoration of the RBRVS conversion factor to
 - 5 levels consistent with the statutory requirement for budget
 - 6 neutrality.
 - 7 g. The inadequacy of payment for services of assistant
 - 8 surgeons.
 - 9 h. The loss of surgical-tray benefit for many outpatient
 - 10 procedures (Reaffirmed by Rules & Credentials Cmt., A-96);
- 11 2. Seek an evaluation of:
 - 12 a. Stress factors (i.e., intensity values) as they affect the
 - 13 calculation of the Medicare Payment Schedule, seeking
 - 14 appropriate, reasonable, and equitable adjustments.
 - 15 b. Descriptors (i.e., vignettes) and other examples of services
 - 16 used to determine RBRVS values and payment levels and
 - 17 to seek adjustments so that the resulting values
 - 18 and payment levels appropriately pertain to the elderly and
 - 19 often infirm patients.
- 20 3. Evaluate the use of the RBRVS on the calculation of the work
- 21 component of the Medicare Payment Schedule and to ascertain
- 22 that the concept for the work component continues to be an
- 23 appropriate part of a resource-based relative value system.
- 24 4. Seek to assure that all modifiers, including global descriptors, are
- 25 well publicized and include adequate descriptors.
- 26 5. Seek the establishment of a reasonable and consistent
- 27 interpretation of global fees, dealing specifically with preoperative
- 28 office visits, concomitant office procedures, and/or future
- 29 procedures.
- 30 6. Seek from CMS and/or Congress an additional comment period
- 31 beginning in the Fall of 1992.
- 32 7. Seek the elimination of regulations directing patients to points of
- 33 service.
- 34 8. Support further study of refinements in the practice cost component
- 35 of the RBRVS to ensure better reflection of both absolute and
- 36 relative costs associated with individual
- 37 services, physician practices, and medical specialties, considering
- 38 such issues as data adequacy, equity, and the degree of disruption
- 39 likely to be associated with any policy change.
- 40 9. Take steps to assure that relative value units in the
- 41 Medicare payment schedule, such as nursing home visits, are
- 42 adjusted to account for increased resources needed to deliver care
- 43 and comply with federal and state regulatory programs that
- 44 disproportionately affect these services and that the Medicare
- 45 conversion factor be adjusted and updated to reflect these
- 46 increased overall costs.
- 47 10. Support the concepts of HR 4393 (the Medicare Geographic Data
- 48 Accuracy Act of 1992), S 2680 (the Medicare Geographic Data
- 49 Accuracy Act of 1992), and S 2683 (Medicare Geographic Data
- 50 Accuracy Act) for improving the accuracy of the Medicare

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geographic practice costs indices (GPCIs) and work with CMS and the Congress to assure that GPCIs are updated in as timely a manner as feasible and reflect actual physician costs, including gross receipt taxes.

11. Request that CMS refine relative values for particular services on the basis of valid and reliable data and that CMS rely upon the work of the AMA/Specialty Society RVS Updating Committee (RUC) for assignment of relative work values to new or revised CPT codes and any other tasks for which the RUC can provide credible recommendations.
12. Pursue aggressively recognition and CMS adoption for Medicare payment schedule conversion factor updates of an index providing the best assurance of increases in the monetary conversion factor reflective of changes in physician practice costs, and to this end, to consider seriously the development of a "shadow" Medicare Economic Index.
13. Continue to implement and refine the Payment Reform Education Project to provide member physicians with accurate and timely information on developments in Medicare physician payment reform.
14. Take steps to assure all relative value units contained in the Medicare Fee Schedule are adjusted as needed to comply with ever-increasing federal and state regulatory requirements.

[Physician Payment Reform H-390.849](#)

1. Our American Medical Association will advocate for the development and adoption of physician payment reform. that adhere to the following principles:
 - a. Promote improved patient access to high-quality, cost-effective care.
 - b. Be designed with input from the physician community.
 - c. Ensure that physicians have an appropriate level of decision-making authority over bonus or shared-savings distributions.
 - d. Not require budget neutrality within Medicare Part B.
 - e. Be based on payment rates that are sufficient to cover the full cost of sustainable medical practice.
 - f. Ensure reasonable implementation timeframes, with adequate support available to assist physicians with the implementation process.
 - g. Make participation options available for varying practice sizes, patient mixes, specialties, and locales.
 - h. Use adequate risk adjustment methodologies.
 - i. Incorporate incentives large enough to merit additional investments by physicians.
 - j. Provide patients with information and incentives to encourage appropriate utilization of medical care, including the use of preventive services and self-management protocols.

- 1 k. Provide a mechanism to ensure that budget baselines are
- 2 reevaluated at regular intervals and are reflective of trends
- 3 in service utilization.
- 4 l. Attribution processes should emphasize voluntary
- 5 agreements between patients and physicians, minimize the
- 6 use of algorithms or formulas, provide attribution information
- 7 to physicians in a timely manner, and include formal
- 8 mechanisms to allow physicians to verify and correct
- 9 attribution data as necessary.
- 10 m. Include ongoing evaluation processes to monitor the
- 11 success of the reform. in achieving the goals of improving
- 12 patient care and increasing the value of health care
- 13 services.
- 14 2. Our AMA opposes bundling of payments in ways that limit medically
- 15 necessary care, including institutional post-acute care, or otherwise
- 16 interfere with a physician's ability to provide high quality care to
- 17 patients.
- 18 3. Our AMA supports payment methodologies that redistribute
- 19 Medicare payments among providers based on outcomes
- 20 (including functional improvements, if appropriate), quality and risk-
- 21 adjustment measures only if measures are scientifically valid,
- 22 reliable, and consistent with national medical specialty society-
- 23 developed clinical guidelines/standards.
- 24 4. Our AMA will continue to monitor health care delivery
- 25 and physician payment reform activities and provide resources to
- 26 help physicians understand and participate in these initiatives.
- 27 5. Our AMA supports the development of a public-private partnership
- 28 for the purpose of validating statistical models used for risk
- 29 adjustment.
- 30

[AMA Efforts on Medicare Payment Reform D-400.982](#)

- 31
- 32
- 33 1. Our American Medical Association will increase media awareness
- 34 around the 2024 AMA Annual meeting about the need for Medicare
- 35 Payment Reform, eliminating budget neutrality reductions, and
- 36 instituting annual cost of living increases.
- 37 2. Our AMA will step up its public relations campaign to get more buy-
- 38 in from the general public about the need for Medicare payment
- 39 reform.
- 40 3. Our AMA will increase awareness to all physicians about the efforts
- 41 of our AMA on Medicare Payment Reform.
- 42 4. Our AMA will advocate for abolition of all MIPS penalties in light of
- 43 the current inadequacies of Medicare payments.
- 44

[Transparency of Facility Fees for Hospital Outpatient Department Visits D-330.891](#)

- 45
- 46
- 47
- 48 1. Our American Medical Association advocates for legislation or
- 49 regulation that mandates the proactive transparency of the added

1 costs to the consumer for health care services rendered at hospital
2 outpatient department designated clinics.

- 3 2. Our AMA advocates the additional costs of facility fees over
4 professional services be stated upon scheduling of such services,
5 noting the two are separate and additive charges, as well as
6 prominently displayed at the point of service.

7
8 [Reimbursement for Office-Based Surgery Facility Fees H-385.916](#)

9
10 Our American Medical Association urges third party payers to
11 include facility fee payments for procedures using more than local
12 anesthesia in accredited office-based surgical facilities.

13
14 [Root Cause Analysis of the Causes of the Decline of Private Medical](#)
15 [Practice D-405.965](#)

16
17 Our AMA will study and report back on the root cause of the decline in
18 private practice to include consideration of at least the following factors:

- 19 1. The declining inflation-adjusted Medicare rates.
20 2. Stark laws, which allow hospitals, but not private physicians, to self-
21 refer.
22 3. The development of insurance plans that had no out-of-network
23 benefits.
24 4. The permitted consolidation of insurers and hospitals.
25 5. Hospital-insurer agreements with minimal in-
26 network fee requirement and other conditions such as the
27 requirement for high hospital technical fees.
28 6. Increased government influence by insurers and hospitals and
29 decreased influence by doctors.
30 7. Inadequate formal education on the business of medicine.
31 8. Educational debt of early career physicians.
32 9. Evolving lifestyle preference of early career physicians.
33 10. Overhead expenditures such as Electronic Health Records,
34 personnel, and administrative costs.
35 11. Provider based facility fees charged by hospital employers but not
36 by private practitioners.

1 (58) RESOLUTION 224 - CLARITY OF SIGNAGE:
2 DISTINGUISHING URGENT CARES FROM
3 EMERGENCY ROOMS
4

5 RECOMMENDATION:
6

7 Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA
8 policy H-160.888 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 224.
9

10
11 **HOD ACTION: Existing AMA policy H-160.888 are reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution**
12 **224.**
13

14
15 **RESOLVED**, that our American Medical Association advocate for federal regulatory or
16 legislative action that would require clear and standardized signage for urgent care centers
17 to distinguish them from hospital emergency departments. (Directive to Take Action)
18

19 Your Reference Committee received testimony for Resolution 224 that reflects strong
20 support for the need for clear, standardized signage to distinguish urgent care centers
21 from emergency departments, citing risks of patient confusion, delayed care, and safety
22 concerns. However, multiple commenters, while acknowledging these concerns, argue
23 that existing AMA policy directly addresses the issues raised by Resolution 224. Through
24 this existing policy, our AMA establishes principles that explicitly prohibit urgent care
25 centers from using the word “emergency” or “ED” in their name, advertisements, or
26 descriptions of care, and directs our AMA to support patient education on the differences
27 between urgent care centers and emergency departments.
28

29 Your Reference Committee agrees that existing policy directly covers the asks of this
30 resolution. Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA policy
31 H-160.888 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 224.
32

33 [Urgent Care Centers H-160.888](#)
34

- 35 1. Our American Medical Association supports that any individual,
36 company, or other entity that establishes and/or
37 operates urgent care centers (UCCs) adhere to the following
38 principles:
39 a. UCCs must help patients who do not have a
40 primary care physician or usual source of care to identify
41 one in the community.
42 b. UCCs must transfer a patient’s medical records to their
43 primary care physician and to other health care providers,
44 with the patient’s consent, including offering transfer in an
45 electronic format if the receiving physician is capable of
46 receiving it.
47 c. UCCs must produce patient visit summaries that are
48 transferred to the appropriate physicians and other

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health care providers in a meaningful format that prominently highlight salient patient information.

- d. UCCs should work with primary care physicians and medical homes to support continuity of care and ensure provisions for appropriate follow-up care are made.
- e. UCCs should use local physicians as medical directors or supervisors and they should be clearly identified and posted.
- f. UCCs should have a well-defined scope of clinical services, communicate the scope of services to the patient prior to evaluation, provide a list of services provided by the center, provide the qualifications of the on-site health care providers prior to services being rendered, describe the degree of physician supervision of any non-physician practitioners, and include in any marketing materials the qualifications of the on-site health care providers.
- g. UCCs should be prohibited from using the word “emergency” or “ED” in their name, any of their advertisements, or to describe the type of care provided.

- 2. Our AMA will work with interested stakeholders to improve attribution methods such that a physician is not attributed to spending for services that a patient receives at an UCC if the physician could not reasonably control or influence that spending.
- 3. Our AMA supports patient education including notifying patients if their physicians are providing extended hours care, including weekends, informing patients what to do in urgent situations when their physician may be unavailable, informing patients of the differences between an urgent care center and an emergency department, asking for their patients to notify their physician or usual source of care before seeking UCC services, and encouraging patients to familiarize themselves with their anticipated out-of-pocket financial responsibility for UCC services

(59) RESOLUTION 227 - STANDBY CAPACITY PAYMENTS AND HEALTH IT FOR HOSPITALS IN RURAL AREAS

RECOMMENDATION:

Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA policies D-290.970, H-290.951, D-305.967, H-480.937, H-478.980, H-350.937, D-478.994, D-478.996, H-465.972, and D-465.998 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 227.

HOD ACTION: Existing AMA policies D-290.970, H-290.951, D-305.967, H-480.937, H-478.980, H-350.937, D-478.994, D-478.996, H-465.972, and D-465.998 are reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 227.

1 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association assist state medical associations,
2 specialty societies and physician practices with the implementation of H.R. 1, to mitigate
3 the negative impact of the Medicaid, ACA and student loan cuts to physicians and patients,
4 particularly in rural areas (Directive to Take Action); and be it further

5
6 RESOLVED, that our AMA support the provision and payment of physician-to-physician
7 virtual telehealth consultations as an option to increase access to primary and specialty
8 care in rural communities, acknowledging that significant investments in rural telehealth
9 broadband must be made in order to effectively deliver telehealth services (New HOD
10 Policy); and be it further

11
12 RESOLVED, that our AMA encourage the development of programs and financial
13 assistance models for rural physician practices in need of health information technology
14 and other technological modernization and security, as well as access to specialty
15 equipment to provide quality care (New HOD Policy); and be it further

16
17 RESOLVED, that our AMA urge the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services and
18 others to provide funding for standby capacity payments to sustain obstetric services at
19 hospitals at risk of closing access to maternity care. (New HOD Policy)

20
21 Your Reference Committee heard mixed testimony on Resolution 227. Commenters
22 generally agreed on the urgent challenges facing rural health care and highlighted the
23 importance of policies supporting telehealth and other health IT, standby capacity
24 payments for rural providers, and safety net programs. Additional testimony was received
25 that supported amending the resolution, arguing that it should be broadened
26 to encompass more rural health care services, such as emergency care. A few
27 commenters opposed the resolution, arguing that the resolved clauses are unclear or
28 would be difficult to implement. Finally, some comments proposed reaffirmation in lieu of
29 adoption, identifying multiple existing policies for each clause of the
30 resolution that address the issues raised.

31
32 Your Reference Committee agrees that the challenges facing rural health care are
33 daunting. However, our AMA already has an extensive body of policy responding to these
34 challenges, including policies that support capacity payments for rural hospitals,
35 increasing access to health IT in rural communities, mitigating cuts to safety net programs
36 that disproportionately impact rural communities, and more.

37
38 These policies have enabled strong advocacy on rural issues by our AMA, including
39 endorsing legislation focused on rural issues such as the [Rural Residency Planning and
40 Development Act](#), the [Specialty Physicians Advancing Rural Care Act](#), and the [Connected
41 Maternal Online Monitoring Act](#), and developing [maternal health recommendations](#). Our
42 AMA has also undertaken extensive work in the student loan space in response to H.R. 1
43 including [commenting](#) on House Concurrent Resolution 14, [commenting](#) on H.R.1,
44 [commenting](#) on the PSLF proposed changes, [commenting](#) on the proposed rule
45 surrounding student loan changes, and creating a [resource guide](#) to explain the changes
46 in the student loan space. Additionally, as some commenters noted, our AMA has done
47 extensive educational and operational support work on rural issues. In particular, our AMA
48 was very active in shaping state applications for Rural Health Transformation Program
49 (RHTP) funding, and continues to lead on issues relating to the RHTP.

1 Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA policies D-290.970,
2 H-290.951, D-305.967, H-480.937, H-478.980, H-350.937, D-478.994, D-478.996, H-
3 465.972, and D-465.998 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 227.

4
5 [Call for Action by the American Medical Association to Reverse or Mitigate](#)
6 [Medicaid Cuts D-290.970](#)
7

- 8 1. Our American Medical Association publicly
9 denounces cuts to Medicaid in Public Law 119-21 (known
10 as the “One Big Beautiful Bill Act of 2025”).
- 11 2. Our AMA through, but not limited to, press releases, position
12 statements, op-eds in major outlets, press conferences and
13 lobbying, work to reverse or mitigate Public Law 119-21 as it
14 relates to Medicaid,
- 15 3. Our AMA will continue working with state medical societies,
16 specialty societies, patient advocacy groups, hospital systems and
17 safety net organizations to advocate for the reversal or mitigation
18 of Medicaid-related cuts in Public Law 119-21.
- 19 4. Our AMA will report back to the AMA’s House of Delegates at A-26.

20
21 [Preservation of Medicaid H-290.951](#)
22

- 23 1. Our American Medical Association elevates Medicaid to an urgent
24 and top legislative advocacy priority alongside Medicare payment
25 reform, specifically advocating for maintaining and
26 expanding Medicaid coverage, access, federal funding, and
27 eligibility.
- 28 2. Our AMA strongly opposes federal and state efforts to restrict
29 eligibility, coverage, access, and funding for Medicaid and the
30 Children’s Health Insurance Program (CHIP).

31
32 [The Preservation, Stability and Expansion of Full Funding for Graduate](#)
33 [Medical Education D-305.967](#)
34

- 35 1. Our American Medical Association will actively collaborate with
36 appropriate stakeholder organizations, (including Association of
37 American Medical Colleges, American Hospital Association, state
38 medical societies, medical specialty societies/associations) to
39 advocate for the preservation, stability and expansion of full funding
40 for the direct and indirect costs of graduate medical education
41 (GME) positions from all existing sources (e.g. Medicare, Medicaid,
42 Veterans Administration, CDC and others).
- 43 2. Our AMA will actively advocate for the stable provision of matching
44 federal funds for state Medicaid programs that fund GME positions.
- 45 3. Our AMA will actively seek congressional action to remove the caps
46 on Medicare funding of GME positions for resident physicians that
47 were imposed by the Balanced Budget Amendment of 1997 (BBA-
48 1997).

- 1 4. Our AMA will strenuously advocate for increasing the number of
2 GME positions to address the future physician workforce needs of
3 the nation.
- 4 5. Our AMA will oppose efforts to move federal funding of GME
5 positions to the annual appropriations process that is subject to
6 instability and uncertainty.
- 7 6. Our AMA will oppose regulatory and legislative efforts that reduce
8 funding for GME from the full scope of resident educational
9 activities that are designated by residency programs for
10 accreditation and the board certification of their graduates (e.g.
11 didactic teaching, community service, off-site ambulatory rotations,
12 etc.).
- 13 7. Our AMA will actively explore additional sources of GME
14 funding and their potential impact on the quality of residency
15 training and on patient care.
- 16 8. Our AMA will vigorously advocate for the continued and expanded
17 contribution by all payers for health care (including the federal
18 government, the states, and local and private sources) to fund both
19 the direct and indirect costs of GME.
- 20 9. Our AMA will work, in collaboration with other stakeholders, to
21 improve the awareness of the general public that GME is a public
22 good that provides essential services as part of the training
23 process and serves as a necessary component of physician
24 preparation to provide patient care that is safe, effective and of high
25 quality.
- 26 10. Our AMA staff and governance will continuously monitor federal,
27 state and private proposals for health care reform for their potential
28 impact on the preservation, stability and expansion of full funding
29 for the direct and indirect costs of GME.
- 30 11. Our AMA:
 - 31 a. recognizes that funding for and distribution of positions for
32 GME are in crisis in the United States and that
33 meaningful and comprehensive reform is urgently needed.
 - 34 b. will immediately work with Congress to expand medical
35 residencies in a balanced fashion based on expected
36 specialty needs throughout our nation to produce a
37 geographically distributed and appropriately sized
38 physician workforce; and to make increasing
39 support and funding for GME programs and residencies a
40 top priority of the AMA in its national political agenda.
 - 41 c. will continue to work closely with the Accreditation Council
42 for Graduate Medical Education, Association of American
43 Medical Colleges, American Osteopathic
44 Association, and other key stakeholders to raise awareness
45 among policymakers and the public about the importance of
46 expanded GME funding to meet the nation's
47 current and anticipated medical workforce needs.
- 48 12. Our AMA will collaborate with other organizations to explore
49 evidence-based approaches to quality and accountability in
50 residency education to support enhanced funding of GME.

- 1 13. Our AMA will continue to strongly advocate that Congress fund
2 additional graduate medical education (GME) positions for the most
3 critical workforce needs, especially considering the
4 current and worsening maldistribution of physicians.
- 5 14. Our AMA will advocate that the Centers for
6 Medicare and Medicaid Services allow for rural and other
7 underserved rotations in Accreditation Council for Graduate
8 Medical Education (ACGME)-accredited residency programs, in
9 disciplines of particular local/regional need, to occur in the offices
10 of physicians who meet the qualifications for adjunct faculty of the
11 residency program's sponsoring institution.
- 12 15. Our AMA encourages the ACGME to reduce barriers
13 to rural and other underserved community experiences for
14 graduate medical education programs that choose to provide such
15 training, by adjusting as needed its program requirements, such as
16 continuity requirements or limitations on time spent away from the
17 primary residency site.
- 18 16. Our AMA encourages the ACGME and the American Osteopathic
19 Association (AOA) to continue to develop and disseminate
20 innovative methods of training physicians efficiently that foster the
21 skills and inclinations to practice in a health care system that
22 rewards team-based care and social accountability.
- 23 17. Our AMA will work with interested state and national medical
24 specialty societies and other appropriate stakeholders to
25 share and support legislation to increase GME funding, enabling a
26 state to accomplish one or more of the following: (a) train more
27 physicians to meet state and regional workforce needs; (b) train
28 physicians who will practice in physician shortage/underserved
29 areas; or (c) train physicians in undersupplied
30 specialties and subspecialties in the state/region.
- 31 18. Our AMA supports the ongoing efforts by states to
32 identify and address changing physician workforce needs within the
33 GME landscape and continue to broadly advocate for innovative
34 pilot programs that will increase the number of positions and create
35 enhanced accountability of GME programs for quality outcomes.
- 36 19. Our AMA will continue to work with stakeholders such as
37 Association of American Medical Colleges (AAMC), ACGME, AOA,
38 American Academy of Family Physicians, American College of
39 Physicians, and other specialty organizations to analyze the
40 changing landscape of future physician workforce needs as well as
41 the number and variety of GME positions necessary to provide that
42 workforce.
- 43 20. Our AMA will explore innovative funding models for incremental
44 increases in funded residency positions related to quality of resident
45 education and provision of patient care as evaluated by appropriate
46 medical education organizations such as the Accreditation Council
47 for Graduate Medical Education.
- 48 21. Our AMA will utilize its resources to share its content expertise with
49 policymakers and the public to ensure greater awareness of the
50 significant societal value of graduate medical education (GME) in

- 1 terms of patient care, particularly for underserved and at-risk
2 populations, as well as global health, research and education.
- 3 22. Our AMA will advocate for the appropriation of Congressional
4 funding in support of the National Healthcare Workforce
5 Commission, established under section 5101 of the Affordable Care
6 Act, to provide data and healthcare workforce policy and advice to
7 the nation and provide data that support the value of GME to the
8 nation.
- 9 23. Our AMA supports recommendations to increase the accountability
10 for and transparency of GME funding and continue to monitor
11 data and peer-reviewed studies that contribute to further assess the
12 value of GME.
- 13 24. Our AMA will explore various models of all-payer funding for GME,
14 especially as the Institute of Medicine (now a program unit of the
15 National Academy of Medicine) did not examine those options in its
16 2014 report on GME governance and financing.
- 17 25. Our AMA encourages organizations with successful existing
18 models to publicize and share strategies, outcomes and costs.
- 19 26. Our AMA encourages insurance payers and foundations to enter
20 into partnerships with state and local agencies as well as academic
21 medical centers and community hospitals seeking to expand GME.
- 22 27. Our AMA will develop, along with other interested stakeholders, a
23 national campaign to educate the public on the
24 definition and importance of graduate medical education, student
25 debt and the state of the medical profession today and in the future.
- 26 28. Our AMA will collaborate with other stakeholder organizations to
27 evaluate and work to establish consensus regarding the
28 appropriate economic value of resident and fellow services.
- 29 29. Our AMA will monitor ongoing pilots and demonstration
30 projects, and explore the feasibility of broader implementation of
31 proposals that show promise as alternative means for funding
32 physician education and training while providing appropriate
33 compensation for residents and fellows.
- 34 30. Our AMA will monitor the status of the House
35 Energy and Commerce Committee's response to public comments
36 solicited regarding the 2014 IOM report, Graduate Medical
37 Education That Meets the Nation's Health Needs, as well as results
38 of ongoing studies, including that requested of the GAO, in order to
39 formulate new advocacy strategy for GME funding, and will report
40 back to the House of Delegates regularly on important changes in
41 the landscape of GME funding.
- 42 31. Our AMA will advocate to the Centers for Medicare
43 & Medicaid Services to adopt the concept of "Cap-
44 Flexibility" and allow new and current Graduate Medical Education
45 teaching institutions to extend their cap-building window for up to
46 an additional five years beyond the current window (for a total of up
47 to ten years), giving priority to new residency programs in
48 underserved areas and/or economically depressed areas.
- 49 32. Our AMA will:

- 1 a. encourage all existing and planned
2 allopathic and osteopathic medical schools to thoroughly
3 research match statistics and other career placement
4 metrics when developing career guidance plans.
 - 5 b. strongly advocate for and work with legislators, private
6 sector partnerships, and existing and planned
7 osteopathic and allopathic medical schools to
8 create and fund graduate medical education (GME)
9 programs that can accommodate the equivalent number of
10 additional medical school graduates consistent with the
11 workforce needs of our nation.
 - 12 c. encourage the Liaison Committee on Medical Education
13 (LCME), the Commission on Osteopathic College
14 Accreditation (COCA), and other accrediting bodies, as part
15 of accreditation of allopathic and osteopathic medical
16 schools, to prospectively and retrospectively monitor
17 medical school graduates' rates of placement into GME as
18 well as GME completion.
- 19 33. Our AMA encourages the Secretary of the U.S. Department of
20 Health and Human Services to coordinate with federal agencies
21 that fund GME training to identify and collect information needed to
22 effectively evaluate how hospitals, health systems, and health
23 centers with residency programs are utilizing these financial
24 resources to meet the nation's health care workforce needs. This
25 includes information on payment amounts by the type of training
26 programs supported, resident training costs and revenue
27 generation, output or outcomes related to health workforce planning
28 (i.e., percentage of primary care residents that went on to practice
29 in rural or medically underserved areas), and measures related to
30 resident competency and educational quality offered by GME
31 training programs.
 - 32 34. Our AMA will publicize best practice examples of state-funded
33 Graduate Medical Education positions and develop model state
34 legislation where appropriate.
 - 35 35. Our American Medical Association will ask federal agencies that
36 fund graduate medical education (including but not limited to the
37 Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, the Department of
38 Veterans Affairs, the Department of Defense, the Health
39 Resources and Services Administration, and others) to issue an
40 annual report detailing the quantity of total GME funding for each
41 year including how Direct GME funds are allocated on a per
42 resident or fellow basis, for the previous year.

[Addressing Equity in Telehealth and Health Technology H-480.937](#)

- 45
- 46 1. Our American Medical Association recognizes access to
47 broadband internet as a social determinant of health.
- 48 2. Our AMA encourages initiatives to measure and strengthen digital
49 literacy, with appropriate education programs, and with an

- 1 emphasis on programs designed with and for historically
2 marginalized and minoritized populations.
- 3 3. Our AMA encourages telehealth solution and service providers to
4 implement design functionality, content, user interface, and service
5 access best practices with and for historically minoritized and
6 marginalized communities, including addressing culture, language,
7 technology accessibility, and digital literacy within these
8 populations.
- 9 4. Our AMA supports efforts to design and to improve the usability of
10 existing electronic health record (EHR) and telehealth technology,
11 including voice-activated technology, with and for those with
12 difficulty accessing technology, such as older adults, individuals
13 with vision impairment and individuals with other mental or physical
14 disabilities.
- 15 5. Our AMA encourages hospitals, health systems and health plans to
16 invest in initiatives aimed at designing access to care
17 via telehealth with and for historically marginalized and minoritized
18 communities, including improving physician and non-physician
19 provider diversity, offering training and technology support for
20 equity-centered participatory design, and launching new and
21 innovative outreach campaigns to inform and educate communities
22 about telehealth.
- 23 6. Our AMA supports expanding physician practice eligibility for
24 programs that assist qualifying health care entities, including
25 physician practices, in purchasing necessary services and
26 equipment in order to provide telehealth services to augment the
27 broadband infrastructure for, and increase connected device use
28 among historically marginalized, minoritized and underserved
29 populations.
- 30 7. Our AMA supports efforts to ensure payers allow all contracted
31 physicians to provide care via telehealth.
- 32 8. Our AMA opposes efforts by health plans to use cost-sharing as a
33 means to incentivize or require the use of telehealth or in-person
34 care or incentivize care from a separate or
35 preferred telehealth network over the patient's current physicians.
- 36 9. Our AMA will advocate that physician payments should be fair and
37 equitable, regardless of whether the service is performed via audio-
38 only, two-way audio-video, or in-person.
- 39 10. Our AMA encourages the development of improved solutions to
40 incorporate structured advance care planning (ACP)
41 documentation standards that best meet the requisite needs for
42 patients and physicians to easily store and access in the EHR
43 complete and accurate ACP documentation that maintains the
44 flexibility to capture unique, patient-centered details.
- 45 11. Our AMA encourages hospitals, health systems, and physician
46 practices to provide a method other than electronic communication
47 for patients who are without technological proficiency or access.

1 [Increasing Access to Broadband Internet to Reduce Health Disparities H-](#)
2 [478.980](#)
3

4 Our American Medical Association will advocate for the expansion
5 of broadband and wireless connectivity to all rural and underserved areas
6 of the United States while at all times taking care to protecting existing
7 federally licensed radio services from harmful interference that can be
8 caused by broadband and wireless services.
9

10 [Improving Healthcare of Minority Communities in Rural Areas H-350.937](#)
11

- 12 1. Our AMA encourages health promotion, access to care, and
13 disease prevention through educational efforts and publications
14 specifically tailored to minority communities in rural areas.
- 15 2. Our AMA encourages enhanced understanding by federal, state
16 and local governments of the unique health and health-related
17 needs, including mental health, of minority communities in rural
18 areas in an effort to improve their quality of life.
- 19 3. Our AMA encourages the collection of vital statistics and other
20 relevant demographic data of minority communities in rural areas.
- 21 4. Our AMA will advise organizations of the importance of minority
22 health in rural areas.
- 23 5. Our AMA will channel existing policy for telehealth to support
24 improved broadband internet access in minority communities in
25 rural areas to increase the availability of telemedicine where
26 clinically appropriate.
- 27 6. Our AMA supports minority health in rural areas through
28 programming, equity initiatives, and other representation efforts.
- 29 7. Our AMA encourages the development of strategies and
30 mechanisms for communities to share resources and best practices
31 to serve their rural minority populations.
32

33 [Health Information Technology D-478.994](#)
34

35 Our AMA will:

36
37 (1) support legislation and other appropriate initiatives that provide positive
38 incentives for physicians to acquire health information technology (HIT);
39

40 (2) pursue legislative and regulatory changes to obtain an exception to any
41 and all laws that would otherwise prohibit financial assistance to physicians
42 purchasing HIT;
43

44 (3) support initiatives to ensure interoperability among all HIT systems; and
45

46 (4) support the indefinite extension of the Stark Law exception and the Anti-
47 Kickback Statute safe harbor for the donation of Electronic Health Record
48 (EHR) products and services, and will advocate for federal regulatory
49 reform that will allow for indefinite extension of the Stark Law exception and

1 the Anti-Kickback Statute safe harbor for the donation of EHR products and
2 services.

3
4 [Information Technology Standards and Costs D-478.996](#)
5

- 6 1. Our American Medical Association will:
- 7 a. encourage the setting of standards for health care
8 information technology whereby the different products will
9 be interoperable and able to retrieve and share data for the
10 identified important functions while allowing the software
11 companies to develop competitive systems.
 - 12 b. work with Congress and insurance companies to
13 appropriately align incentives as part of the development of
14 a National Health Information Infrastructure (NHII), so that
15 the financial burden on physicians is not disproportionate
16 when they implement these technologies in their offices.
 - 17 c. review the following issues when participating in or
18 commenting on initiatives to create a NHII:
 - 19 i. cost to physicians at the office-based level;
 - 20 ii. security of electronic records; and
 - 21 iii. the standardization of electronic systems;
 - 22 d. continue to advocate for and support initiatives that
23 minimize the financial burden to physician practices of
24 adopting and maintaining electronic medical records.
 - 25 e. continue its active involvement in efforts to define and
26 promote standards that will facilitate the interoperability of
27 health information technology systems.
- 28 2. Our AMA advocates that physicians:
- 29 a. are offered flexibility related to the adoption and use of new
30 certified Electronic Health Records (EHRs) versions or
31 editions when there is not a sufficient choice of EHR
32 products that meet the specified certification standards.
 - 33 b. not be financially penalized for certified EHR technology not
34 meeting current standards.

35
36 [Payment Models to Sustain Rural Hospitals H-465.972](#)
37

- 38 1. Our American Medical Association believes that rural hospitals are
39 essential to the communities they serve. To ensure that these
40 hospitals have adequate support to remain open and financially
41 viable, our AMA will continue to work with interested national
42 medical specialty societies and state medical associations to:
- 43 a. support and monitor novel payment models
44 for rural hospitals and encourage uniform reporting; and
 - 45 b. support educating patients, physicians, and non-physician
46 practitioners on alternative payment models
47 for rural hospitals.
- 48 2. Our AMA supports that funds allocated for rural hospitals be used
49 to enhance or maintain rural health care.

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3. Our AMA will work to vigorously oppose Medicaid cuts as they significantly impact at-risk rural hospitals.

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[Addressing Payment and Delivery in Rural Hospitals D-465.998](#)

1. Our American Medical Association will advocate that public and private payers take the following actions to ensure payment to rural hospitals is adequate and appropriate:
 - a. Create a capacity payment to support the minimum fixed costs of essential services, including surge capacity, regardless of volume.
 - b. Provide adequate service-based payments to cover the costs of services delivered in small communities.
 - c. Adequately compensate physicians for standby and on-call time to enable very small rural hospitals to deliver quality services in a timely manner.
 - d. Use only relevant quality measures for rural hospitals and set minimum volume thresholds for measures to ensure statistical reliability.
 - e. Hold rural hospitals harmless from financial penalties for quality metrics that cannot be assessed due to low statistical reliability.
 - f. Create voluntary monthly payments for primary care that would give physicians the flexibility to deliver services in the most effective manner with an expectation that some services will be provided via telehealth or telephone.
2. Our AMA encourages transparency among rural hospitals regarding their costs and quality outcomes.
3. Our AMA supports better coordination of care between rural hospitals and networks of providers where services are not able to be appropriately provided at a particular rural hospital.
4. Our AMA encourages employers and rural residents to choose health plans that adequately and appropriately reimburse rural hospitals and physicians.
5. Our AMA supports educating patients, physicians, and non-physician practitioners on the impact of Medicare Advantage plans on rural hospitals and encourages all payers to provide adequate payment to support the financial stability of rural hospitals.

1 (60) RESOLUTION 231 - PROTECTING AND PROMOTING
2 LONG TERM CARE WORKFORCE AMIDST
3 IMMIGRATION CHALLENGES
4

5 RECOMMENDATION:
6

7 Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA
8 policies D-360.998 and D-255.980 be reaffirmed in lieu of
9 Resolution 231.
10

11 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 231 is adopted.**
12
13

14
15 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association oppose administrative or regulatory
16 actions that exacerbate staffing shortages or threaten access to long term care when such
17 actions are not accompanied by adequate workforce supply and training, immigration
18 pathways, and funding support (New HOD Policy); and be it further
19

20 RESOLVED, that our AMA support immigration policies that protect, retain, and expand
21 the long-term care workforce, including timely work authorization, efficient visa processing,
22 and protections against abrupt workforce disruptions for immigrant health care workers.
23 (New HOD Policy)
24

25 Your Reference Committee heard extensive testimony in support of Resolution 231, with
26 commenters noting that disruptions to the long-term care workforce negatively impacts
27 physicians, patients, and the health care system more broadly. However, additional
28 testimony noted that, while our AMA engages in extensive advocacy efforts relating to
29 easing immigration barriers for physicians and International Medical Graduates (IMGs),
30 the resolution is not physician-focused but addresses immigration barriers faced by
31 nurses, home health aides, and other direct care workers. Reaffirmation of existing policy
32 relating to the workforce shortages was proposed.
33

34 Your Reference Committee appreciates that understaffing among nurses, health aides,
35 and other health care workers is a major issue facing our healthcare system. Your
36 Reference Committee recognizes that staffing shortages exist in long-term care and that
37 these important individuals provide life affirming care that is largely non-clinical. In
38 principle, the Committee is aligned with the spirit of the resolution and notes that existing
39 AMA policy states that our AMA will work to “enhance the recruitment and retention of
40 qualified individuals to the nursing and other allied health professions.” The Committee
41 further notes, when feasible, our AMA already undertakes this work. For example, [H.R.](#)
42 [7961](#), which the AMA worked hard to get introduced, would exempt physicians and health
43 care workers involved in direct patient care from the \$100,000 H-1B fee. However, the
44 Committee notes that our AMA’s focus in the immigration space must remain on the critical
45 physician shortages that exist across our country and which only our IMG colleagues can
46 ease, as was noted in testimony.
47

48 Therefore, your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA policy D-360.998
49 and D-255.980 be reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 231.

[The Growing Nursing Shortage in the United States D-360.998](#)

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1. Our American Medical Association recognizes the important role nurses and other allied health professionals play in providing quality care to patients, and participate in activities with state medical associations, county medical societies, and other local health care agencies to enhance the recruitment and retention of qualified individuals to the nursing profession and the allied health fields.
 2. Our AMA encourages physicians to be aware of and work to improve workplace conditions that impair the professional relationship between physicians and nurses in the collaborative care of patients.
 3. Our AMA encourages hospitals and other health care facilities to collect and analyze data on the relationship between staffing levels, nursing interventions, and patient outcomes, and to use this data in the quality assurance process.
 4. Our AMA will work with nursing, hospital, and other appropriate organizations to enhance the recruitment and retention of qualified individuals to the nursing and other allied health professions.
 5. Our AMA will work with nursing, hospital, and other appropriate organizations to seek to remove administrative burdens, e.g., excessive paperwork, to improve efficiencies in nursing and promote better patient care.

[Impact of Immigration Barriers on the Nation's Health D-255.980](#)

1. Our American Medical Association recognizes the valuable contributions and affirms our support of international medical students and international medical graduates and their participation in U.S. medical schools, residency and fellowship training programs and in the practice of medicine.
2. Our AMA will oppose laws and regulations that would broadly deny entry or re-entry to the United States of persons who currently have legal visas, including permanent resident status (green card) and student visas, based on their country of origin and/or religion.
3. Our AMA will oppose policies that would broadly deny issuance of legal visas to persons based on their country of origin and/or religion.
4. Our AMA will advocate for the immediate reinstatement of premium processing of H-1B visas for physicians and trainees to prevent any negative impact on patient care.
5. Our AMA will advocate for the timely processing of visas for all physicians, including residents, fellows, and physicians in independent practice.
6. Our AMA will work with other stakeholders to study the current impact of immigration reform efforts on residency and fellowship programs, physician supply, and timely access of patients to health care throughout the U.S.

1 (61) RESOLUTION 234 - PHYSICIAN UNITY IN ADVOCACY
2 REGARDING PHYSICIAN REIMBURSEMENT
3

4 RECOMMENDATION:
5

6 Your Reference Committee recommends that existing AMA
7 policies D-400.982, H-400.972, and H-390.849 be
8 reaffirmed in lieu of Resolution 234.
9

10
11 **HOD ACTION: Resolution 234 is referred.**
12

13
14 RESOLVED, that our American Medical Association reaffirm that physician payment
15 reform should prioritize the sustainability of the entire physician workforce and the
16 protection of patient access to care (New Hod Policy); and be it further
17

18 RESOLVED, that our AMA adopt policy stating that physicians and physician
19 organizations should refrain from advocating for reductions in reimbursement specifically
20 targeted at other physician specialties or physician groups (Directive to Take Action); and
21 be it further
22

23 RESOLVED, that our AMA encourage physician organizations to pursue payment reform
24 through approaches that improve overall fairness, adequacy, and stability of physician
25 reimbursement rather than redistribution among physician specialties (Directive to Take
26 Action); and be it further
27

28 RESOLVED, that our AMA affirm that physicians should advocate collectively against
29 reimbursement cuts affecting any group of physicians and support efforts to protect the
30 financial sustainability of all physician practices in order to preserve patient access to care.
31 (New HOD Policy)
32

33 Your Reference Committee heard mixed testimony for Resolution 234. Your Reference
34 Committee heard testimony in favor of adopting the resolution, opposing the resolution
35 altogether, amending the resolution, and reaffirming existing policy.
36

37 Testimony noted that our AMA has a robust body of Medicare payment policy, is engaged
38 in ongoing, [extensive advocacy](#) on Medicare payment issues, and is a leader on Medicare
39 [payment reform](#). Our AMA is already working to unite physicians and bring the House of
40 Delegates together. For example, our AMA's principles for Medicare reform,
41 [Characteristics of a Rational Medicare Payment System](#), have been endorsed by over 70
42 national medical specialty societies and medical organizations and all 50 state medical
43 associations and the District of Columbia. Additionally, [H.R. 8163](#), the "Provider
44 Reimbursement Stability Act" just unanimously passed a significant Ways and Means
45 markup this month. This important piece of legislation garnered [widespread support](#) within
46 the House of Medicine and is a prominent example of the importance of ensuring that our
47 AMA policy benefits the whole House. Though your Reference Committee understands
48 that there are gaps in payment between specialties it also acknowledges the significant
49 and ongoing work within our AMA to minimize payment gaps and to work across all states

1 and specialties to ensure that all physicians can thrive. Your Reference Committee notes
2 the significant importance of ensuring that our AMA policy supports the whole House of
3 Medicine and allows our AMA to continue to be an important and neutral convener on this
4 topic.

5
6 Given our AMA's unique, central role in ongoing conversations within the House of
7 Medicine regarding Medicare payment reform, your Reference Committee recommends
8 that existing AMA policies D-400.982, H-400.972, and H-390.849 be reaffirmed in lieu of
9 Resolution 234.

10 [AMA Efforts on Medicare Payment Reform D-400.982](#)

- 11
- 12
- 13 1. Our American Medical Association will increase media awareness
- 14 around the 2024 AMA Annual meeting about the need
- 15 for Medicare Payment Reform, eliminating budget neutrality
- 16 reductions, and instituting annual cost of living increases.
- 17 2. Our AMA will step up its public relations campaign to get more buy-
- 18 in from the general public about the need
- 19 for Medicare payment reform.
- 20 3. Our AMA will increase awareness to all physicians about
- 21 the efforts of our AMA on Medicare Payment Reform.
- 22 4. Our AMA will advocate for abolition of all MIPS penalties in light of
- 23 the current inadequacies of Medicare payments.
- 24

25 [Physician Payment Reform H-400.972](#)

- 26
- 27 1. It is the policy of our American Medical Association to take all
- 28 necessary legal, legislative, and other action to redress the
- 29 inequities in the implementation of the RBRVS, including, but not
- 30 limited to:
 - 31 a. Reduction of allowances for new physicians.
 - 32 b. The non-payment of EKG interpretations.
 - 33 c. Defects in the Geographic Practice Cost Indices and area
 - 34 designations.
 - 35 d. Inappropriate Resource-Based Relative Value Units.
 - 36 e. The deteriorating economic condition of physicians'
 - 37 practices disproportionately affected by the
 - 38 Medicare payment system.
 - 39 f. The need for restoration of the RBRVS conversion factor to
 - 40 levels consistent with the statutory requirement for budget
 - 41 neutrality.
 - 42 g. The inadequacy of payment for services of assistant
 - 43 surgeons.
 - 44 h. The loss of surgical-tray benefit for many outpatient
 - 45 procedures (Reaffirmed by Rules & Credentials Cmt., A-96);
- 46 2. Seek an evaluation of:
 - 47 a. Stress factors (i.e., intensity values) as they affect the
 - 48 calculation of the Medicare Payment Schedule, seeking
 - 49 appropriate, reasonable, and equitable adjustments.

- 1 b. Descriptors (i.e., vignettes) and other examples of services
2 used to determine RBRVS values and payment levels and
3 to seek adjustments so that the resulting values
4 and payment levels appropriately pertain to the elderly and
5 often infirm patients.
- 6 3. Evaluate the use of the RBRVS on the calculation of the work
7 component of the Medicare Payment Schedule and to ascertain
8 that the concept for the work component continues to be an
9 appropriate part of a resource-based relative value system.
- 10 4. Seek to assure that all modifiers, including global descriptors, are
11 well publicized and include adequate descriptors.
- 12 5. Seek the establishment of a reasonable and consistent
13 interpretation of global fees, dealing specifically with preoperative
14 office visits, concomitant office procedures, and/or future
15 procedures.
- 16 6. Seek from CMS and/or Congress an additional comment period
17 beginning in the Fall of 1992.
- 18 7. Seek the elimination of regulations directing patients to points of
19 service.
- 20 8. Support further study of refinements in the practice cost component
21 of the RBRVS to ensure better reflection of both absolute and
22 relative costs associated with individual
23 services, physician practices, and medical specialties, considering
24 such issues as data adequacy, equity, and the degree of disruption
25 likely to be associated with any policy change.
- 26 9. Take steps to assure that relative value units in the
27 Medicare payment schedule, such as nursing home visits, are
28 adjusted to account for increased resources needed to deliver care
29 and comply with federal and state regulatory programs that
30 disproportionately affect these services and that the Medicare
31 conversion factor be adjusted and updated to reflect these
32 increased overall costs.
- 33 10. Support the concepts of HR 4393 (the Medicare Geographic Data
34 Accuracy Act of 1992), S 2680 (the Medicare Geographic Data
35 Accuracy Act of 1992), and S 2683 (Medicare Geographic Data
36 Accuracy Act) for improving the accuracy of the Medicare
37 geographic practice costs indices (GPCIs) and work with CMS and
38 the Congress to assure that GPCIs are updated in as timely a
39 manner as feasible and reflect actual physician costs, including
40 gross receipt taxes.
- 41 11. Request that CMS refine relative values for particular services on
42 the basis of valid and reliable data and that CMS rely upon the work
43 of the AMA/Specialty Society RVS Updating Committee (RUC) for
44 assignment of relative work values to new or revised CPT codes
45 and any other tasks for which the RUC can provide credible
46 recommendations.
- 47 12. Pursue aggressively recognition and CMS adoption for
48 Medicare payment schedule conversion factor updates of an index
49 providing the best assurance of increases in the monetary
50 conversion factor reflective of changes in physician practice costs,

1 and to this end, to consider seriously the development of a
2 "shadow" Medicare Economic Index.

- 3 13. Continue to implement and refine the Payment Reform Education
4 Project to provide member physicians with accurate and timely
5 information on developments in
6 Medicare physician payment reform.
7 14. Take steps to assure all relative value units contained in the
8 Medicare Fee Schedule are adjusted as needed to comply with
9 ever-increasing federal and state regulatory requirements.

10
11 [Physician Payment Reform H-390.849](#)
12

- 13 1. Our American Medical Association will advocate for the
14 development and adoption of physician payment reforms that
15 adhere to the following principles:
16 a. Promote improved patient access to high-quality, cost-
17 effective care.
18 b. Be designed with input from the physician community.
19 c. Ensure that physicians have an appropriate level of
20 decision-making authority over bonus or shared-savings
21 distributions.
22 d. Not require budget neutrality within Medicare Part B.
23 e. Be based on payment rates that are sufficient to cover the
24 full cost of sustainable medical practice.
25 f. Ensure reasonable implementation timeframes, with
26 adequate support available to assist physicians with the
27 implementation process.
28 g. Make participation options available for varying practice
29 sizes, patient mixes, specialties, and locales.
30 h. Use adequate risk adjustment methodologies.
31 i. Incorporate incentives large enough to merit additional
32 investments by physicians.
33 j. Provide patients with information and incentives to
34 encourage appropriate utilization of medical care, including
35 the use of preventive services and self-management
36 protocols.
37 k. Provide a mechanism to ensure that budget baselines are
38 reevaluated at regular intervals and are reflective of trends
39 in service utilization.
40 l. Attribution processes should emphasize voluntary
41 agreements between patients and physicians, minimize the
42 use of algorithms or formulas, provide attribution information
43 to physicians in a timely manner, and include formal
44 mechanisms to allow physicians to verify and correct
45 attribution data as necessary.
46 m. Include ongoing evaluation processes to monitor the
47 success of the reforms in achieving the goals of improving
48 patient care and increasing the value of health care
49 services.

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2. Our AMA opposes bundling of payments in ways that limit medically necessary care, including institutional post-acute care, or otherwise interfere with a physician's ability to provide high quality care to patients.
3. Our AMA supports payment methodologies that redistribute Medicare payments among providers based on outcomes (including functional improvements, if appropriate), quality and risk-adjustment measures only if measures are scientifically valid, reliable, and consistent with national medical specialty society-developed clinical guidelines/standards.
4. Our AMA will continue to monitor health care delivery and physician payment reform activities and provide resources to help physicians understand and participate in these initiatives.
5. Our AMA supports the development of a public-private partnership for the purpose of validating statistical models used for risk adjustment.

RECOMMENDED FOR FILING

(62) BOARD OF TRUSTEES REPORT 37 - AMA POLICIES
ON GENDER AFFIRMING CARE

RECOMMENDATION:

Your Reference Committee recommends that Board of Trustees Report 37 be filed.

HOD ACTION: Board of Trustees Report 37 is filed.

Your Reference Committee heard substantial testimony regarding Board of Trustees Report 37 and the events that prompted its development. Many commenters expressed concern regarding our AMA's prior public statement on gender affirming care and its consistency with existing AMA policy. At the same time, your Reference Committee heard appreciation for the Board of Trustees' willingness to acknowledge those concerns, provide additional clarification regarding AMA policy, and engage in a transparent discussion with the House of Delegates.

Your Reference Committee appreciates the Board's efforts to summarize our AMA policies that form the foundation of our AMA's position on gender affirming care and to clarify that the prior statement was not intended to alter existing AMA policy. Your Reference Committee also notes the Board's testimony indicating its intent to revise the report, by deletion and addition, on page 3, lines 30-31, and appreciates the Board's responsiveness to concerns raised during testimony regarding that characterization.

Your Reference Committee further heard testimony expressing a desire for continued communication from the Board regarding this matter, including the processes that will be used to ensure future public statements accurately reflect existing AMA policy and receive appropriate expert review prior to release. Given the importance of these issues to physicians and patients, your Reference Committee encourages the Board of Trustees to continue providing updates to the House of Delegates regarding its ongoing work in this area and any further efforts to communicate AMA policy on gender affirming care. Your Reference Committee thanks the Board of Trustees for this informational report and recommends that Board of Trustees Report 37 be adopted as amended.

Your Reference Committee, in concurrence with of the Board of Trustees, notes that the report has been corrected, on page 3, lines 30 through 31, by striking "According to" and all that follows through "the consensus" and inserting "The consensus". Therefore, your Reference Committee, in accordance with the Board of Trustees, recommends that Board of Trustees Report 37 be filed.

This concludes the report of Reference Committee B. I would like to thank Elie Azrak, MD, Karl Napekoski, MD, Chris Paprzycki, MD, Sherif Zaafran, MD, Anne Langguth, MD, Matthew Jared, MD, and all those who testified before the Committee.

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