AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Resolution:  904
(I-19)

Introduced by:  Medical Student Section

Subject:  Amendment to AMA Policy H-150.949, “Healthy Food Options in Hospitals”

Referred to:  Reference Committee K
(__________, Chair)

Whereas, Medical care facilities include hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, intermediate care facilities, and correctional treatment facilities such as prisons; and

Whereas, Current AMA policy H-150.949 encourages healthy, plant-based options to be provided within hospitals, but does not explicitly encourage the same of other medical care facilities; and

Whereas, There is a lack of consistency in food safety and option regulations among prisons at the local and state level; and

Whereas, Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services regulations require nursing facilities to provide a “nourishing, palatable, well-balanced diet that meets ... daily nutritional and special dietary needs”, but does not explicitly address plant-based diets; and

Whereas, A study found 65% of nursing home residents expressed complaints about their food service and the presence of complaints was related to poor food intake; and

Whereas, Plant-based diets have been shown to improve health in all people, not just hospitalized patients; and

Whereas, Plant-based options also have the potential to be cheaper than alternatives depending on the decisions made by individual facilities regarding costs for purchase, storage and preparation; therefore be it

RESOLVED, That our AMA encourage the availability of healthy, plant-based options at medical care facilities by amending AMA Policy H-150.949, “Healthy Food Options in Hospitals,” by addition and deletion to read as follows:

**Healthy Food Options in Hospitals Medical Care Facilities, H-150.949**

1. Our AMA encourages healthy food options be available, at reasonable prices and easily accessible, on hospital the premises of Medical Care Facilities.

2. Our AMA hereby calls on US hospitals all Medical Care Facilities and Correctional Facilities to improve the health of patients, staff, and visitors by: (a) providing a variety of healthy food, including plant-based meals, and meals that are low in fat, sodium, and added sugars; (b) eliminating processed meats from menus; and (c) providing and promoting healthy beverages.

3. Our AMA hereby calls for hospital Medical Care Facility cafeterias and inpatient meal menus to publish nutrition information. (Modify Current HOD Policy)
Fiscal Note:

Received: 08/28/19

References:

RELEVANT AMA POLICY:

Dietary Intake of Incarcerated Populations D-430.995
Our AMA: 1) urges the National Commission on Correctional Health Care, the American Correctional Association, and individual states to mandate adherence to the current Dietary Reference Intakes and Dietary Guidelines for Americans (with adjustments, as needed, for special populations) as a criterion for accreditation and/or standards compliance, until national dietary guidelines specific for adolescent and adult incarcerated populations becomes available; and 2) urges the Food and Nutrition Board of the Institute of Medicine to examine the nutrient status and dietary requirements of incarcerated populations and issue guidelines on menu planning for adolescent and adult incarcerated populations.
Citation: (CSAPH Rep. 4, A-11)

Nutrition Labeling and Nutritionally Improved Menu Offerings in Fast-Food and Other Chain Restaurants H-150.945
Our AMA:
1. supports federal, state, and local policies to require fast-food and other chain restaurants with 10 or more units (smaller, neighborhood restaurants could be exempt) to provide consumers with nutrition information on menus and menu boards;
2. recommends that nutrition information in fast-food and other chain restaurants include calorie, fat, saturated fat and trans fat, and sodium labeling on printed menus, and, at a minimum,
calories on menu boards, since they have limited space, and that all nutrition information be conspicuous and easily legible;  
3. urges federal, state, and local health agencies, health organizations, and physicians and other health professionals to educate people how to use the nutrition information provided in restaurants to make healthier food choices for themselves and their families; and  
4. urges restaurants to improve the nutritional quality of their menu offerings—for example, by reducing caloric content; offering smaller portions; offering more fruits, vegetables, and whole-grain items; using less sodium; using cooking fats lower in saturated and trans fats; and using less added sugars/sweeteners.

Citation: Res. 419, A-07; Reaffirmed in lieu of Res. 413, A-09, Res. 416, A-09 and Res. 418, A-09; Reaffirmed: CSAPH Rep. 01, A-19

H-150.944 Increasing Healthy Food Options in School Lunches for Elementary and Middle School Students
Our AMA supports efforts to: (1) reduce health disparities by basing food assistance programs on the health needs of their constituents; (2) provide vegetables, fruits, legumes, grains, vegetarian foods, and healthful dairy and nondairy beverages in school lunches and food assistance programs; and (3) ensure that federal subsidies encourage the consumption of foods and beverages low in fat, added sugars, and cholesterol.

Citation: Res. 413, A-07; Reaffirmation A-12; Reaffirmation A-13; Modified: CSAPH Rep. 03, A-17

H-150.949 Health Food Options in Hospitals
1. Our AMA encourages healthy food options be available, at reasonable prices and easily accessible, on hospital premises.
2. Our AMA hereby calls on US hospitals to improve the health of patients, staff, and visitors by: (a) providing a variety of healthy food, including plant-based meals, and meals that are low in fat, sodium, and added sugars; (b) eliminating processed meats from menus; and (c) providing and promoting healthy beverages.
3. Our AMA hereby calls for hospital cafeterias and inpatient meal menus to publish nutrition information.

Citation: Res. 410, A-04; Reaffirmed: CSAPH Rep. 1, A-14; Appended: Res. 406, A-17; Modified: Res. 425, A-18