## AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Resolution: 2 (I-18)

Introduced by: International Medical Graduates Section IMG Section Member Representation on Committees/Task forces/Councils Subject: and ECFMG Board Formatted: Strikethrough Referred to: Reference Committee \_, Chair) Whereas, The American Medical Association (AMA) has a very good, long-standing relationship 2 with the Educational Commission for Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG); and 3 4 Whereas, The AMA has a dedicated section for international medical graduates, the AMA-IMG 5 Section; and 6 Whereas, the AMA has the ability to appoint regularly one representative to the ECFMG Board 7 of Trustees; and 8 9 Whereas, The ECFMG mission is to promote quality health care for the public by certifying 10 international medical graduates for entry into U.S. graduate medical education, and by 11 participating in the evaluation and certification of other physicians and health care professionals 12 nationally and internationally; and 13 14 15 Whereas, IMGs are the main reason of existence of the ECFMG and represent 26% of the 16 physician workforce in the U.S.; and 17 Whereas, IMGs are best suited to understand and decipher IMG issues; therefore, be it 18 19 20 RESOLVED. That the American Medical Association ask the Educational Commission on 21 Foreign Medical Graduates (ECFMG) to increase the number of IMGs proportionate to the percentage of IMGs serving in the U.S. on their Board of Trustees, every councils, committees, 22 Formatted: Strikethrough 23 and/or task forces.

### References:

https://www.ecfmg.org/about/leadership.html

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### RELEVANT AMA POLICY

#### AMA Principles on International Medical Graduates H-255.988

## Our AMA supports:

- 1. Current U.S. visa and immigration requirements applicable to foreign national physicians who are graduates of medical schools other than those in the United States and Canada.
- 2. Current regulations governing the issuance of exchange visitor visas to foreign national IMGs, including the requirements for successful completion of the USMLE.
- 3. The AMA reaffirms its policy that the U.S. and Canada medical schools be accredited by a nongovernmental accrediting body.
- 4. Cooperation in the collection and analysis of information on medical schools in nations other than the U.S. and Canada.
- 5. Continued cooperation with the ECFMG and other appropriate organizations to disseminate information to prospective and current students in foreign medical schools. An AMA member, who is an IMG, should be appointed regularly as one of the AMA's representatives to the ECFMG Board of Trustees.
- 6. Working with the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education (ACGME) and the Federation of State Medical Boards (FSMB) to assure that institutions offering accredited residencies, residency program directors, and U.S. licensing authorities do not deviate from established standards when evaluating graduates of foreign medical schools.
- 7. In cooperation with the ACGME and the FSMB, supports only those modifications in established graduate medical education or licensing standards designed to enhance the quality of medical education and patient care.
- 8. The AMA continues to support the activities of the ECFMG related to verification of education credentials and testing of IMGs.
- 9. That special consideration be given to the limited number of IMGs who are refugees from foreign governments that refuse to provide pertinent information usually required to establish eligibility for residency training or licensure.
- 10. That accreditation standards enhance the quality of patient care and medical education and not be used for purposes of regulating physician manpower.
- 11. That AMA representatives to the ACGME, residency review committees and to the ECFMG should support AMA policy opposing discrimination. Medical school admissions officers and directors of residency programs should select applicants on the basis of merit, without considering status as an IMG or an ethnic name as a negative factor.

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- 12. The requirement that all medical school graduates complete at least one year of graduate medical education in an accredited U.S. program in order to qualify for full and unrestricted licensure.
- 13. Publicizing existing policy concerning the granting of staff and clinical privileges in hospitals and other health facilities.
- 14. The participation of all physicians, including graduates of foreign as well as U.S. and Canadian medical schools, in organized medicine. The AMA offers encouragement and assistance to state, county, and specialty medical societies in fostering greater membership among IMGs and their participation in leadership positions at all levels of organized medicine, including AMA committees and councils and state boards of medicine, by providing guidelines and non-financial incentives, such as recognition for outstanding achievements by either individuals or organizations in promoting leadership among IMGs.
- 15. Support studying the feasibility of conducting peer-to-peer membership recruitment efforts aimed at IMGs who are not AMA members.
- 16. AMA membership outreach to IMGs, to include a) using its existing publications to highlight policies and activities of interest to IMGs, stressing the common concerns of all physicians; b) publicizing its many relevant resources to all physicians, especially to nonmember IMGs; c) identifying and publicizing AMA resources to respond to inquiries from IMGs; and d) expansion of its efforts to prepare and disseminate information about requirements for admission to accredited residency programs, the availability of positions, and the problems of becoming licensed and entering full and unrestricted medical practice in the U.S. that face IMGs. This information should be addressed to college students, high school and college advisors, and students in foreign medical schools.
- 17. Recognition of the common aims and goals of all physicians, particularly those practicing in the U.S., and support for including all physicians who are permanent residents of the U.S. in the mainstream of American medicine.
- 18. Its leadership role to promote the international exchange of medical knowledge as well as cultural understanding between the U.S. and other nations.
- 19. Institutions that sponsor exchange visitor programs in medical education, clinical medicine and public health to tailor programs for the individual visiting scholar that will meet the needs of the scholar, the institution, and the nation to which he will return.
- 20. Informing foreign national IMGs that the availability of training and practice opportunities in the U.S. is limited by the availability of fiscal and human resources to maintain the quality of medical education and patient care in the U.S., and that those IMGs who plan to return to their country of origin have the opportunity to obtain GME in the United States.
- 21. U.S. medical schools offering admission with advanced standing, within the capabilities determined by each institution, to international medical students who satisfy the requirements of the institution for matriculation.
- 22. The Federation of State Medical Boards, its member boards, and the ECFMG in their willingness to adjust their administrative procedures in processing IMG applications so that

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original documents do not have to be recertified in home countries when physicians apply for licenses in a second state.

(BOT Rep. Z, A-86 Reaffirmed: Res. 312, I-93 Modified: CME Rep. 2, A-03 Reaffirmation I-11 Reaffirmed: CME Rep. 1, I-13 Modified: BOT Rep. 25, A-15 Modified: CME Rep. 01, A-16 Appended: Res. 304, A-17 Modified: CME Rep. 01, I-17)

# Visa Complications for IMGs in GME D-255.991

- 1. Our AMA will: (A) work with the ECFMG to minimize delays in the visa process for International Medical Graduates applying for visas to enter the US for postgraduate medical training and/or medical practice; (B) promote regular communication between the Department of Homeland Security and AMA IMG representatives to address and discuss existing and evolving issues related to the immigration and registration process required for International Medical Graduates; and (C) work through the appropriate channels to assist residency program directors, as a group or individually, to establish effective contacts with the State Department and the Department of Homeland Security, in order to prioritize and expedite the necessary procedures for qualified residency applicants to reduce the uncertainty associated with considering a non-citizen or permanent resident IMG for a residency position.
- 2. Our AMA International Medical Graduates Section will continue to monitor any H-1B visa denials as they relate to IMGs? inability to complete accredited GME programs.
- Our AMA will study, in collaboration with the Educational Commission on Foreign Medical Graduates and the Accreditation Council for Graduate Medical Education, the frequency of such J-1 Visa reentry denials and its impact on patient care and residency training.
- 4. Our AMA will, in collaboration with other stakeholders, advocate for unfettered travel for IMGs for the duration of their legal stay in the US in order to complete their residency or fellowship training to prevent disruption of patient care.

(Res. 844, I-03 Reaffirmation A-09 Reaffirmation I-10 Appended: CME Rep. 10, A-11 Appended: Res. 323, A-12)